On the Passage of the Stewart Free Coinage Bill

IS ATTRACTING GREAT ATTENTION.

The Anti-Silver Democrats Make Combine

WITH THE REPUBLICANS OF THE HOUSE

To Defeat the Bill by Voting to Defeat the Report of the Committee on Rules—The Atlanta Postoffice.

Washington, July 12 .- (Special.)-Consmen are awaiting the opening of the diver fight in the house tomorrow with as much eagerness and anxiety as frequenters of the race course await the drop of the flag in a great race.

Tonight nothing else is being discussed. The anti-silver men are apparently very

arring Courage to Resist. When the committee on rules first decided that the bill should not be delayed by filibustering, but should have a fair showing, they were annoyed. Since then, however, they have been earnestly working, and have brought influence from every part of the country to bear upon the weak-kneed members. It can no longer be doubted that these influences have been effective, and that the anti-silver men are in the better position of the two factions.

This afternoon, Tom Reed and Burrows, the republican leaders, announced that the republicans would vote with the antifree coinage democrats tomorrow morning against the adoption of the resolution reported from the committee on rules, viding for the consideration of the bill. With the republicans, the anti-free coinage democrats claim that they have a clear majoriy of at least ten, and pehaps more, and that they will defeat the resolution. Eight men who voted for free coinage when the question was before the house several months ago, it is said, will vote against the resolution this time. Six of these eight- are from southern states, and it will be these men who will give the antis their majority, if they have such. While it might be claimed otherwise, a vote against the resolution from the committee on rules is a vote against free colnage, for the defeat of the resolution will mean the defeat of the bill. Mr. Pierce, of Tennessee, who has taken rank over Mr. Bland as the free coinage leader of the house, has but little hope. He says it was unfortunate for the silver men that the senate should have passed such a loosely drawn bill as the Stewart bill. Its provisions necessitate amendments by the house, and he thinks the belief on the part of many members that it cannot become a law, makes them think it best simply to allow it to be killed in the

They Will All Be Present.

Mr. Pierce, however, says all the silver men will be here tomorrow, and that they will fight at every point. He is very much disgusted with some members who were him for free coinage several months and will vote against it. But for that, he says, the bill could be amended and passed by the house, whether it ever got to the now, the chances seem to be that free coin-age will be defeated in the house tomorrow. The change of front on the part of the southern democrats, who have been free Senator Colquitt's Work.

The senate today accepted Senator Colquitt's amendment to the sundry civil bill, appropriating \$7,000 for the interior improvement of the Atlanta postoffice building. The senate has added several millions house, and when it comes back, of course, ouse will attempt to cut it down to the original figures. In that way the Atlanta part might be lost, but Colonel Livingston and the other Georgia members vill endeavor to have it retained.

the senate today in favor of closing the world's fair on Sundays. He was very earnest in his argument and was applauded several times by those senators who were

eral passenger agent of the Richmond and Danville, left today for London, where he will represent the Pennsylvania railroad as general foreign passenger agent. Colonel Taylor's salary will be \$8,000, and he will be in entire charge of the passenger business of the great road in Europe.

If the silver bill is voted down tomorrow.

as every one expects it will be, congress will adjourn within two weeks. All the appropriation bills, except the sundry civil, can be disposed of this week.

The world's fair appropriation in the sundry civil will be hotly contested, but the house is in no humor this hot weather to allow that to delay adjournment.

E. W. B.

It Is at the Foot of the Calendar-Yester

day's Pro esedings.

Washington, July 12.—People interested in the anti-option bill were perplexed at the manner in which that measure figured in the day's proceedings of the senate. To the chagrin of the opponents of the bill, it was, on motion of Mr. Washburn, taken up and thereby made unfinished business by the decistive vote of yeas, 33; nays, 15. Thus it displaced the silk culture bill, which had no active friends, and was in such a position that the president, of the senate must have it laid before the body at 2 o'clock every day until it was voted upon or displaced in turn by some measure which could command a larger support. But this advantageous position was lost almost immediately, through the intervention of an appropriation bill and the antioption bill is now again at the foot of the calmadar, and it can be taken up only by another thirmative vote. It happened that Mr. Washman had an understanding with Senator Alison that when the anti-options bill was once veter the senate as unfinished business, he could causent that the nundry civil appropriation bill should be taken up, but the former like was 10 retain its blace and

of a motion.

Mr. Washburn could not afford to antagonize an appropriation bill, so his own bill was
sidetracked. He is well content with the resuit of the skirmish, however, as it exhibits
such strength for the bill that it can be taken

call the bill up again probably within a rew days.

On the other hand the opponents of the bill say that a number of senators voted for a consideration today who are not at all satisfied with the bill as it came from the house, and will insist on the adoption of the amendments at all hasards. Such amendments would of course, jeopardise the bill, as it would be necessary to return it to the house.

There is a disposition on the part of the opponents of the bill to debate the measure at great length and it may be set down as probable that much of the time of the senate from now on to the end of the present session will be consumed.

THE DEATH NOTICE

Was Posted on Mr. Astor's Door but Wa Taken Down.

New York, July 12.—Notice of the death of W. W. Astor remained posted on the door of the office of the Astor estate until late this afternoon, notwithstanding the publication of the Associated Press dispatches announcing that the report was untrue. Manager Baldwin, of the Astor estate, received a cablegram from London yesterday signed by the London agent of the estate announcing the death of Mr. Astor and requesting that the usual death notices be sent the newspapers and the sexton of Trinity church be instructed to prepare for the funeral. Death notices were sent to all the newspapers, as requested, but in the meantime an inquiry by the London office of the Associated Press showed the announcement to be incorrect.

the Associated Press showed the announcement to be incorrect.

Manager Buldwin, however, was inclined to believe the n-tice in due official form, must be true and he waited until advices came from M: Astor's family in London before taking down the death notice from the door. It cannot be learned who sent the false report for witch there was no better foundation than that Mr. Astor had contracted an ordinary cold.

CLEVELAND ON THE FORCE BILL. He Replies to Resolutions Passed by the Middlesboro, Ky., July 12.—The following autograph letter from Grover Cleveland, is in reply to the resolutions passed by the Cleveland-Stevenson Club of this

place:
Gray Gables, Buzzards Bay, Mass., July 7.
J. W. Cambbell.—My Dear Sir: I desire to thank you for sending me a copy of the resolutions adopted by the democracy of Middlesboro, and do assure you that the kind allusions to me therein are fully appreciated. I do not wonder that those adopting these resolution speak of the force bill as the horror of republicanism. Such doctrines as it embodies are a direct attack upon the theory of our government, and while such measures especially menace the welfare and prosperity of the south, it must be condemned and demounced by all those everywhere who love their conutry and have the least claim to be numbered among those who believe in the principles of true democracy. Very truly yours,

A LARGE HALL WANTED

For the Purpose of Notifying Cleveland and

Stevenson of Their Nomination.

New York, July 12.—The committee of 100, appointed by Mayor Grant, William C. Whitney and John Agnew, to arrange for the reception of the committee appointed by the national democratic convention to notify Grover Cleveland and A. E. Stevenson of their nominations, met today in the city hall, Mayor Grant presiding as temporary chairman. Samuel D. Babcock was elected permanent chairman, and David B. Hill secretary.

William C. Whitney said it had been decided that the notification should be made in some public place, where the people could be present. The subcommittee of the notification committee would be in this city tomorrow, and he moved that a committee of three, consisting of Mayor Grant, Samuel D. Babcock and David McClure, be appointed to meet this subcommittee in the mayor's office at 11 o'clock tomorrow, and make arrangements for the securing of a subdistrance.

notified.

On motion of Mayor Grant, ex-Secretary Whitney was made a member of the committee. W. B. Cockran suggested that Coney island would be a fitting place for the reception of the committee. Mr. Babcock said that it would be considered by the committee.

LOSSES AT ST. JOHNS

Estimated to Be About Fifteen Million Dollars, St. Johns, N. F., July 12.—Every lawyer's office, doctor's residence and office and the Protestant clergyman's residence was burned and every daily newspaper and every printing office destroyed and there is no type, paper or ink remaining in the city for a single poster. Several houseless persons have died since the fire in consequence of fright and exposure.

Clarkson Will Be Re-Elected.

New York, July 12.—The election of chairman of the republican national committee, which takes place at a meeting of the national executive committee on Saturday next has been the main topic of discussion among every one interested in politics during the few days past. Tonight matters had shaped themselves in such a manner'as to lead to the conclusion that when the executive committee meets they will proceed to re-elect T. S. Clarkson to the position held by him in the last present the only member of the committee who is thought to have all qualifications necessary for the important position. Congressman Burleigh was seen tonight and admitted that the selection of Clarkson was a possibility.

Selection of Clarkson was a possibility.

Cyrus Field Dead.

New York, July 12.—Cyrus W. Field died at 9:30 o'clock this morning.

(Mr. Field was born in Massachusetts in 1319. When about thirty-five years of age he took up the study of ocean telegraphy and he has been identified with the laying of nearly every submarine cable of any importance. He took a leading part in laying the cable in the Atlantic between this country and Europe. Several medals have been given him in recognition of his services. He was connected with several great business enterprises in New York and was at the head of several of them.)

PALMER'S OBESTIONS

Answered by the Director of the United States Mint.

AMOUNT OF SILVER BULLION ON HAND

The Number of Silver Dollars Now

in Circulation. AND THE NUMBER IN THE TREASURY,

Mr. Morgan Objects to the Printing the Report in The Record-A Debate Narrowly Averted.

Washington, July 12.—Mr. Palmer sent to the clerk's desk and had read a communication received by him from the director of the mint in response to questions submitted by him. The questions and inswers were to the following effect:

A-\$56,779,484. Q-What number of standard dollars are now in the treasury?
A-\$357,189,251.

Q-What number of standard silver dol-

Q—What number of troy ounces or avoirdupois pounds of silver bullion, pur-chased with "silver or coin certificates," is now in the treasury?

A-78,933,000 troy ounces of fine silver, or 5,412,548 avoirdupois pounds.

Q-What length of time, would it require with the present mint facilities to coin all the silver bullion in the treasury into standard silver dollars?

A-Nearly two and a half years, doing no other coinage. Q—What number of standard silver dollars, at the present legal rate, would the silver bullion in the treasury (purchased with silver or coin certificates) produce if

A-\$102,055,000. Mr. Morgan Objects

Mr. Morgan objected to the printing of he correspondence in The Record. It was, he said, an argument on the silver question nois and the secretary of the treasury-an mfair argument, and he did not wish it to go to the country without being accompanied

After further remarks, Mr. Allfson objected to the discussion, and the matter

Mr. Sherman offered a resolution calling secretary of the treasury for a state ment of several shipments of rum from Boston to Africa—with the names of the consignors during the fiscal year ending

June 30, 1892.

Objection was made by Messrs. Chandler and Hawley to the confining of the inquiry to Boston, and the resolution was changed so as to apply to all ports of the United States, and, so modified, was agreed to.

Mr. Dolph, from the committee on foreign relations, reported a bill amendatory of the last Chinese exclusion act, the amendment being to strike out the the amendment being to strike out the words "one credible white witness," and to insert in lieu thereof the words "one credible witness, not a Chinese person or a person of Chinese descent."

Mr. Palmer protested against the proposed amendment as contrary to the spirit of the age. The original bill, he said, was barbarious in itself; but the proposed amendment was adding to its barbarism. Mr. Allison, seeing that the bill was going to lead to a debate, objected to its consideration, and called up the sundry civil appropriation bill, the pending question being the Quay amendment requiring the Columbian exposition, at Chicago, to be closed on Sunday. Debate was temporarily interrupted to allow the procago, to be closed on Sunday. Debate was temporarily interrupted to allow the pre-sentation of the conference report on the District of Columbia bill, and it was agreed

The Anti-Option Bill.

At 2 o'clock the silk-culture bill came up Mr. Washburn moved that the antioption bill should take the place of the
silk-culture bill as "unfinished business." option bill should take the place of the silk-culture bill as "unfinished business." A vote was taken, and resulted: Yeas, 38; nays, 15. Following is the vote in detail: Yeas—Messrs. Allen, Allison, Berry, Blodgett, Carey, Cockrell, Coke, Colquitt, Cullom, Dolph, Felton, Frye, Gallinger, George, Hale, Halnsborough, Jones of Arkansas, Jones of Nevada, Kenna, McMillin, Morgan, Paddock, Pasco, Peffer, Perkins, Pettigrew, Pugh, Ransom, Sherman, Stockbridge, Turple, Walthal and Washburn—33.

Nays—Messrs. Aldrich, Chandler, Daniel, Gibson of Maryland, Gray, Hawley, Hiscock, Platt, Power, Sanders, Sawyer, Stewart, Vilas, White and Wolcott—15.

Afterward Hawley, who was recorded as voting "nay," said that he had voted, or had intended to vote, "yea." So the antioption bill was taken up, and became "unfinished business," to be taken up each day at 2 o'clock. It was, however, immediately laid aside on motion of Mr. Allison, and consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill was proceeded with.

The Quay Sunday closing amendment was discussed until after 5 o'clock. Unanimous consent was then given to have debate tomorrow on the exposition section continne under the five-minute rule.

Several amendments to the exposition section were presented and ordered printed, among them one by Mr. Daniel, prohibiting the payment of dividends on stock before the repayment of government advances.

The Quadro-Centennial Committee.

compromise."

The subject was then laid aside, and various committee amendments of a business character were offered to other portions of the bill, and were agreed to.

obtain arms of any kind is doing so. The sheriff has charge of a posse composed of fifty or seventy-five men armed with shot-guns and revolvers, procured from the va-

Cause of the Trouble. The underlying cause of the uprising is the hanging of Charles Hill, the negro who made an assault upon Lydia Star some weeks ago. They have been secretly obtaining arms for some time and something of this kind was looked for at most any time. The immediate cause of the out-break, as stated by a negro last night, is the arrest of a colored man named Thomas

At 11:30 o'clock the marshal and mayor returned to the jail from a round of the squads of negroes who, when the mayor and marshal promised that no violence should marshal promised that no violence should be done the prisoner in the jail, promised to disperse, and began to do so. The marshal addressed a crowd of white people and told them to go to their homes, as the negroes were dispersing and no violence need now be feared. This the people began to do, and in a few moments the crowd was reduced to the militia and about forty armed citizens.

A White Man Shot Down

A White Man Shot Down.

At exactly 12 o'clock a band of seventy-five negroes suddenly appeared marching down Sixth street, and opened fire upon the men collected at the jail. At the first fire Elmer Edwards, a young man of twenty years of age, fell, shot through the abdomen. He is dying. He was a member of the militia company, and a harness maker by trade. The fire was returned by the militia and armed citizens, and the negroes beat a precipitous retreat. The militia also retreated in disorder back of the courthouse, where they kept up the firing until the negroes had disappeared down the street.

the negroes had disappeared to the street.

It is thought that some of the negroes were wounded, although it is impossible as yet to learn the particulars.

There has been no further bloodshed at Paducah, but more trouble is expected tonight. The governor has not ordered out any troops. Elmer Edwards, the soldier shot last night, died this morning.

FEDERAL TROOPS UNDER ORDERS

To Help Quell the Riots at the Idsho Mines The Governor's Report.

FEDERAL TROOPS UNDER ORDERS

The Governor's Report.

The Governor's Report.

Bolse City, Idaho, July 12.—The following message was sent by Governor Willey to President Harrison last night:

"This morning riot and bloodshed by the miners in Coeur d'Alene district commenced. The mill was blown up by dynamite and many men killed and injured. Inspector General Curtis, I. N. G., informs me that four hundred or five hundred armed men constitute the mob. The legislature is not in seasion and cannot be promptly convened. The civil authorities of the county and state are wholly inadequate to maintain the peace. The inmediate available military force of the Idah. National Guard numbers only 198 men, which is, in my opinion, far too few to successfully cope with the mob. though I will order it at office into the field. In this emergency I deem it mecessary to call for the assistance of federal troops. I, therefore, request that a sufficient force be detailed from Fort Sherman or elsewhere to act in concert with the state authorities in maintaining public order."

The Millita Ordersed Out.

Wallace, Idaho, July 12.—At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon about three hundred miners from Gem. fifty of whom were armed with rifles, marched down to Wallace. They brought with them their prisoners, consisting of about one hundred sau ten mension men and five dead bodies, another dend man James Hennessy, lately of Butte, Mont., being in a house at Gem, shot through the breast. Upon arrival the scabs were turned loose and the union men hegan a search for A. M. Esser, manager of the Fisco mine, against whom the union men have a special grudge.

The terms on which the Gem miners and guards surrendered were that twenty-seven winchesters and a number of revolvers and two thousand rounds of ammunition should be placed in the hands of disinterested parties, two citizens and two conservative union men, and that the scabs should be shipped out of the country tomorrow.

An hour after the agreement about the arms was entered into, the union men gor

The non-union men then surrendered.

The Sheriff's Slim Posse.

Wallace, Idaho, July 12.—The sheriff last night made an effort to collect a posse and go to Wardner on a special train. He served all citizens known to be in active sympathy with the mine owners with summonses to report at 10 o'clock, but when the sheriff started only one citizen reported. Armed bodies of miners went from Wallace all the evening. About 9 o'clock a large crowd proceeded to the Union Pacific yards below town, took a flat car, put it on the main track and started for Wardner. Being all down grade, no trouble was experienced. The mill of the Bunker Hill and Sullivan Company is located on the Union Pacific track two miles from Wardner. The miners took possession of this during the night and sent word up to the mine that unless he "scabs" would surrender before 9 o'clock this morning the mill would be blown up. Large bodies of armed miners went up to Wardner proper and toward the mines to await developments.

Before 9 o'clock this morning all of the Bunker Hill and Sullivan forces walked out of the mine and surrendered. The Sierra Nevada forces also surrendered. Not a shot was fired. What will be done with the non-union men is not yet known. The Frisco and Gem companies began paying their men off today.

Washington, July 12.—Following is the

their men off today.

The Order for Troops.

Washington, July 12.—Following is the president's order to General Schofield, issued in response to an appeal from the governor of Idaho:

Saratoga. N. Y., July 12.—12:30 a. m.—To the Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.: The governor of the state of Idaho has called upon me under section 4 of the constitution for assistance in suppressing a domestic disturbance which the state authorities are unable to control. You will at once send to the scene of disorder an adequate force of troops from the nearess station under an officer of rank and discretion with orders to co-operate with the civil authorities in preserving the peace and protecting life and property. I will reach Washington tonight.

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

And Everything Is Quiet Now Homestead.

CARNEGIES HAVE THEIR MILL AGAIN

A Committee of the Strikers Wait Upon General Snowden

AND PROPOSE A GRAND RECEPTION.

But That Officer Treats Them Very Coldly and Explains What He Is on Hand to Do.

stead, Pa., July 12.—Everybody ex pected the troops would invade today by daybreak, but 7 o'clock, 8 o'clock and o'clock passed without any news from them. At a few minutes past 9 o'clock the cry suddenly went up: "The troops are coming, the troops are coming!" and instantly the greatest excitement prevailed. The militia came in by rail from above the town and at once surrounded the Carnegie They received a few cheers from the surrounding bystanders as the train rolled in, and a most respectful considera-tion was accorded them in every respect. The first detachment of troops numbered at least 3,000 men, and was in the command of General Snowden. They comprised the Second and Third brigades, first division. from Pittsburg are here, and Battery D, of the First brigade, has shown up with two Gatling guns and three field pieces. Por-tions of the Fifth, Tenth and Fifteenth reg-

iments are on the field, and companies A C, E and H, of the Eighteenth regiment are also recognized among the bluecoats.

The troops came from the point of renand it is stated that the First brigade is until further orders.

Immediately on the arrival of the train there was great bustle and excitement, but the militia themselves preserved per-fect order and responded silently and promptly to every order of their superiors.

Taking Charge of the Town.

Rapidly descending from the train the troops formed in a column at the switch yards, just beyond Munhall station. One company was at once detached on picket duty and a line immediately thrown out among the mill yards. Then the main body of troops marched down the streets, headed by the regimental band, and along what is known as "seab hill." This is an eminence overlooking the mills and the scene of last week's hostilities, and its bluff

of hostilities, and although the troops had arrived so suddenly that all the leaders of the strikers were absent, it did not require their presence to maintain proper respect from the rank and file. Once or twice there was a little hand-clapping from the younger element as jaunty militiamen hove in sight, and the band was the object of

The carefully prepared reception, of course, was frustrated by the sudden arrival of the militia, and it was manifest that the officers in command did not desire ception from a people, whose lawlessness they had been summoned to suppress.

In twenty minutes the works were entirely surrounded, and the Carnegie mills were once more in the hands of their owner. All the surrounding streets were street intersection kept the crowd at a respectful distance, and prevented the as-sembling of groups of strikers. It is due sembing of groups of strikers. It is due to the workmen, however, to say that no militiaman was called upon to exercise his authority. The strikers were uniformly good natured and peaceful. The programme

There was much speculation as to whether the troops would occupy the town or merely confine themselves to the mills, but

tion. Immediately after the troops had sur-rounded the works and picket lines had been established, several companies sud-denly formed, at the command of their officers, and marched directly to the heart of the little town of Homestead. One com-pany halted near the strikers' headquarters, another marched to the vicinity of the depot, and a third occupied a slight emi-

epot, and a third occupied a sight emi-eence overlooking and commanding the commercial center of the town.

Homestead was in the hands of the nilitary, and martial law had succeeded the arbitrary reign of the advisory committee. The greatest order was maintained by the

The citizens of Homestead were deeply disappointed that the militia should have deemed it necessary to occupy the whole town instead of merely confining themselves to the mills. But there was not a hoot or cry or a single manifestation of disrespect to show their disappointment. It was complete acquiescence to the power of the state, and, as gracefully as

epted the inevitable.

The Fifteenth, Eighteenth and Sixteenth

your welcome, but I do not need your cooperation. The only way that good citizens can co-operate with us is to go peaceably about their business."

Mr. Coon said: "The citizens wish to
know at what time they may give you a
public reception."

General Snowden replied: "I can accept
no reception, sir; it would be most improper.
I thank you for your courtesy, but a formal welcome is not needed. It would be an
amazing thing if the National Guards of
Pennsylvania wasn't welcome in any part
of Pennsylvania."

Mr. O'Donnell here took up the conversation and began: "On the part of the Amalgamated Association I wish to say that,
after suffering an attack from illegal authority, we are glad to have the legal authority of the state here."

"I do not recognize your association,
sir." General Snowden replied. "I recog-

"I do not recognize your association, sir," General Snowden replied. "I recognize no one but citizens of the city. We have come here to restore law and order, and they are already restored."

"But we wish to submit," Mr. O'Donnell began, when the general cut him short, saying:

"Then, sir, submit to the gentleman be The Sheriff Differed with Him-

Mr. O'Donnell whirled around and sav Sheriff McCleary standing in the group. "I do submit to him," he said. We have never questioned the sheriff's order."

The general smiled rather sarcastically and said: "I am glad to hear it. But you must understand our position. We are here to preserve the peace. We represent the executive arm of the state of Pennsylvania and I have nothing to say to you further than that the sheriff must be obeyed."

"But we have obeyed the sheriff," Mr. O'Donnell said, "haven't we, Mr. McCleary?"

"No, you have not," said the sheriff; "you refused to let my deputies enter the works."

There was some further talk of the sort in which General Snowden took no part, and the conference ended in an awkward silence, which was finelly broken by Mr. O'Donnell, who said: "Well, I believe that we have nothing further to say."

The General Explains Affairs. "I do submit to him," he said. We have

The General Explains Affairs. The general bowed in silence and the committee departed for headquarters where very stormy discussion followed on the ground taken by the authorities. General Snowden said after the commit-

General Snowden said after the committee had left that there was to be no such thing as formally taking possession of the works or the town. "As soon as we came into town we were in possession and law and order were restored. That is all there is of it. I am not going to have any reception or any ceremonies of any sort. The mill property is already in the hands of the Carnegie company. I understand that Mr. Childs is now in the works. But with all that we have nothing to do. We are here to support the sheriff in the execution of his duties, and the presence of troops was enough to settle the whole question. We will be here for several days and will take advantages of the occasion to have the annual inspection."

the advantages of the occasion to have the annual inspection."

"How many troops have you here?"

"Five thousand two hundred and fifty at the present time. We will have some more before night, but we have plenty as it is."

The strikers' guards have been withdrawn from about the mill. Their places are being taken by a provost patrol, which guards all the streets leading to the mill and about it. Representatives of the company, led by Mr. Otis Childs, took possession about 19 o'clock, but so quietly was this done that their presence was not suspected until this afternoon.

No rations had been provided for the solliers and they accordingly were allowed to go into town as they pleased to get their meals. The result was that everybody-

meals. The result was that everybody—
soldiers and strikers—did a great deal too
much drinking. Every saloon was crowded
to its full capacity and everybody was
crowding himself to his fullest capacity.
The result was that more drunken men were
to be seen on the streets than were visible
altogether in the past week.

It appears that the three thousand or
four thousand troops that are now at
Homestead are all that will be ordered directly to the scene of labor troubies. The
remaining three or four thousand of the
National Guard will encamp at Mount
Gretna and various other places, and from
time to time will relieve by detachments
the militia row stationed at Homestead.
In this way the health of the 8,000 troops
will be preserved by half the time being
spent in the mountain atmosphere, much
more salubrious than the air of Homestead.
When it became evident that the soldiers
were drinking patrols were detailed to arrest them, and in a short time nearly all
the militiamen were back in camp. The
evening has closed more quietly than any
one had any right to expect, and while the
streets were still full at 10 o'clock, the
crowd was drifting homeward.

BEFORE THE COMMITTEE

Pittsburg, Pa., July 12.—The congressional committee met here tonight and listened to the testimony of Manager Frick.

sional committee met here tonight and listened to the testimony of Manager Frick.

After giving a history of the events that led up to the disagreemant between the steel company and its workmen, Mr. Frick read his interview given to George M. McCain the day following the Homestead riot, which was admitted as evidence.

Mr. Dates—You stated that after the sheriff failed you employed detectives. Did you appeal to the governor?

Mr. Frick—No, sir. My experience of past years was that the sheriff was powerless. We concluded to employ our own watchmen, put them on our own property and have them stay there to protect it. We hired them and agreed to pay them \$5 per day, and we secured 300 of them. On June 24th we concluded that it would be necessary to protect our own property and employ new men.

Mr. Boatner—Non-union men?

Mr. Frick—We did not care whether they were union or non-union. So, on June 25th we wrote the following letter to the Pinkerton agency in New York:

Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your favor of the 22d. We will need 300 guards for service at our Homestead mills, as a measure of precaution against interference with our plan to start the operation of the works July 6, 1892. The only trouble we anticipate is that an attempt will be made to prevent such of our men with whom, by that time, we may have made satisfactory arrangements, from going to work, and possibly some demonstration of violence on the part of those whose places have been filled, or most likely by an element which usually is attracted by such somes for the purpose of stirring up trouble.

We are not desirous that the men you send shall be armed, unless occasion calls for such a measure later or for the protection of our employes. We will wish these guards to be placed on our property, and there to remain, unless called into other service by the civil authority, to meet an emergency, that is likely to arise. These guards should be assembled at Ashabula. Ohio, not later than t Homestead.

We think absolute secrecy essential in covernent of the men, so that no demons on can be made while they are en repectific arrangements for the movements are and connection with boats will

GLADSTONE WILL WIN

The Tory Majority Has Already Been Extinguished,

MAKING A LIBERAL MINORITY CERTAIN.

Salisbury Will Await a Defeat on Division in the House.

WHEN HE WILL RESIGN HIS PLACE.

And the Queen Will Be Recommended to Bend for Mr. Gladstone to Undertake the Care of Public Affairs.

London, July 12.—Since Lord Salisbury's return from Windsor, the Carlton Club has appeared to have received information that the government will remain in office till in is defeated on a party division.

Salisbury will met parliament with the queen's speech, declaring his policy and inviting an attack on a division following a debate on an amendment to the address. The government will be defeated and the cabinet will resign. Salisbury, thereupon, will recommend to the queen that she send

for Gladstone. Prominent radicals in the National Lib-eral Club are tonight discussing what Gladeral Club are tonight stone ought to do. They favored postpon-ing the home rule bill for a year, and to market of parliament with a labor



sons for adopting this course are, his recognition of the fact that home rule will precipitate a dissolution the first year of parliament, and, second, if home rule is parliament, and second, if home rule is remarked the members can rely upon officients. for two years, and next will give ime to perfect the details of the measure.

Representations to this effect will be made to Gladstone, but it is doubtful if they succeed, as in his private conversation with his colleagues in has never faltered in his intention to expedite him.

ment board. Owing to the defeat of Sir Horace De at Stockton, Rigbys the member for Far-shire, will certainly be solicitor general. Up to midnight the conservatives have returned 214 members of the new house,

liberals, 183; liberal-unionists, 31; anti-Parnellites, 35; Parnellites, 5; labor candithat party only wanted thirty-four in

to extinguish the government majority. to extinguish the government majori.

The Danger in Midlothian.

The libecals will be agreeably surprismorrow if Gladstone's majority in Midlis not reduced by nearly one thousand v. Tonight's report credits Colonel War with getting the bulk of the farmers' h. Colonel Wauchope, whose family has been connected with Midlothian integrides on the ancestral estate.

The Progress of the Voting.

Late reports from Edinburgh say that is spite of the bad weather the Middothias poll was remarkably heavy. The unionist had the advantage of possession of most of the vehicles. Colonel Wauchope made a tour of all the booths to stimulate his supporters. The liberal church party made a strong effort to give Gladstone a lessor on the church disestablishment question. They had no desire to unseat him, but they claim to have reduced his majority by 2,000 as a warning. It is known that a Bankruptcy court in Edinburgh the pol went against Gladstone in the proportion of five to one.

The aggregate of the polling so far is Ministerialists, 1,518,131; opposition, 1,508,237, a popular majority against the control of the control

598,237, a popular majority ministerialists of 80,106 votes

Americus came near having a most disas trous blaze Sunday night. It was just abou

A DETACHED GLACIER

Slides Down Into a Stream Causing Great Havoc—Over a Hundred Lives Lost.

Sicilian Town Destroyed by the Earth-

The lamp was burning low when the negro

Charles Turner Arrested.

Charles Turner Arrested.

Brunswick. Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—
Charles Turner, wanted at Milledgeville for burning Sheriff Ennis's house, was arrested here today, and will be held until the Baldwin officers come for him.

Today a reward of \$25 was offered here for the arrest of L. H. Russell, who torged checks here a week ago. He is six feet tall, dark skin, and eyes sunk deep into his head.

Monroe, Ga., July 12. (Special.)—Quintine Beasley, the old colored woman who was drowned in a spring on Mr. Arch Tanner's place, was said to be way yonder over one hundred years of age. It is supposed she tumbled into the spring while dipping water.

Buy your hammocks at Thornton's. Cro K sets at Thornton's, 27 Whitehall st

down wearing one sock.

SAWDUST MAN.

hose Headquarters Are in Berrien

AS BEEN CAUGHT UP WITH AT LAST

Will Have to Answer for the Dodges to Has Flayed Upon the Unsus-posting Citizens Thereabout.

Batter was brought in from Tifton this between and arraigned before Commissioner L. N. Erwin, of the United States out, on the charge of altering and manuscruring counterfeit coin.

A set of clumsy molds were captured, but money and the evidence on this line appears to be decidedly slim. But witnesses the are up in the court against Salter tell

are up in the court against Salter tell mewhat sensational story, which, while not come up at the present trial, rea interesting state of things in Ber-

been engaged in the old green goods, and has succeeded admirably. In they say down there that the gentle-ought to be rich on the investments a have been placed in his hands by the ling citizens in that part of the countries of Berrien have nent citizens of Berrien have seed of sums ranging from \$100 to Salter would take his victim into fidence, and exhibiting a one-dollar uld say that in that vicinity there r men for whom he was middle can, who would dispose of any quantity at such goods at the rate of 20 per cent. They generally bit and placed their pile in dalter's hands to be replaced with 80 per cent more good money. But "he never came back," or if he did, it was only to say that the such, and he had to detectives were on his track and he had to give up the stuff to keep them off. The publication of some of the names of the vic-tims would be interesting, but unpleasant

Winthrop Coffin, of Boston, president of Macon Consolidated street railway. Macon Consolidated street railway.

Coffin comes prepared to sign the tract between the city and the newly snized and reconstructed railways. Unthis contract the city will be given very chaincreased transportation facilities. The first work to be done after the signing of the contract will be the erection of a power station. This will be done below Sixth street, where a sufficient quantity of land has been purchased for this purpose. President Coffin is accompanied by Mr. H. E. W. Palmer, of Atlanta, under whose rision all the proposed work will be Mr. Palmer said this morning that y were ready to commence work the After the power station attention will be d to the extension and electrical equip-nt of the line to the park. This line ch is now run by mules, will be fitted rely by electricity, and will be ex-

entirely by electricity, and will be exnded from the Desent stopping place to
a new baseball park, a convenience that
ill be much appreciated.

le lines at present traversed by the
twe "hay burner" and going out into
at and south Macon will be fully equipped
the electricity, and, in fact, Macon will
able to boast a street car system unsurind in the south.

able to boast a street car system unsur-special in the south. It has been stated that in all probability are would be some clash between the consolidated and the Macon and Indian arings Electric Company, but it is not at it probable that such will be the case. The wo companies will, in all probability, come to companies will, in all probability.

The Local Political Drift.

The undercurrent of conversation is still an politics. It is now almost certain that one ticket which will be in the field with atrong support will be made up of John T. Boffenillet, A. O. Bacon and Gilbert Davis. There are other candidates in the field who, if they are not persuaded to come down by the supporters of this ticket, will make a strong stand on independent ground and will go into the primaries on an independent platform.

It is not at all certain that Hon. W. A. Huff will be in the race, though he himself has not made any announcement either way. It is stated today that Mr. Coates has about decided to come down.

The Board of Education.

The Board of Education.

The Board of Education.

The annual election of officers of the county card of education was held last night.

The election resulted as follows: Presimit, Mr. R. A. Nisbet; vice president, Mr. D. Tinsley; secretary, Mr. J. H. Hertz; reasurer, Mr. J. W. Burke; superintendent, R. B. M. Zettler; assistant superintendent, Don Q. Abbott.

The apport was a satisfactory one and nowed a total enrollment during the year of 108, which is a decided gain over last year. Of this number 3,407 were white pupils and 701 colored.

Two reports were submitted contrasting the

some time in the Adironack mountains fore returning.

The Teutonia Club will give an elegant entertainment at the hall tonight on Mulberry street. A hop will be the feature of the evening. The hall will be tastefully decorated with tropical plants and flowers and will afford a pleasing feature. The committee on arrangements are Messrs. Harry Miller, Carl Dohn and George Shaw.

Hon. Robert Whitfield was in Macon yesterday afternoon. He does not seem to mourn a whit over the loss of Upson.

ONE DEAD, THE OTHER DYING, L Terrible Tragedy Reported from Floyd

County.

Rome, Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—One of the saddest tragedies that has happened in Floyd county for some time and one which shocks the community was the killing of C. F. Stephens and perhaps the fatal wounding of Frank Wilkerson.

A courier on horseback brought the newsto the city late this afternoon. The report given was meager. One report learned was that while at dinner Stephens and Wilkerson began shooting at each other across the table. Stephens fired five shots, one shot breaking Wilkerson's right arm, and another entering his side near his right nipple. Stephens received a wound in his side and one in the face, the ball lodging below his ear. Instant death ensued.

Another report is that Stephens and Wilkerson were not at the dinner table, but were at Stephens's residence, and each man was wounded twice, Stephens dying and Wilkerson not expected to live.

What caused the trouble nobody seems to know.

Who the Parties Were. Who the Parties Were.

Free Stephens, as he is generally known, is a very wealthy and prominent citizen of Livingston district. He runs a large store and lives in a beautiful home. He married Miss Jessie Burnett a few years ago and three children blessed the union.

Frank Wilkerson is a young man about twenty-three years of age. He has been a clerk in Stephens's store for several years and lived at Mr. Stephens's home. Young Wilkerson was a splendid young fellow and everybody liked him.

When the news of the terrible tragedy reached the city it shocked the community, for both men are well known here and have many friends.

THE SAVANNAH PEOPLE MAD

Savannah, Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—The deepest indignation exists among the Savannah members of the Mutual Endowment Order over the statement made by President Ponder, and a committee was at work tonight preparing a statement of the order's receipts from members here, preparatory to starting legal action that will uncover the whole business. General feeling among them here is that they have been done up, and they decline to be satisfied with statements made by President Ponder.

"In the first place," said one of the committee to The Constitution's correspondent tonight, "President Ponder makes a statement that is absolutely untrue, when he says that there are but eight or nine members here. There are twenty-five members in Savannah who are in good standing, and who would participate in any distribution of the funds."

THE VICTIM OF A BOGUS MARRIAGE.

Vira Humphreys Driven to Her Death !

Thomasville, Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—Vira Humphreys, whose sudden death was mentioned in this morning's Constitution, committed suicide. The officers have but little doubt of this fact. Circumstances came to light that show this to be the case. It is said that Vira went through a marriage cer mony in Bainbridge a short time ago, that she supposed was real, until a few days ago, when she discovered that it was bogus. Since that time the girl has been very despondent, and informed friends of her wish to end her life. It is known that Vira purchased morphine and no doubt used it with fatal effect. She was twenty-one years of age and was quite

An Atlania Minister.

Rutledge, Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—Rev. J. B. Robins, pastor of the First Methodist church of Atlanta, will deliver the address at the Sabbath school celebration on the 20th of this month. A better orator could not have been obtained for this occasion. Johnnie, as he is more familiarly known in Morgan county, is a son of Mr. Tom Robins, of Putnam county. If we are not mistaken he preached his first sermon in Rutledge. He is the founder and builder of our Methodist church. While here he endeared himself to our people very much. While he is comparatively a young man, he has reached the topmost round in his profession, and today holds the highest appointment in the gift of the Methodist conference. It was under his able sermons and through his instrumentality that Rutledge witnessed the grandest revival of religion that she has ever known, the effects of which still linger around us. He studied law, and was admitted to the bar when a mere boy. He located in the city of Atlanta, where he was very successful in the practice of law for several years; but feeling that he was not following the right calling, that there was still a grander and a more noble work for him to perform, he entered into the ministerial work, and the first churches he ever served Grove.

A Case for Lynching.

A Case for Lynching. A Case for Lynching.

Bristol, Tenn., July 12.—(Special.)—One of the worst crimes in the history of Sullivan county has just come to light. J. M. Davis, aged forty and a man with a family, raped a little girl twelve years old by the name of Ella Stogle. A warrant has been sworn out by the girl's mother for Davis, but he has field to the Virginia side, and has not yet been caught. Davis was formerly a Salvation-Army man, but of latef has been doing nothing. The feeling here is growing warm and he will, no doubt, be lynched if caught.

GEORGIA AND TENNESSEE.

Masumption, in the fity-fifth year of her Mrs. Jeffers was a Miss Rachel Barnes, combstore. Only a few days since she ar husband, and her remains were care billiefgeville today and will be laid to health his.

Charles I. Bartlett left for Jackson, county, isst night, where he speaks to Whitteld and Cabaniss will also be on and a lively discussion is in prospect.

J. L. Carter, of Elyria, Ohlo, who has been industriously engaged seeing the sights of the capital. Both delegations arrived here yesterday, the Georgia contingent coming from Boston, New York and Philadelphia, where they spent several days looking over those cities. They were immediately taken in hand by friends and their representatives in congress, who showed them the c

A New Process

The Lemon, the Orange, the Vanilla, contains more or less of a delicate flavoring substance, and the separation of this substance in a manner so as to retain all freshness, sweetness and naturalness, requires the greatest experience and care,

Dr. Price's Delicious Flavoring

Extracts are prepared by a new process that es to them the natural flavoring qualities, and are concentrated that it requires but a small quantity impart to a cake, pudding or cream, the delicate was of the fresh fruit. The leading chemists adorse their purity. The United States GovTHEY MET IN ROME

Americus, Ga., July f2.—(Special.)—The residence of Captain B. P. Hollis was destroyed by fire last night. Heroic efforts were made to save the building but to no avail. Some of That Is, the Georgia Editors Are There

In Force, WHERE A WELCOME GREETS THEM.

And the Day Is Spent in Mingled Busi ness and Pleasure—They Will Start for the West in Good Spirits.

Rome, Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—Rome is filled with the genial Georgia editors of the Weekly Press Association.

began arriving yesterday afternoon and when the convention convened thi rning there was a great number present, until the city is well filled. Rome is entertaining them with royal

courtesy.

This morning at 10:30 o'clock, at Neven opera, the association was called to order by Dr. R. B. Headden. After opening with prayer, an address of welcome, half of the city, was made by Donald

Mr. Branch, of Gwinnett, on behalf of the press association, responded in a happy

Colonel John Locke Martin then, in be half if the press of Rome, made an elo quent address beautifully worded and splendidly spoken. He was the recipient of much applause.

Mr. Russell, of Cedartown, then made

The convention proceeded to business. The officers elected for the ensuing year were: Prsident, Hon. Sterling W. Roberts, of The Sparta Ishmaelite.

Vice presidents, S. T. Blalock, of The Favetterille News, and A. L. Ryals, of

Fayetteville News, and A. L. Ryals, of The McRae Enterprise.

Recording secretary, W. A. Shackelford, of The Oglethorpe Echo. Assistant recording secretary, E. T. Mo

Cutchens, of The Franklin News. nding secretary, Charles D. Barker. Treasurer, James Anderson, of The Covington Star.

mitted. Hawkinsville was selected as the next place of meeting, and it was also decided that, instead of a long journey of travel next summer, they would enjoy the sea from Cumberland's beach. During the business portion of the meeting, some one observing Colonel Temple

Graves in the hall, began calling for him, and, in a happy speech, he responded.

This afternoon a very handsome entertainment was tendered to the editors by Drs. Holmes, Garlington and Davis, at the sanitarium. It was a most pleasant affair. This evening a moonlight boat exriver, but, on account of the rainy evening

a reception at the armory was given. Man-ager Daniels spread a sumptuous collation, and a very pleasant affair it was. Tomorrow morning a drive over the city will be tendered to the visitors, and at 11

clock they leave on their western tour. THERE WAS MUSIC BY THE BAND

And the Democracy of Burke Was in Great Glee. Great Glee.

Waynesboro, Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—The democrats of Burke had a big rally and barbeue here today. There were over a thousand people present. The occasion was a mass meeting called to send delegates to the gubernaforial, colagressional and senatorial conventions. Hon. J. C. C. Black, of Augusta, orator of the day, was introduced by Hon. W. H. Davis, and he made one of the ablest and most eloquent and convincing speeches that has been delivered in the county for many years. He was frequently interrupted by applause, and his speech has largely increased democratic enthusiasm in Burke.

After the speaking the mass meeting was held. The delegates were instructed to vote for Governor Northen, all the statehouse officers and J. M. Terrell for attorney general. The congressional committee delegates were instructed to vote for Hon. R. E. Lester, and the delegates to the senatorial convention were instructed to vote for the choice of the Bulloch democracy. Bulloch democracy.

Hon. W. H. Davis was endorsed for solicitor general of the Augusta circuit and our representatives and senator were instructed to use all honorable means to secure his election.

The day passed off pleasantly. The Hephzibah brass band was on hand and furnished the music for the occasion.

THE SENATOR FROM THE TENTH

Will Be Captain W. E. Wooten, Albany. Albany, Ga., July 12.-(Special.)-The sena-Albany, Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—The sena-torial convention of the tenth senatorial district met today in Dougherty county court-house. It was Dougherty's time to name the senator, and Captain W. E. Wooten, the choice of Dougherty, was unanimously nomi-nated. This district is composed of Lee, Worth and Dougherty, and Captain Wooten will be elected without opposition. His faith-ful services in the house last year are well remembered by all.

Rochelle, Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—At a recent meeting of the alliance of Wilcox county, resolutions were passed affirming its determination to stick to the old ship, and its resolve that it will not be run out of the party by any designing politicians. The resolutions went on to state that it stood pledged to support the democratic nominees, claimed and demanded their right to stand as part of the party and refused to be read out of it by anybody. The resolutions have the true ring about them, and indicate the untrammeled intelligence of the alliancemen of this section.

Two of the suballiances adopted a resolution indignantly denying the accusation that they were working in the interest of the third party, and challenging those making the charges to vie with them in supporting the democratic nominees in the coming elections.

The Whitfield Democracy.

Dalton, Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—The Whitfield county democracy is called to meet in mass meeting at Dalton on August 6th to select delegates to the state convention at Atlanta, and to the Chickamauga convention to nominate a candidate for congress.

The people's party is called to meet August 13th for selecting delegates to the congressional convention at Cartersville.

A HORSE LOSES HIS SHOES By a Singular Frenk of Lightning in

Eatonton.

Eatonton.

Eatonton.

Eatonton, Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—This evening, during a severe thunder storm, a team belonging to Judge Jenkins, while under the compress scale shelter, where it was driven out of the storm, was totally demolished by the falling of the structure. The driver barely escaped with his life. A white man, name not known, was seriously hurt by the timber. His jaw hone was badly broken and he was severely cut about the head. A strange freak of lightning was that. All four of the horse's shoes were torn from his feet, and yet the horse came out none the worse of, except a slight lameness. The streets are completely flooded this evening, and a number of the city's main sewers have broken. No very serious damage was done to property. THROUGH THE CURRIDORS.

genial editor, Hal Moore, of The Ma-vening News, is registered at the Kim-

A LUCK BONE

Which Will Cost Rich Mitchell Very to save the building but to no avail. Some of the furniture was removed in time, but much was lost. Captain Hollis and his family were asleep when the fire began, and were awakened by it. They hurriedly arose and gave the alarm. Even then the fire had good head-way, and they had no time to waste. The blase originated in the kitchen. The loss will amount to several thousand dollars. Americus came near having a most disea-Dearly, Indeed.

MERIWETHER'S MYSTERY

The Sequel to That Grave Robbery Story the Committal of a Dastardly Crime.

Americus came near having a most classtrous blaze Sunday night. It was just about
midnight when Policeman Flagin saw smoke
coming from the drug store of Sweet & Reese,
in the artesian block. The glass in the front
was warm, and the officer quickly turned
in the alarm. The fire was finally located in
a closet under the stairway in the store of
Sweet & Reese, and although it had considerable headway was quickly extinguished.
The closet was almost burned out, and the
stairs were badly damaged. The actual damage from the fire does not amount to much.
The water caused a good deal upstairs. The
fire is supposed to have originated from
matches and rats.

Solicitor Hudson was asleep in his room
above and the smoke was so dense that he
was almost overpowered by it before he made
his escape. In the hurry of dressing the colonel left off some wearing apparel, and came
down wearing one sock. A grave robbed, the body of a young wife mutilated—and all for a luck bone!

That is the story which Detectives Bedford and Palmer brought back from Meriwether county yesterday morning. They have found the solution of the mysterious grave robbery which has so excited the people of Lutherville and that vicinity, and a clever piece of detective work it was.

A negro in jail at Greenville is the ghoul who committed the robbery. He denies his guilt; but the proof against him is con-clusive, and had it not been for the counsel of the wiser citizens about the scene of the

ummarily lynched. robberies there have been, and the motives that have prompted them have been many and various; but the motive for this is mique a gambler's insatiate desire for a

The Story of the Death of the young and beautiful wife of Mr. Barnie Almand, and the husband's terrible discovery that the grave had afterwards been opened and the body mutilated by the removal of the index finger of the right hand, has been told in The Constitution. Mr. Almand is one of the most prominent

Havoc-Over a Hundred Lives Lost.

Paris, July 12.—The baths of St. Gervais were in five separate buildings adjoined to a stone wall erected in a narrow gorge. They were situated about 2,066 feet above the sea on the road from Geneva to Chamonia. A glacier became detached from Mount Blanc and fell into a mountain torrent, carrying away the hamlet of Blunnay and filling the torrent with ice. Masses of ice and the wreckage of the village formed a dam which effectually restrained the water for some time. Finally the dam broke and the waters burst like a cataract into the stream of Bon Narit, which passed through St. Gervais. The inmates of the bath houses were awakened about 2:12 o'clock a. m. by the sound of rushing waters and a loud crashing noise. Before they were able to escape three of the buildings were entirely destroyed and another one partially, while a fifth building sustained no damage, being situated on a higher elevation than the others. The torrent continued into the valley destroying everything in its course. The village of Lefayet, lying in the valley, was almost entirely demolished. The wreckage of the houses was swept on for miles into the Arve. Down the latter stream corpses and wreckage have been seen floating all day long. The full mortality is not yet known. It is be lieved that seventy-five persons perished at the baths alone, and at least fifty of the inhabitants of Lefayet were drowned. The latest estimate of the number dead is 130. and prosperous young farmers living in the rich section of Georgia surrounding Lutherville and Rocky Mount, in Meriwether county. On the 18th of June his young wife died, and on the 20th she was buried. Three days later there was another funeral in the little church yard, and at that time the discovery was made that the newly made grave of Mrs. Almand had evidently been tampered with.

The news spread rapidly. When it reached the ears of Mr. William York, a prominent farmer, he remembered that on the morning after the funeral of Mrs. Al-mand, when he had gone to the cemetery for a shovel he had left there, the grave had presented a somewhat peculiar appearance; and it was evident, therefore, that the of the funeral.

The grave was opened at once, Mr. Almand being present. Then it was the discovery that the finger had been removed was made. It was thought that some of the intestines had also been removed, though no thorough examination was made And the result of this last discovery was a theory that the deed had been done by dy interested in having a post-morter examination made.

This story was soon on everybody's lips. It involved Dr. Matthews, who attended Mrs. Almand in her last illness.

Rome, July 12.—The eruption of Mount Etna is rapidly increasing in violence. The fires in the crators show great activity. Loud explosions are continually taking place. Severe earthquake shocks occurred this morning which reduced to ruins the village of Giarre, on the coast of Sicily, five hours journey from the crater of Mount Etna. The population of Giarre is about 18,000. No mention of the loss of life is made, but it is feared here that many must have perished. Dr. Matthews is one of the most promi nent physicians in that part of the state; and as soon as this story reached his ears he went to Mr. Almand with a request that Who Is a Very Promising Candidate for the Gallows.

Irwinton, Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—Henry Brintze, who recently attempted an assault on Mrs. Thompson, of Gordon, is now in jail here, and considerable talk of lynching has been indulged in by indignant citizens, both white and colered. A full statement of the facts in the case shows the negro to be one of the worst fiends on record. Something over a week ago a negro entered the house of Mr. J. T. Thompson, at Gordon, for the purpose of accomplishing a most horrible crime, but was unsuccessful. Mr. and Mrs. Thompson were occupying the same room, but different beds. The darky entered the room through a window, and it is thought chloroformed the husband in order to prevent him from protecting his he be allowed to have the body examined again, so the exact facts concerning the extent of the despoliation might be ascertained. This request was readily granted, and, on the 24th, another examination was made in the presence of a half dozen of the most prominent of Mr. Almand's friends. It was found then that only the finger had been removed—that the body had not been disturbed in any other way.

The mystery was as great as ever. Why should anybody want the finger of the dead lady? And who had taken it? The examination thoroughly exonerated Dr. Mathave the mystery solved, and for that pur-pose wrote to Atlanta for a detective. The The lamp was burning low when the negro entered, and Mrs. Thompson got a very good description of his clothes and size. He soon blew the light out and went to the bed upon which the lady was lying. He then placed his hands upon her. She screamed several times, but for some time her husband was unable to go to her assistance, though he says he distinctly heard her cries for help. Mr. Thompson says he was stupid and that a strange sensation run through his head. Finally he aroused himself, and when he arose the negro made his escape. reply he got wasn't altogether satisfactory, so he came himself. Then he secured the services of Detective Shackelford, who took Detective Palmer, one of his best men, to Lutherville. They looked over the ground, and Detective Palmer remained to do what he could with the case.

It was indeed a mystery. Nobody had any theory to advance. All were at sea, and there was absolutely no clue to work

Detective Palmer found that a gang of young negroes about Lutherville devoted all their time to gambling, and that a number of crimes had been committed by them. He turned his attention to this gang. One day he overheard a negro woman talking about

A Wonderful Luck Bone

Early next morning Mr. Thompson was out endeavoring to track the negro when the town marshal informed him that a house had been broken into near his (Mr. Thompson's) place. The house was occupied by a colored girl, who identified the negro during a flash of lightning. The girl says the negro grabbed her, and that a tussle ensued. She finally succeeded in pushing the negro from her, and while near the window she recognized him as Henry Brintze, but at first was afraid to reveal his name on account of the bad character he bore. which Rich Mitchell, a notorious member of the gang, had, and upon further questioning he learned that gamblers consider the bone of the index finger of the right hand of a woman as one of the luckiest of luck producers; that the possession of such a luck bone meant great good fortune and big winnings.

It didn't take the detective long to find all the evidence he needed to convict Rich Mitchell of grave robbery. One woman had heard him tell his partner that he had gone into the grave.

"An' I'se now fixed," he said, "so I can crawl out with every game. I can't be beat." he bore.

Mr. Thompson, upon learning this, went to the girl's house, assured her that she would be protected, and persuaded her to reveal the name of the negro. He then measured the tracks at the window while the marshal measured the tracks measured the tracks at the window while the marshal measured the tracks made around his (Mr. Thompson's place. The tracks correspond exactly as being that of the same man, and upon this evidence the negro was placed under arrest. A committee of three was then appointed to carry the negro off and get an impression of his foot. This was done and the entire measures were the same.

foot. This was done and the entire measures were the same.

The negro was bare-footed, and a light rain early that morning had erased the footprints prior to his arrest.

Brintze was brought to Irwinton and placed in jail to await his trial at the next term of court.

The darky bears a bad character, and is evidently the same man that attempted to outrage Mrs. Thompson.

crawl out with every game. I can't be beat."

The negro had shown the precious bone upon several occasions. He carried it next to his heart, in a small red-flannel bag, but he was very careful to refuse to tell where he got it.

When arrested, Mitchell had succeeding in hiding the finger, and it has not been found. He denied the crime, but the evidence in the preliminary trial before Judge Hobbs, at Rocky Mount, was conclusive, and he was promptly sent to jail.

The arrest and trial created a great deal of excitement, and, when it was found that there were many threats of a lynching.

Cooler heads counseled against this, however, and on Monday the negro was safely lodged in the Greenville jail. There he is now, and the chances are that he will pay very dearly for that "luck bone." Monroe, Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—W. J. Malcom has struck upon the right plan for making cotton. His rows are five feet wide and the cotton stalks two feet apart in the row. He used five to six hundred pounds of guano to the acre and his cotton is now from knee high to waist high, and loaded with squares and blooms. He used the seed of the G. W. Truitt improved, a very fine cotton.

S.S.S.

CURES

MALARIAL + +

+ + POISON

Nature should be assisted to throw off impurities of the blood.

Nothing does it so well, so safely or so promptly as Swift's Specific.

LIFE HAD NO OHARMS.

For three years I was troubled with malarial poison, which caused my appetite to fail, and I was greatly reduced the caused my appetite to fail, and I was greatly reduced to the fail of the state of the caused my appetite to fail in charms. I tried merourist and of the fail of the caused my confect. I could get wonderful medicine and permanent care.

SSS made a complete and years and permanent care.

J.A. RCE, Ottawa, Kan.

Our book on Blood and Sain Diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA

WANTED-A young couple wish to rent a small furnished house in good neighborhood, close in, north side preferred. Address J. D., Constitution. A YOUNG MAN wants at once a room with bath, light, beat and servants' attention; cast of Peachtree and north of Wheat; would prefer private family; references furnished if desired. Address room 789 Equitable building.

NTED-Board by a young man;

Not One Sore Now.

Baby Micted with Bad Sores and Erup-tions. No Relief. Permanently Cured by the Cutlours.

During the summer of 1889 my eighteen months' old infant was so afflicted with eruptions that ordinary domestic remedies failed to give any relief. On his hips would often appear the seeming track of a little wire-like worm, and on other parts of his body bad sores came and remained till I procured the CUTICURA REMEDIES. For some time I used the soap and saive without a blood medicine, but they did not do so well as when all were used together. It has now been nearly a year since the cruption was healed, and I very much feared it would return with the warm weather of this year, but the summer is passed and not one sore has appeared on him.

Mrs. A. M. WALKER,
Carsonville, Ga.

Sore from Waist Down I had three of the best physicians in Paducah, and they did me no good. I used your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and they have cured me sound and well. I was sore from my waist down with eorema. They have cured me with no sign of return. I owe my life to CUTICURA, for without a doubt, I would have been in my grave had it not been for your remedies. Allow me to return my sincerest W. H. QUALLS, Paducah, Ky.

Cuticura Remedies

If the thousands of little babies who have been cured of agonizing, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, and blotchy skin and scalp diseases could write, what a host of letters would be received by the proprietors of the Cuticura Remedies. Few can appreciate the agony these little ones suffer, and when these great remedies relieve in a single application the most distressing eczemas and itching and burning skin diseases, and point to a speedy and permanent cure, it is positively inhuman not to use them without a moment's delay.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 5c.; RESOLVENT, \$1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, BOSTON, Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

BABY'S Skin and Scalp purified and beautified by Cuticura Scalp. Absolutely pure. HOW MY BACK ACHES Aching Sides and Back, Hip, Kidney and Uterine Pains, and Rheumatism re-lieved in one minute by the Cuticura anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only instan-aneous pain-killing plaster.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS PURELY VEGETABL AND STRICT-

LY RELIABLE

They act directly and promptly on the Liver and Stomach, restoring the constipated organs to healthy activity, and are a positive and perfectly Safe Cure for Constipation, Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, Biliousness, and all other diseases rising from a disordered condition of the Liver and Stomach.

They are the ONLY RELIABLE VEGETA BLE LIVER PILL SOLD; They are PER FECTLY HARMLESS: They are PURE LY VEGETABLE; TRY THEM.

DR. SCHENCK'S Book on Consumption Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, sent Free Dr. J.H. SCHENCK & SON, Philadelphia, P str. wed wky, N. K. M.

Every Month many women suffer from Excessive or Scant Menstrustion; they don't know who to confide in to get proper advices. Don't confide in anybody but try Bradfield's **Female Regulator**

SCANTY, SUPPRESSED and IRREGULAR MENSTRUATION. Book to "WOMAN" mailed free, BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S
THESE LYTTLE PILLS.
THESE LYTTLE PILL

They regulate the Bowels and prevalit Constipa-tion. Are free from all crude and irritating matter. Very small; easy to take; no pain; in griping. Purely Vegetable. Sugar Coated.

Ask for CARTER'S and see you get C-A-R-T-E-R-'S.

The Alaska



Refrigerator.

FACTS WORTH CONSIDERING

The qualities sought for in the refrigerator are Preservation of Perishable Food and an Economical Use of Ice.

The economical use of ice depends entirely upon the principle arrowed, the construction of the Refrigerator, and in utilizing all the

NOTICE.

All advertisements in our Want Column, such as "Lost," "Found," "Sales," "For Rent," "Boarders Wanted," "Business Chances," "Personal," "Help Wanted," etc., cost Ten Cents per line or fraction of a line each insertion. There are seven words to a line. No advertisement taken for less than the price of three lines. Advertisements must be in Business Office before 8 p. m. the day before publication, and must be paid for in advance.

HELP WANTED-Male WANTED Experienced male teacher principal for the Eastman academy; liber salary. For particulars address Preside Board of Trustees, Eastman, Ga. 2 WANTED-A competent filer and hammer; good references required. Address Bewick Lumber Company, Hazelhurst, Ga. ' july12-4t.

puly 12-4t.

B-WANTED-Salesmen on salary or commission to handle the new patent chemical ink crasing pencil, the greatest selling novelty ever produced; erases ink thoroughly in two seconds; no abrasion of paper; 200 to 400 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to \$620 in six days, another \$32 in two hours. We want one general agent in each state and territory. For terms and full particulars address the Monroe Eraser Manufacturing Company, Lacrosse, Wis., X 16.

HELP WANTED Female. HELP WANTED-Female.

WANTED—A good nurse for an infant; settled woman preferred. Capitol house, No. 46 E. Mitchell street.

WANTED—A good, steady single woman to do general housework in a small family; muss come well recommended; good wages to the right person. Apply between 10 and 11 o'clock today at 327 Spring street.

WANTED—A few ladies can secure hand-some salary for home work permitting other duties. Write W. Springsteen, Box 213, Chicago, Ill

A COMPETENT White woman to de house-work. Small family, no children and good wages. Address Box 203, Atlanta, Ga. SITUATIONS WANTED | Female

WANTED-By young lady, clerking, copying or effice work of any kind. Address H., cape of Constitution.

WANTED-Agents.

AGENTS WANTED, at once, to canvass for the American Fruit Preserving Powder and Liquid; the cheapest and most reliable method of canning fruit, etc. Reference required. Liberal commission paid. Kelly & Phillips, Maxwell, Ga.

WANTED-Boarders.

FOR SALE—Rorses, Carriages, Etc.

FOR SALE—A splendid, well-matched team of horses, sound and gentle, with carriand harness, all complete for the sum of \$400, worth double this money, sold on account of the owner expecting to leave the city. Apply, quick, 101 Capitol ave., Atlanta, Ga.

july 10 d-4-t FOR SALE-Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Cheap for cash, one 50-horse, power tubular boiler 5-16 steel, heavily braced, good as new, all complete with smoke stack, etc. Also one 40-horse power slide valve engine complete and in perfect condition. Write George B. Sickles & Co., Tate, Pickens county, Georgia.

july 13-35 wed sat sun

COAL, COAL, COAL—This is to notify my friends and the public generally that I have severed my connections with Stocks Coal Co. of my own free will and accord, and can now be found with D. E. Williams, wholessle and retail dealer in coal, wood, etc., 254 Marietta street, where I will be pleased to fill all orders promptly. A. I. Craven. july 12 2-b M. J. Walker, assistant official stenographer of Atlanta circuit, solicits stenographic work and copying. 49 1-2 Whitehall street. Those 587.

MARRIED LADIES— Send 10c for "Infall-fble Safeguard" (no medicine, no deception; just what you want. Ladies Bazar, Kansas City, Mo.

June 24-d8m

ust what you want. Ladles Bazar, Kansas City, Mo. june 24-d6m

WHEN IN BUFFALO stop at the Genesee; Niagara Falls forty minutes away.

FOR RENT-Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR LEASE—The new Wilmen hotel at Anniston, Ala.; elegantly furnished throughout; billiard and pool tables in hotel; the most centrally located hotel in the city. For particulars apply to W. H. Williams, Anniston, Ala., or H. H. Cobb, 10 1-2 S. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR RENT—A good warehouse on Albama street, next to the icehouse. Terms reasonable. Apply to A. D. & G. B. Adair, 23 1-2 West Alabama street.

Furnished Rooms.

ELEGANTLY furnished front room, on first floor, also desirable, nicely furnished room on Watts house, 55 Luckie street.

FOR RENT-Miscellaneous FOR RENT-Miscellaneous,

FOR RENT-Bids for the lease of the Atlanta street car stables, No. 7 Exchange place, will be received until July 15, 1892, at the office of the Atlanta Consolidated Street Railway Co. The company reserves the right to way Co. The company reserves the right to reject any and all bids. july12-tue-thr-wed-sat

A CLIENT of ours has a considerable sum of money to lend on strictly first-chas property in this city; terms reasonable. Ellis a Gray. june19-sun-wed3wks
STATE SAVINGS BANK, 34 West Alabama, STATE SAVINGS BANK, 34 West Alabama, conducts a general banking business; encourages small savings accounts. Interest on these at the rate of 5 per cent if remaining over 60 days.

MONEY TO LEND on improved real estate in or near Atlanta. S. Barnett, Equitable building, room 537, Pryor street and Edgewood avenue

MONEY TO LOAN.

BARKEH & HOLLEMAN negotiate real estate loans at low rates. Room 22 Gould

BUSINESS CHANCES. FOR SALE CHEAP-First-class boarding house; splendid location; with good trade; good reason for selling. 42 Spring street.

July13-31 wed sun tues.

ATTENTION—A first-class bakery and confectionery establishment for sale, at reduced price. Address P. O. Box 383, Asheville, N.G. July13-2t.

july13-2t.

WANTED—Young man with business capacity and ability to raise small capital, to engage and assist in safe and profitable business; money to be made and no loss possible to prudent party. J. H. H., 25 Whitehall street, city.

FOR SALE—Tin and stove business, including shop, tools and machines, stock and material, at cost. Invoice about \$2,000, refer to Conklin Manufacturing Company. Joseph L. Wagner, Jackson, Ga. july 10—d 1 w BUILDING MATERIAL.

GET OUR PRICES on lumber, shingles, laths, white pine, doors, mantels and house trimmings. We want cash trade only as our prices are too low to credit. Atlanta Lumber Company, yards near baseball park.

july3-2w.

Julys-2w.

FOR SALE—Shingles at \$1 per thousand; dressed and matched, kiln-dried nooring, \$3.50 per thousand; dry, dressed boards, 511 per thousand; mantels, \$1.50; framing, molding, sash, doors and blinds at correspondingly low prices. Real estate for sale on installments; secure a home on easy terms. W. S. Bell, No. 33 Ivy street.

Julys-diw.

BONE DRY FLOORING, \$8.50 per thousand feet; cash with the order. "We are the (flooring) people." Atlanta Lug ber Company, yards near baseball park.

FOR SALE-Real Estate.

FOR SALE—Stock farm in Texas containing about 5,000 acres, beautifully located, elevated and healthy, near railroad town, good school and society, excellent improvements on place, plenty good water, fertile farming land and fine range for catle; good stand for a country store. Aldress John E. Morgan, Lometa, Texas,

SUMMER RESORTS. THE ELMWOOD HOTEL, Marietta, Ga., under a new managemest, opens July 1st; twenty miles from Atlanta; ten passenger trains a day, tun28-Im sun wed

LIFE ENDOWMENT and Tontine in policies purchased. Loans negotiated of Charles W. Seidell, 3.1-2 Whitehall Atlanta, Ga. june 12 8-t, sr

Salt Lake City, Utah, July 6.—(Special orrespondence to The Constitution.)—At the finest union depot in the United States, we boarded the Union Pacific at Denver and continued our journey toward the setting sun. The pyrotechnic display of Professor Pain in the "Last Days of Pomerali" at Atliance peak was the grandest ii" at Arlington park was the grandesting of the kind I ever witnessed. The fireworks shooting upward from the lake of water and skirting its surface brought forth rapturous applause from the 20,000 people present, but when the last display, which presented the double flag crossed and festooned with the numbers 1776 at top and 1892 under it, was seen, to admiring audience it eclipsed all others distance between Atlanta and San

Francisco is about three thousand miles. We stopped over at the half-way "station," Denver, and spent the Fourth of July with Mr. Grant Bunton, of Chicago, on his way to try his fortune in Washington state. We reached Chyenne, the capital of Wyoming at 12 o'clock m., and there took the over-and flyer for Ogden. Along the route as we skirted the foot hills of the Rockies and ed at Laramie an altitude of some 82,000 feet, we relished the pure, invigorat-ing atmosphere and felt refreshed on what ild be in a hot country a tedious jour-

bey. As you travel on a new life seems to be infused into you and you catch the spirit of the west which is onward and upward in unending progress. on we go at increasing speed with two immense locomotives drawing a long train freighted with a cargo of human lives, each one from a different home where prayers are ascending for his safety as he goes on his mission of love or duty. We are approaching Oxden. We pass through valleys and gorges, over hills, around curves and by rushing waters filled with mountain trout, and along the valley lined on both sides of the track with rich fields of corn and grasses and Spanish clover, the whole country covered with mountain sage, a spontaneous growth, and flowers of all colors and descriptions, and thus we learn something of the grandeur and glory of our own country. And amidst these mountains gorges only seen in all their grandeur along the Denvez and Rio Grande, which have been so ela orately described by tourists and novelists, you realize the immensity of your own country and return from your trip fully persuaded that in great resources of field and mine and forest as well as noble seenery America has no equal.

Salt Lake City lies in a valley eleven miles distant from the great lake. It has a population of 55,000 broad streets of great length, fine buildings, and is governed by the liberal party composed of democrats and republicans as opposed to the people's party (now disbanded) comprising the Mormon element of the city's population. I had a very pleasant visit with Hon. C. G. Goodwin, editor of The Tribune, and a great friend and admirer of the late Henry W. Grady, to whom I am indebted for many courtesies and kindnesses. The Mormons who first came to this territory were poor, indolant and ignorent. And their manner of living in Indolence as polygamists supported by their laboring wives, each man having a tenacre lot with a wife and cow at each corner, requiring his wife to tend to two and a half acres of land, would have eventuated in ignominy had not the gentile

duced. Thus, all things that can be raised in a temperate zone exist here in perfection.

The mining interests of the country, however, are glorified above all others. Silver is the principal ore, and this is mined very extensively, while the hills contain some gold, lead and antimony in abundance.

In interviews with many prominent citizens in our western country, both republicans and democrats, the opinion prevails that Mr. Cleveland will be our next president. Had the people's party at the Omaha convention nominated Judge Gresham, it would have weakened Mr. Harrison's hold upon many in the northwestern states. As it is, Weaver will draw from the republicans in Iowa, which will give the state to Cleveland. The parasitical growth of outside parties and outside issue will affect the main body of the two great national parties no more than does the parasite that tries in vain to climb and cover the stalwart oak. The question that the people will decide this November is what and who can help us as a people without detriment or prejudice to any section of our country, to any public interests of our country and to the individual citizen.

The expression given today by a prominent republican, voices the sentiment of the nation, and that expression is Mr. Cleveland is best suited for our chief executive.

I leave for San Francisco tonight, so people and the political status for the paper I represent, and you may be assured that I spare no pains in ascertaining facts and obtaining such information as will be acceptable to your readers. I give, of course, only a succinct account of my investigations, leaving them to draw inferences and to queralize:

I leave for San Francisco tonight. So by next letter will he from the Paist

to queralize.

I leave for San Francisco tonight. So by next letter will be from the Pacific tonat. Already I begin to miss dear old Atlanta. There's no place like it, like its warm-hearted people, its home-like ways, social, refined, intellectual and cultured citizens. Everything about it has the air that regales with cheer and brings the sunmine of peace into homes made happy, by true women and noble men. T. C. T.

THE NEGROES MAY GET IT.

The State's Claim to the Gowrie Fund Being Pushed in the Seatch Court.

Some months ago The Constitution gave in account of an attempt about to be made to recover the bequest of John McLearn to the negroes on the Gowrie plantation in Chatham county. The claim has been lodged in the Scotch courts by the United States consul at Glaskow, and there is every prospect of a recovery by the state.

The fund, if secured by the state, will probably be applied to the negro normal school, as the negroes who lived on the Gowrie plantation in 1828 are long since dead and gone, and their descendants are scattered, no one knows where. As the negro normal school is located in the same scattered, no one knows where.

RRY. T. C. TUPPER

Writes from the West to The Consultation

Stitution

ABOUT WHAT HE HAS SEEN.

A Stop in Salt Lake City-Polling the People on the Train-On the Way to San Francisco.

Salt Lake City, Utah, July 6.—(Special Correspondence to The Constitution.)—At the finest union depot in the United States,

SHE SCORNED HIM.

Leo Hamburger's Pretty Wife Disdains Her Husband.

Leo Hamburger's pretty nineteen-year-old bride is back in Atlanta and is again domiciled with the Colemans.

The Colemans—the mother and son constitute the family—live in two rooms on Whitehall street above Sawtell's meat shop. These rooms are neatly, but not at all luxuriously furnished. The floors are innocent of carpets and there are few pictures on the walls. But the place is neat. What attraction it has for pretty, graceful and talented Edie Hamburger, as a home, does not appear. Why she should desire to isolate herself here is a mystery.

Her husband thought she had left Atlanta for good, and, congratulating himself upon separating her from the Colemans, he was making preparations to leave the city Monday night.

While Hamburger was walking along Whitehall street revolving plans for the future, when suddenly his wife passed him. She cast her full brown eyes upon him, but her pretty lips curled in a scornful smile and she passed disdainfully on, without speaking to her husband, whom she had kissed a fond goodby three days before. Hamburger was almost paralyzed by the sudden and unexpected meeting, and he watched his wife's trim figure disappear. Then, like a man in a dream, he went to the police station and asked that something be done to separate the two women—his wife and Mrs. Coleman.

The officer's could do nothing as no criminal action could be taken. Hamburger was at his wife's end, and seemed to be crazed with his deep trouble. He went to a lawyer and sought advice, with the view of beginning a civil process to separate the women. Even this the attorneys told him was doubtful of success, and despairingly Hamburger went to his hotel.

Mrs. Hamburger came back from Chattanooga Sunday night and went direct to Mrs. Coleman's. She says she intends staying there. She only accepted money from her husband and went to Chattanooga to get rid of him and keep him from bothering her and Mrs. Coleman.

As for the latter she says she will protect and care for Mrs.

get rid of him and keep him from bothering her and Mrs. Coleman.

As for the latter she says she will protect and care for Mrs. Hamburger as long as she remains with her.

Leo Hamburger has written the following statement in regard to the matter:

Before leaving your city, permit me to make a final statement. I have done all in my power to make my wife what she ought to be, and so has her father, but nothing will keep her from what is undoubtedly a living death in the end. Legally I can do nothing, she beling of age, but I will now try and see what effect writing to the sources from which they have been getting money will have. I would advise the public, should aid be asked in her behalf, to refuse. Five dollars was given by Mr. —, if necessary I can give his name. If getting money right along from her relatives by my wife was protection on Mrs. Coleman's part, then what was my wife's position? and it stands to reason that money went into the general fund, as I call it.

I have done my duty and shall now wash my hands of them. When the time comes to answer the action for divorce, I will be on hand. How much principle my wife has is shown when she accepted money from me last week and promised to keep away from Coleman's and today returns on that money and goes back to people who have told tales. I hold my wife blameless, and were it not that I am sure she will some day see her mistake and return to her parents, I would bring an action that would keep her away from Coleman's for a few years at any rate.

way from Coleman's for a few years at any rate.

What is young Coleman's business and what object can they have in holding her if it is not to further their own means and to get from my wife what little she had left? Where is her means of income, outside of what has been sent to my wife right along? And if Mrs. Coleman is the charitable woman she claims to be, why does she not refuse to receive my wife and in that way compel her to go to her father? She is not a King's Daughter, and Mrs. Brittan will prove such the case, if necessary.

ceive my wife and in that way compel her to go to her father? She is not a King's Daughter, and Mrs. Brittan will prove such the case, if necessary.

Why did she tell Mrs. Brittan my wife was a young widow from New Orleans, and that her husband died a few months after they were married? Why did she sefuse, when Mrs. Brittan onered to send a nurse to my wife? What did she mean by asking aid of the King's Daughters if she is so well able to protect? Were the making of such statements a crime, it would go hard with her. I leave the public to judge and form their own opinions and am ready at any time to stand before a jury of my peers and show that my position has been one of right from the beginning, but that the technicalities of the law is what makes the Colemans safe. I, today, could be holding a good position with a large New Orleans jewelry house, but as my wife was anxious to travel, I refused that position to comply with her wishes. No sheriff ever selzed my baggage for board, and never have I been compelled to beg. If Mrs. Coleman stands so high in Augusta, why does she not return there where, if she is so well known, she can receive aid if she needs it again? What induced my wife to try and borrow money in Boston to keep the show going, if it was not at the request of the people under whose influence she is now? My wife wrote to her friends that it was she that organized the show although she now denies it. While I was on the road letters came to me saying young Coleman was in Florida for his health and Mrs. Coleman would soon go to him, and all the while these letters came to me the "show" was organizing. I might continue in this strain for a year but it is unnecessary. The public has undoubtedly by this time decided on what kind of people I am dealing with, and will no doubt act accordingly it called upon for their aid or judgment.

LEO HAMBURGER.

with, and will no doubt act accordingly it called upon for their aid or judgment.

Mrs. Hamburger has written the following card in reference to the matter:

Atlanta, July 11.—Editor Constitution: You have printed Mr. Hamburger's statement, also Mrs. Coleman's. Will you kindly print mine?

I would say to the public that Mrs. Dr. Bernice: Coleman has been grossly insuited and mallane6d on my account. She has stood by my side as my truest friend through darkest trouble. She took me in and watched over me night and day. When I lay at death's door she divided her last dollar with me, when she was in extreme need, and all she received for this great act of kindness was insult and abuse from all sides, excepting myself. Every wrong statement that has been made concerning her is a ville fabrication, based on no foundation whatever. I wish to vindicate her in every false statement. She tried to make a reconcilliation between my husband and myself, but I would not have it so. I intend to leave my husband forever. Long before I ever saw Mrs. Coleman I intended to leave him. She had nothing to do with it whatever. She merel sheltered me and protected me when I had swhere to go and was entirely friendess and penniless. As Mr. Hamburger insists on laying all this trouble to Mrs. Coleman's supposed intervention. I insist on informing every one that it is utterly false. MRS. L. HAMBURGER.



An eruption, no matter how slight, warns you and every one who sees it that your blood isn't pure. If you're wise, you'll look about for a remedy.

And this is what you'll find; plenty of medicines advertised to purify the blood, but just one that's guaranteed—and that is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

It's medicine that does what is promised for it that's the reason. It rouses every organ into healthy action, purifies and enriches the blood, and through it cleanses and remews the entire system. All Blood, Skin and Scalp Diseases, from a common eruption to the worst Scrofula are cured by it. For Tetter, Salt-rheum, Ecsema, Eryspelas, Boils, Carbuncies, Enlarged Glands, Tumors, and Swellings, it's an unequaled remedy.

If it doesn't benefit or cure, in every case, you have your money back. You pay only for the good you get.

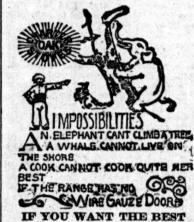
A negro man writes The Constitution from Madison, Ga., a letter in which he argues very logically why the negro vote of Georgia should go for him for governor in the next campaign. We make the following extract from his letter. It is sound logic, and would be well for his race if more of them took as dispassionate a view of the question as he does. After referring to Governor Northen's administration, he says:

ring to Governor Northen's administration, he says:

"It is the duty of our people to join in with the best element of the white people of Georgia to elect good men to fill the different offices of the state. We need not expect good government without having good men at the head, and the way to do that is for the colored people of the south to unite with the best class of the white people. It is getting time for our people to wake up. They have been fed on forty acres of land and a mule long enough. Work here at home in our counties to sustain good government, and in the state the governor of our state can do more good in protecting us in all of our political fights and in putting a stop to outlaws and lynchings than the president of the United States. Our people must understand and that the sooner the better, that the governor of a state is ahead of the president in protecting the rights of its citizens."



BEECHAM'S PILLS " will in future for the United States be covered with A Tasteless and Soluble Coating, completely disguising the way impairing its efficacy Price 25 cents a Box. New York Depot 365 Canal Street.



Buy the CHARTER OAK,

IT IS NOT AN EXPERIMENT.

PROVED SUCCESS.

TAKE NO OTHER. For sale by
HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,
Cor. Peachtree and Walton, Sts. Atlanta, Ga

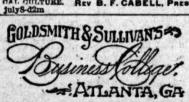
Notice to Debtors and Creditors. All creditors of the estate of Mars C. Blanchard, late of Fulton county, deceased, are hereby notified to render in their demands to the undersigned according to law, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make mmediate payment.

June 15, 1892. WARD H. BLANCHARD,
june 15-d6t wed Administrator

ATLANTA



POTTER MOLLEGE. 100 Rooms Elegantly Purnished. BathRooms Attached, with hot and cold water. Steam
Heated and Gas Lighted. 20 carefully selected
Teachers. Accommodations first-class. Superior
inducements offered in MUSIO, ART and PHYSICAL UILTURE. Rev B. F. CABELL, Presturs Adv.



ONE OF THE BEST AND CHEAPEST BUSINESS O colleges in America, Hundreds of graduates in good positions. Three first-class pennices. Success guaranteed. Send for Catalogue. Iy

WASHINGTON & LEE
UNIVERSITY, Lexington, Vn.
Academic; Law: Engineering. Opens Sept. 3.
For Catalogue address: G. W. O. LEE, President.
LAW SCHOOL
WARRINGTON AND LEE UNIVERSITY, Lexington, Va.
O. A. Graves, Prof. Com. and Stat. Law. J. Randoiph Tucker, Prof. Equity, Constitutional Law, etc.,
Opens Sept. 8. For Catalogue address
G. W. O. LKE, President.

Danville MARY Institute. English, Classical, Scientific, and Business Training, Faculty representing Virginia Military Institute, U. S. Military Academy, U. S. Infantry and CavalrySchool, University Nashville, Eastman's Business College, and Hampden Sidney College, Brick buildings, bath rooms, hot and cold water; healthy location; physical developments; moral training; terms low. For cat're address I. H. Saunders, Supt. july 1—dZm, ecd.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
The 28th Annual Session of this School for Boys
tion for Univ. of Va., U.S. Military and Nava
Academies, leading Engineering Schools and Colleges
For extalogue address. W. 60EDS Metall, Med Baster

FAUQUIER INSTITUTE

SUMMER RESORTS.

Tallulah Falls, Georgia.

HOTEL ROBINSON

Kenilwroth Inn

Asheville, North Carolina Asbeville on the one side, Vanderbilt park on the other side; 160 acres of Forest park, 20 acres lawn, 1,200 square miles of view. The best appointed hotel, finest table, unequaled orchestra, unparalleled rides and drives. Most reasonable rates. Beautifully illustrated pamphlet free.

BROWNING & WHEELER, Proprietors, jun25-dim.

Montgomery White Sulphur Springs, Opens June 15, 1892 Narrow gauge railroad connects with the Norfolk and Western railroad at Montgomery station, formerly Big Tunnel. Circulars at railroad offices. Write for special rates to GEORGE W. FAGG, Proprietor.

Asheville, North Carolina,

Open throughout the year. Elevation 2,800 feet above sea level; average summer temperature of 65 degrees. Most magnificent scenery and climate east of Mississippi river. The hotel has been recently completely renovated, repainted, recarpeted and repaired in every way, at a cost of nearly \$60,000.

Best equipped hotel in the south—hydraulic elevators, electric bells and lights, music, ballroom, tennis courts, bowling alley and ladles' billiard parlor. Beautiful drives and first-class livery. Cuisine excellent; service splendid. The hotel, located upon a plateau covering 11 acres, 100 feet above the city, is within 5 minutes' walk of postoffice, churches and opera house, and commands best view of George Vanderblit's palace. Special electric cars to hotel from all trains. For particulars apply to

E. P. M'KISSICK, Manager. E. P. M'KISSICK, Manager.

THE ELMWOOD HOTEL, Marietta, Ga., under a new management, opens July 1st; twenty miles from Atlanta; ten passenger trains a day.

jun22-lm wed sun.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF



In addition to being favorite in fall and winter, it is most desirable, cool and delightful for spring and summer visitors. Located in the heart of New York city, at Fifth avenue and Fifty-eight and Fifty-ninth streets, and overlooking Central Park and Plaza square. Convenient to places of amusement and stores. Fifth avenue stages, cross-town and belt line horse cars pass the doors. Terminal station Sixth avenue elevated road within half a block. Conducted on American and European plans. The water and ice used are vaporized and frozen on the premises and certified as to purity by Professor Charles F. Chandler. purity by Professor Charles F. SUMMER RATES. June 19-30t sun wed fri

BROADWAY, STEVENTH AVENUE, FORTY-EIGHT, and PORTY-EIGHT, and PORTY-EIGHT,

Rest, Health, Pleasure The Oakland Heights,

Formerly Oakland Inn,
ASHEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA.
A first-class hotel, with fully equipped and
scientifically conducted bath departmentTurkish, Roman, Russian and salt baths, massage, electricity, etc. Every appointment
conducive to health and pleasure.
ONLY HOUSE IN ASHEVILLE WHERE
CONSUMPTIVES ARE NOT RECEIVED.
Two resident physicians from New York
city. city. Chemically pure spring supplies water for house and baths.

Special rates for summer. Send for circulars.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, NEW YORK
CLARENDON HUTEL.
This Aristocratic Hotel will OPEN JUNE 20th.
Terms, \$14 Per Week and Upwards.
AVERILL & GREGORY, Proprietors.

PAUQUIER WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS near Warrenton, Va. Opens June 15th. Modern first-class hotel, thoroughly equipped; hot sulphur baths, fine music, billiards etc. For circular and terms, address S. H. & J. F. Adams, Baltimore, until May 20th; after this at Fauquier White Sulphur Springs, Va. april 30 30-t sat wed.

PAVILION HOTEL

New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y.

This renowned and popular resort has been greatly improved and made more attractive than ever. A delightful sail of only thirty minutes from New York; every amusement; 250 large airy rooms; unsurpassed walks and drives. Open April to November.

July6-4t-wed RHODES & DICK CO. HOTEL BELMONT, ASHEVILLE, N. C.
The best hotel in Asheville for summer visitors
New; first class; lowest rates.

J. B. Steele, Mgr. date Mgr. Battery Park hotel
july-13—dtoaug10 wed

Bids will be received until 11 o'clock a. m., July 20, 1892, for 1,800 tons of steam coal to be delivered at the pumping station of the atlanta waterworks, four miles from the city. The coal will be weighed at the pumping station and a ticket given for each load by the engineer in charge, and payment will be made according to the fickets, by the 10th of each month after delivery. The coal must be delivered in quantities of not less than ten tons per day and begin not later than August 15th. Bidders must specify in their bids the kind and size of coal they propose to farnish and

READ

Our Midsummer Bargains

BEST WEAVES MADE AND LAID.

Tapestry Brussels, 75c. per Yard. Body Brussels, \$1 per Yard. Velvets, \$1 per Yard. Moquettes, \$1.10 per Yard.

No shoddies. All best makes. Nothing of the kind ever offered before in the Southern States. We must have room. See for yourselves before you close any trade on Carpets and Furniture.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO

REAL ESTATE SALES.

ANSLEY BROS. Real Estate. Real Estate

\$6,000—FOR a fifty-acre farm near Georgia railroad station just below Decatur on Covington road. Ten acres of elegant grape vines in bearing, a nice 3-room cottage, one acre in peaches, and a fine barn on place, together with two mules, two wagons and all farming implements. A place to step right into and make money.

\$3,500—WILL buy an elegant new cottage, close in, six rooms and lot 57x145.

\$6,500—FOR an 8-room house and lot 50x150 feet, on Jackson, fronting east; best location \$10,500—WILL buy one of the best pleces of central property now offered. Come see it.

\$130—FRONT foot for a beautiful Peachtree lot, near Eighth street, if taken at once; worth \$150.

\$9,000—THREE acres fronting three streets, on main drive to Grant park; nicely shaded; one and one-quarter miles from the carshed. Beautiful for subdivision.

\$5,000—FOR 37 1-2x90 feet, in three doors of Forsyth, on Luckle street; no other such bargain offered.

\$2,700—30HNSON street lot, 50x150, a beauty \$2,250—SPRING street lot, 54x160; a bargain. \$6,000—7-R. HOUSE and lot, in three squares carshed, lot 50x150; near Loyd street.

\$1,000—FRONT foot for central property, in 150 feet of carshed, over two hundred feet deep, with two-story brick building on it; a bargain.

deep, with two-story bargain.

\$16,500—BUSINESS property on Whitehall street, renting for \$117.50 per month; splendid lot.

\$2,000—BEAUTIFUL lot on Summit avenue, running through to Hilliard street; come

property; and don't forget to buy in Decatur, Ga.
OFFICE, 12 E. Alabama St., Telephone, 363 ATLANTA Glass Company Property FOR SALE.

Splendid Opportunity to Start a Paying Glass ManufacturingBusiness

By virtue of an order from the superior court of Fulton county, Georgia, bids will be received by me on the whole of the property of said Atlanta Glass Company as an entirety, including its realty, or factory site, buildings, walls, lears, moulds, raw material, pot shell, scrap fron, glasshouse pots, loose bricks, stones and all other property belonging to said glass company on its factory site. Also bids will be received upon the different parts of said property. All of said bids to be sealed and sent to me by 9 o'clock on the 14th day of July, 1892, to be reported to said court for acceptance or rejection. Terms cash.

said court for acceptance of rejection. Terms cash.

This offers an admirable opportunity to secure a fine glass paying business.

Atlanta, Ga., July 2, 1892.

EDMUND W. MARTIN,

Receiver Atlanta Glass Co., Atlanta, Ga.

july3-d12t



It's your own fault if you are behind time. There was a time when one watch was about all a whole family could afford, and when the purchase of a clock was almost as serious a matter as the purchase of a house is now. There isn't anything very formidable about the purchase of a clock or a watch in these days. The astonishing thing about timekeepers now is their cheapness, variety and excellence. Don't be behind time. There is not the least excuse for anything of the kind, when we are offering our entire stock of watches at a big reduction for the next thirty days.

A. L. DELKIN COMPANY,

60 Whitehall Street.



SCOTT & LIEBMAN

No. 28 Peachtree Street.

\$1,800 BUYS 4-room house, just completed, pretty lot, on Rankin street, near Boulevard; \$600 cash, balance \$20 per month.

\$2,700 BUYS elegant little home in excellent neighborhood on 8. Forsyth street; \$1,200 cash, balance in one, two and three years; owner lives out of city.

\$800 BUYS 3-room house on Powers street.

\$1,000 BUYS 3-room house on Powers street.

\$1,000 BUYS two 4-room houses that rent for \$13 per month on Hardin street; one-half cash, balance one and two years.

\$1,400 BUYS good 4-room house, good lot, on McAfee street; \$500 cash, balance about \$25 per month without interest.

\$3,000 BUYS 5-room house, lot 62x225, alley on side, on Balley street; \$500 cash, balance easy.

on side, on Balley Etreet; 5000 Cash, barance easy, \$2,300 BUYS 7-room house, lot 40x110, on W. Baker street; very cheap, \$2,750 BUYS lovely lot 65x150 with alley on side, on Rawson street; very easy terms, \$2,500 BUYS 6-room house, elegant home, lot 52x106 to alley, on Cherry street; terms easy.

ley avenues. 2,500 BUYS 50x150, on Smith street, near Whitehall street; one-third cash, balance

ROBERTS & M'CRORY,

3,000-7-B H.NEW, lot 50x200, on S. Boulevard this side of Grant park and convenient to dummy. Beautiful shade, and a bargain. \$1,000-Vacant lot 50x200, adjoining above. \$900—4-r h and lot, near Highland ave. Good water, garden, etc. Cheap; easy terms. \$2,200—Two 4-r cottages on Plum st., on a lot 50x200. Side alley and street in rear. Bar-

50x200. Side alley and street in rear. Bargain.
\$6,250—Nice home, one block of Penchtree st., near in, lot 60x225. Hot and cold water and gas.
\$2,500—6-r h and lot 80x400 at East Point.
\$1,100—52x140, Georgia ave. Belgian blocks, 850 front fcot for beautiful shady lot on Pled-mont ave. beyond Ponce de Leon circle. Cheapest lot on the street. 87 acres just below Hapeville, 1,400 feet front on Central railroad, only \$50 per acre. Must sell. 341-acre farm 1 1-2 miles from Stone Mountain fo: \$3,500. Cheap. ROBERTS & M'CRORY, 14 S. Broad.

G. W. ADAIR, G. W. ADAIR. nimenat - meneralin

Real Estate.

14 Wall Street, Kimball House. - " BEEF

I have a large and attractive rent list, embracing stores and offices in the Kiser Law Building Corner Pryor and Hunter streets. The stores are admirably adapted to any retail or wholesale business, or for a bank. The offices are conveniently arranged, well lighted and ventilated, have steam heat and first-class elevator service.

Diagram of building in my office. Call at once and select an office. G. W. ADAIR.

A. J. WEST & CO.. Real Estate and Loans. BARGAIN in 64x216 feet, Hilliard street, with two houses and room for another, only \$2,100; owner anxious to sell. ONE of the hardsomest residences in At-lanta; best portion of Merritts avenue; mag-nificent new house; fine stables, etc.; will sell very low.

HOUSE AND LOT, Center street, between Peachtree street and Piedmont avenue; electric cars within half block; everything first-class; only \$1,650; terms to suit.

FIRST-CLASS railroad front, near in, as a low figure and on easy terms.

50X231 FEET, fronting both Piedmont avenue and Pause street, making two lots; cheap.

Sam'l W. Goode & Go.'s

Real Estate Offers.

\$3,500 for a 4-r cottage on a lot, \$3x105 feet, together with a vacant corner lot, 40x105 feet; high and level; 200 feet from electric line; in a good neighborhood; easy terms. \$3,00 for a 5-r cottage on fine lot, by the medical college and opposite the Grady hospital; the place for nice boarding establishment.
\$15,000 for 30 acres, with a 4-r dwelling, new barn and stables; fine fruit, and grapes; beautiful oak grove; long front on McDonough road; only 3 miles from our office; beautiful oak grove; long with the place your property with us if you wish is quickly sold or exchanged.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

E. M. ROBERTS' SALE LIST. \$3,100—FOR 6-r. cottage and a vacant lot on corner W. Baker and Orme streets; central and desirable. \$3,300—BLOCK 100x100 on Houston street, near Piedmont avenue, with six 3-r. cot-tages thereon renting at \$36 per month, belgian blocks, electric cars, sowerage, etc. \$1,200—LOT 50x178, Myrtle street, fine oak grove. grove. 8550—3-R. cottage, Mills street, near Williams \$3,600—LOT 50x97, corner Jones and Spring \$3,000-LOT 50x97, corner Jones and Spring, central.
\$1,200-LOT 50x97, corner Jones and Spring, central.
\$1,200-LOT 40x100 to ten foot alley, Marietta street.
\$6,000-CORNER lot, fronting 55 feet on Marietta street and extending along a cross street 140 feet; this is close in and a fine barguin.
\$200 PER acre-20 acres, four miles northwest of the city, near W. & A. R. R.
\$350 EACH for lots 40x140 each, on Howell's mill road, near city limits.
\$1,800 FOR two-acre block, corner lot, all under good fence, near new waterworks reservoir, on Howell's mill road, alias Henryhill avenue.
\$200 TO \$400-LOTS on Capitol and Haygred avenue, plat, fine suilding sors.
\$1,100-6-R. house, approached by two allegs, near Wheat street, central, rent \$14 per month.
\$600 EACH—Six 3-r. cottages, south side, a big bargain, on easy terms.

Owens

Pryor street, 47x160, shaded, near Georgia ave.; belgian blocks, sidewalks, elec line; for only \$1,500; very cheap. our lots on Georgia ave., one block for Pryor street; lies well and shaded; only \$2,650, worth \$4,500; come quick.
rettiest corner lot on Ponce de Leon sye.

80x200; at a special bargain.

1,000 feet street frontage inside mile and a quarter circle, at \$3 75-100 per front foot 400 feet of which is laid in belgian I with car line on it.

Ware & Owens, Real Estate Dealers, Corner Broad and Alabama Sta.

To Cotton Buyers.

FOR RENT. Our fine brick, metal roof co situated on the railroad, in Sunders will store 1,500 bales, finest cotton a Georgia and first-class opening. Feetc., apply to Louis Cohen, Sandersy 8 and 9 Gould building. have to hunt through an old file of The

Tribune before he can construct a reply

that will suit his pot-bellied boss at Wash

Cockerill as we are for the negroes at

The protectionists want to run away from the results of their own doctrines.

wyers and bum bailiffs in this section.

The republicans are trying to get away

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Professor Totten, military instructor as

Yale college, says:

"We are living in the most critical days
the world has ever seen, and I am perfectly

willing-nay, anxious-to go on record that things will by no means get better, but

ather worse so it is peculiar so it is."
'Jupiter goes into perihelion," he said, "on
he 24th of this month at 7 o'clock p. m. At

this time the giant of our solar system is 42,000,000 miles nearer the sun than when he is in aphelion. His magnetic influence upon the central orb is therefore at the

maximum, and from that date onward, from noon onward in ordinary days, we re from noon onward in ordinary days, we may expect severe demonstration of solar power."

Professor Totten says that he does not be lieve in the end of the world, but rather

the end of the age or dispensation, and looks

forward to the second advent as a literal

fact soon to startle the world; then, after a brief but dreadful period of judgment, he ex-

long reign of peace to follow the setting of the fifth and final universal empire.

According to "Le Guide Français des Etats

States own \$105,328,500 worth of real estate and 10,696 of them are in business for them

selves. There are now 800,000 French Canadians in the United States, half a million of

whom are in New England and New York

The number of French Canadians in Canada is 1,700,000, though when England acquired Canada they numbered only 65,000, a fact which strikingly indicates the fecundity of the race. In Boston they number nearly eleven thousand, and in various parts of New England they have flourishing schools and societies.

thousand, and in various parts of and societies they have flourishing schools and societies and they now talk of establishing a college that the lookslature

in New England and New Lork. In politics," says the authority quoted, "the majority are republicans, though a good many are democrats. They are naturally conservative. They favor order, discountenance radical views or experiments, and oppose strikes and secret societies. They also strenuously oppose divorce."

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

From Colonel Peck's Doctor.

Conyers, Ga., July 12, 1892.—Editor Consti-tution: In answer to the many inquiries in regard to the condition of Colonel W. L. Peek,

nd for the gratification of his many frie

wish to state that he is improving nie nd will be able in a very short while to

yery little assistance.

J. P. ROSSER, M.D., Attending Physician.

The Last Gun of the War.

1863, at White Sulphur Springs, near Waynes-ville, N. C. Now for the proof. After the capture of Asheville, N. C., the last days of April, Colonel James R. Love, of the First

April, Colonel James R. Love, of the First regiment Thomas's North Carolina legion, with 200 men, fell back to Balsam Gap, nine miles south of Waynesville. Colonel Thomas, with about two hundred men, part Indians, occupied Soco Gap, fifteen miles west of Waynesville. I, as a commandant of the skirmishers of Thomas's legion, was ordered to make my way from Colonel Thomas.

to make my way from Colonel Thomas, at Soco Gap, to Colonel Love, at Balsam Gap, with my sharp-shooters; my route was via White Sulphur Springs, near Waynesville, where Colonel N. O. Bartlett, Second North

charged them with my skirmishers, driving them from the springs and killing one of Colonel Bartlett's men named Arwood, who now lies buried in the federal part of the

cemetery at Asheville, N. C.

He was, doubtless, the last man killed by regular command east of the Mississippi. I yet have his gun as a relic.

yet have his gun as a relic.

It is proper to state that we were 100 miles from a railroad and knew nothing of the armistice between Sherman and Johnston,

Atlanta, July 11.-Editor Con

of the surrender of General Johnston

ound him able to walk about his roo

voice will be cracked hereafter.

from the force-bill iss

ington.

CONSTITUTION

DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY

TOLS & HOLLIDAY,

ern Advertising Agents. DISTUTION BUILDING, Atlanta,

18 CENTS PER WEEK and SUNDAY CONSTITUTION, or of cents per as month; delivered to any address by car-the city of Atlanta. Send in your name at

Where to Find The Constitution STITUTION can be found on sale as fol-

Yerk—Brentano's, No. 5 Union Square, actuati—J. R. Hawley, 162 Vine street, sahington—Metropolitan otel.

sis—Anglo-American reading rooms, Chaus
Antin and Rue Meyerbeer.

ATLANTA, GA., July 13, 1892.

A Problem and Its Solution. there ever was a time when both and federal government needed the e and advice of good, honest, conve men, it is right now.

he evils that menace our republican ns are greater and more threatthan any that have encompassed ing the first century of republican y. On the one hand we are threatwith plutocratic rule. Money is conl at the great centers, where the interest is so low that it ceases to rative, while outside of these us financial centers the people are ag for money sufficient to carry on ate business. In one part of the people are hunting for work at nd of wages, and in another workare striking because they want their increased. Trusts and combinaare forming almost daily to increase ce of manufactured articles to the , and the wages of the laborers being cut wherever there is an oppor ty to increase prices. Communistic es are heard daily all over the ry, such as would have been conainal a few years ago.

obiem involved is a very serious use the issues at stake go to the foundation of society. Unhappily it that our statesmen, instead of honendeavoring to solve these great s are engaged in trying to find t the strongest side. The principle that s to guard the party man today is, nat will make our party strongest in ast, or the west, or the south?" as case may be. Ambitions men are ng to get into office, ready to anything to get votes, and they back on their promises when it suits venience, and unfortunately for ntry, their pockets, in some in-

d no reform in our financial system, is inevitable that the government must moneyed aristocracy that will d a private army to hold it together. th of the country, by the peculiar overning our currency, is congested hands of a few who will not hesito make liberal contributions from r overflowing coffers to guarantee the ce of present methods, and una a change is made now, a quarter of mry more will leave our people

reriess to help themselves.

n the other hand, if this communistic tiques to develop as it has in ast five years, the result is not at nt to contemplate. A general today means a general divide w, and every other day. The labor-Ill go unrewarded, and man will only ob his fellow man.

pictures are not overdrawn, and what we have said that we the counsel of our wisest and best to rally the conservatism of the counand to awaken the public sense of to the supreme question of the hour proper solution of the problem con-

are being swayed by passion and Nothing can be accomplished ner, and the only way to avert mity is for the conservatism of to assert itself. Our consermen must be patient, but firm. m study the questions involved, dy to get together for the good intry, for the times demand it. true of the laboring man as it siness man. The conservative can be of as much, if not ervice to his country as the conmerchant, and the conservative can perform his part of the great effect than the conservative law-

is accumulating to convince ble man of the truth of what You can scarcely pick up a out seeing something beara day or two ago we find the

ess men who are com-

onstrate the truth of what we say. Let the conservative men of all call-ings band themselves together and fight extremes on either side, with vigor and with boldness.

This is the true solution! Is This Exactly Fair?

The county democratic committee has fixed Tuesday, the 26th of July, as the date on which the democrats of this county are to signify their preference of the congressional candidates from this district.

Until yesterday morning there were but two candidates—the present incumbent, Colonel Livingston, and Judge Hillyer; now there's Colonel Hulsey.

The former is now in Washington at tending to his duties and it will of course be impossible for him to make anything like a canvass in this county, by which to present his cause to the voters. He asked that a reasonable time be given after the adjournment of congress, which will probably occur by the first of August. In asking for bread, he has been given

Fulton county will act on the 26th of this month. Livingston is in Washington, and is therefore cut off unless he deserts his post. This may be good politics-it may be

reasonable—it may be fair—it may be

just; but if this action possesses any of these virtues, we do not believe it.

A Model Letter. Yesterday we had occasion to commend Mr. Cleveland for protesting against the use of his wife's name for the proposed "Frances Cleveland Influence Club;" and now we find him writing another kindly and sensible letter to a man who offered him a present of a fine dog of immens

It is a difficult matter to decline a dog gracefully without offending its owner, but Mr. Cleveland did it very nicely. He thanked his correspondent heartily, and then added:

And yet I do not want you to give me the

We have now a large St. Bernard that we We have now a large St. Bernard that we have had five or six years, and which we have to "put out to board" every winter because we cannot keep him in the city. He has in this way become a kind of a useless big dog, nearly as fond of one person as another. This is not the way to treat a good dog. He is entitled to the constant care and companionship of his master, and he should not be passed around from place to place and from handly of the second from place to place and from handly of the second from place to place and from handly of the second from place to place and from handly of the second from place to place and from handly of the second from place to place and from handly of the second from place to place and from handly of the second from the second around from place to place and from

If I was so situated that I could beep the fine dog you offer me, all the year yound with me, I should be most happy to possess him, but for the dog's sake I think I ought to deny myself the pleasure he would be to me here, if I must put him in the hands of others to keep

We call that a model letter. The writer of it loves a good dog, and likes to see him well treated. His reasons for not accepting the present are sound ones, and no genuine friend of dogs can read it without feeling that the ex-president is in full sympathy with him. Little things like this show a man's disposition and character.

A Sermon for the Times. The man who is without God in the world will defy the laws of man when his interest pulls him that way. And when a nation drifts away from

religion it is ready for anarchy. The other day, Ravachol, the anarchist was executed in Paris. Just before his death, the prison chaplain asked if the prisoner wished to see him. According to the telegraphic report. Rayachol replied: "I have no need for your services. I never

approached Ravachol, saying:
"I come to bring you for the last time the consolation of religion and to put before you the image of Christ, whose law you disre-"I don't care a rap for your religion." said

Rayachol. "I'don't want to see your crucifix.
If you show it to me, I will splt upon it. You are like all of your people who encourage superstition and try to make people believe what you cannot prove. Religion! What fol-ly! How the world is besotted!" He never had any religion, and though

it was folly! That sentence tells the whole story, and it explains why Ravachol was an anarchist.

Religion supplies a want of man's na-ture. Civilization, culture, morality and communistic socialism cannot take its place. Whether men dwell in tents among savage tribes, or in the world's most luxurious capitals, they must have a religion of some sort or go down in a red sea of anarchy.

In the days of old the cities of the plain, and some of the most powerful nations in history turned away from God, and were destroyed by their own violent passions and enervating vices.

In modern times, too, France has more than once passed through a godless era, only to find anarchy at the end. Th prelude to anarchy.is always a disposition on the part of men to deny the existence of God and defy his laws. When ther reach that point, the first great tempta tion or provocation masters them, and they rush into lawlessness and violence.

When the French catch an anarchist in these days they cut off his head. Their bitter experience has taught them that such outlaws are wild beasts, and society must kill them or go to pieces.

The great Napoleon when he came to the front, at the close of the French revolution, threw the whole weight of his influence on the side of religion. He said that it held society together, made men obey the laws, made life and property safer, and was a safeguard against in ternal strife. But there are Ravachols in this country

and their evil work is already giving us

trouble. Some of the cultured classes are touched with atheism, and their leaders talk foolishly about turning the government into a socialism or a commu These theorists claim that they will accomplish this change by peaceful methods, but there are other expounders of their doctrines who clamor for bloodshed. Now, there is no room for these agitators in America. Back of our statutes and constitutions, Christianity is the law of the land. So the immortal Webster said, and he never uttered a truer thing. The plain people of this country stand by the religion of their fathers. They read

has been forever barred out of public life

by his hostility to the Christian religion. This promises much for the welfare of the republic. The readers of the Bible will never be anarchists. That Book is always on the side of law and order. It teaches obedience to the powers that be: it tells servants to obey their masters, and it says, "Render unto Caesar's the things that are Caesar's."

No wonder the Ravachols of Europe and their co-workers in America reject this Book! There is absolutely no encouragement in it for the wild reformers who propose to make the government support the idle, and divide out the property of the rich. And it forbids in plain words any effort, peaceable or forcible, to accomplish such an object.

Sometimes good men become dissatisfied with hard conditions, and they complain that they are the victims of injustice and oppression. The remedy is not to threaten their neighbors and covet their goods. In such periods the people should try to get nearer to God. If they will continue to fight the good fight, hold fast to their faith, and work all the harder to spread the spirit of genuine Christianity throughout the land, they will come happily out of all their troubles, and the rich and the poor will help each other like brothers. Sections, classes and factions will find it the safest and wisest polley to love each other into peace, and they should approach each other in a spirit of forbearance and compromise. Only in this way can a nation hope to enjoy the divine blessings, without which life is not worth living.

A Deserved Compliment. Judge Thomas G. Lawson's record in congress appears to have been entirely satisfactory to all his constituents, and he will be unanimously endorsed for reelection. Every county in the eighth district that has acted has instructed for him, and he will have no opposition. This fact is as high a tribute to the good sense and judgement of the voters of the eighth

as it is to the success of Judge Lawson. The truth is, the congressman from the eighth is one of the strongest men, intellectually, to be found in the state, and he makes an ideal representative. With a sufficient measure of independence to make his individuality forcibly felt, he is nevertheless alive to every interest of his county, his district, his state, his section and his country.

Judge Lawson is essentially a broad minded man. He has a ripe experience in law and legislation, and he has that native genius of adaptability-the gift of meeting every emergency-which is so marked a feature of some of the greatest Georgians. It was the possession in a wonderful degree of William H. Crawford, as has been recently pointed out by Mr. Charles N. West in his admirable monograph, and it seems to be a quality in herent in the atmosphere and environment of this state. It has characterized many of our public men, and it has given us a literature peculiar to Georgia.

Judge Lawson is familiar with the farm, with the law, and with the legislature, and he is capable of adapting himself to every situation or position. Though he has been in congress only one term the oldest of the old stagers are not more familiar with the details of legislation, and none have ever taken a higher stand in so short a time.

The democrats of the eighth are wise in retaining the services of a man so well fitted to serve the state, and Judge Law son is to be congratulated that his popularity is such as give faction no pretense of showing its head.

A Harrison Recruit.

Editor Cockerill, of The New York Morning Advertiser, who boasts that he never wore a democratic collar, but who wears a Harrison collar with pride and complacency, quotes from The Constitution a paragraph in regard to a dozen white men and a dozen negroes working on the same building side by side.

The paragraph is not pleasing to the gifted colonel. Being a newly-fledged member of the Harrison band of patriots, he feels called on to resent the inevitable conclusion to be drawn from the spectacle. If his resentment took an original shape, we should enjoy it, but the colonel is handicapped by his environment. He turns for inspiration to some old files of republican newspapers, and there he get his cue. With an air of triumph he exclaims that "it would be a sight for sore eyes at the north if these same dozen negroes and dozen white men could be seen working side by side at the polls in Atlanta or any other southern community; and he adds; "The colored man always been permitted to do more or less work in the south, except around the

The gifted but giddy colonel opens up a very interesting question and one about which he knows absolutely nothing. If he will come to Atlanta on election day we will undertake to introduce him to some very industrious negro workers. He shall be permitted to shake the hand of the great negro electioneerer, Jackson McHenry; he shall meet face to face the renowned Howard Horton; he shall beold, as it were, the glory of modern polities and see how the thing is done with the intelligent and affable assistance of the man and brother.

Meanwhile, we do not propose that the gay colonel shall evade the main issue. There are many white people who earn their living in a great measure by hard work at the polls, and there may be negroes here and there who have learned this desirable art, but the main body of negroes, north and south, are compelled the south they find no difficulty. All the avenues of business are open to them; there is no discrimination against them. They are permitted to engage in any business, trade or calling for which ther are fitted. White people do not refuse to work by their side or to employ them in

any capacity. This is the state of affairs in the south At the north we are told that quite a dif-ferent state exists, and as the information bound to believe that it is true. We are told that the labor unions will not permit their employment in any profitable trade, and that they are discriminated against and crowded out of every business except

affairs for the giddy Colonel Cockerill to COL. HULSEY TO RUI toy with his Harrison badge and remark that the negroes are not permitted to work at the polls? What good does it do

a negro to be able to vote at the north, He is Not Going to Disregard His when he is not permitted to earn a decer living? Any intelligent negro can answer Friends Longer. this question off-hand without hunt-ing in the cyclopedia for an answer. But Colonel Cockerill will

THEY WANT HIM TO RUN FOR CONGRESS.

He Talks the Situation Over Quite Length with The Constitution—His Friends Give Him Firm Hopes.

Colonel William H. Hulsey for congre His Triends will be permitted henceforth to regard him as a candidate, and there are countiess numbers of them who will re-

The family of the lynched negro in New York are suing the state for \$10,000. This opens up a new industry for razor-back Colonel Hulsey is going to be in the race whether he will or not. This is one instance in which sincerity and honesty are con-The republicans say "the tariff talks for tself." It spoke loudly at Homestead. Its veyed in the well-worn phrase of political en "I am in the hands of my friends."

Repeatedly Colonel Hulsey has made statements through the press and other-wise publicly to the effect that he was no The republicans don't seem to be counting much on Indiana this year. This is well. The democrats will need it in their business next November. candidate for congress. Each time he made his declaration a renewed determination on the part of his friends manifested itself Mr. Cleveland is catching fish and saying in no uncertain strain in the way of strong nothing. He will make his remarks on the 4th of next March, when he gets up to deliver his inaugural address. petitions and appeals that he would yet beome a candidate.

He Cannot Disregard The Colonel Hulsey declines to treat these petitions with disregard any longer. Forced to a conclusion with most tempting assurances of support, he makes such declarations are of the control tions as cannot be construed in any other

Night before last Colonel Hulsey made speech at Lithonia near his old home where e was born and reared. He did not go there as a candidate for congress, but quie solicitation of his old home peo ple and friends to speak to a democraticlub. When he had finished speaking, th



COLONEL HULSEY.

club by a rising vote gave him thanks for the visit and invited him back to DeKalb speak in public Thursday of next week.

Colonel Hulsey Talks.

All this looked suspicious on the part of colonel Hulsey's friends down in DeKalb, and led a Constitution representative to call on the colonel yesterday for an interview as to his position towards the cam-

yiew as to his position towards the cam-paign that is opening.

He was sitting at his desk looking dreamfly out at the pouring rainstorm in the busy streets, and was in quite a humor to talk the situation over.

When questioned he said:

"I look upon the political situation in this district and perhaps in others of the sume his duties and circulate among his riends. I called to see him this morning and and the action of every true democrat in warning in time, and begin active work is the wisest thing we can do. I have been enough through this district to learn that the advocates of the third party are active in deceiving and misleading our people, many of whom I am induced to believe if tution: Referring to your correspondent from Albany, Ga., claiming the last gun fired in the war to have been at Macon, Ga., between the 20th and 30th of April, 1865. the truth were put before them would not I will give you a short and accurate history of the last gun fired by regular confederate soldiers acting under orders.

This occurred on the afternoon of May 6, 1855, at White Suitable Confederate. esitate to touch elbows with his neighbo

Oh. That Force Bill "I have felt so keenly the great issue put

upon us by the republican party by the preentation of the force bill that my do something as a democrat in the interest of my country and my countrymen.

"No such proposition has ever been made and reduced to writing and presented to the American people as that offered in the force bill plank of the republican platform.

"This is so because it proposes to make the bayonet an instrument in the operation of the government. Such a proposition i consistent with empires but altogether in consistent with empires but altogether in consistent with empires and govern of government.

Republicana Evada It. "The republicans evade it by saying they do not mean it, but their whole history gives the lie to such statements.

"There are other issues in the campaign the campaign our careful consideration, but

"There are other issues in the campaign deserving our careful consideration, but they are secondary to this frightful issue that looms up before the American people. There are those who will say this is too serious a view of the matter, but I warn them that the republicans with their views of government are not to be trusted an inch, much less an ell.

"You ask me why I have not been willing heretofore to allow my name presented for congress in this district. I answer you that I had made all my plans for the future not to be a candidate now, and I so that I had made all my plans for the future not to be a candidate now, and I so
announced to any one and everywhere.

"At that time I was not aware that
there was any serious desire on the part of
the people of this district that I should enter the race or my course in the outset
might have been different. I thought it
was only the kindly expression here and
there of an oversealous friend.

"Later on I became impressed that the
desire for me to enter the field was more
extended than I thought.

"This was evidenced by quite a number
of petitions signed by great numbers of my
fellow citizens of Fulton and other counties
soliciting me to enter the race. I wrote a
letter and have it now, absolutely declining to enter the field in response to these
petitions, but at the earnest solicitations
of a number of my friends in this community I withheld its publication. Since my
latest announcement declining to enter the

United States.

The callant Colonel James R. Love is now dead. The grand old Colonel W. H. Thomas has passed away, but I can refer you to a few yet living who were present at the last shot fired as narrated to-wit;

Captain James W. Terrell, Webster, N. C.;
Lieutenant T. J. Love, color bearer, Webster, N. C.; D. K. Collins, famous sharp-shooter, Bryson City, N. C.

Now, Mr. Editor, with the above facts why should not "tar heels" have the honor. White

not let me have my way and remain at home and out of politics they must have THE NINTH DISTRICT.

I should regret the happening of anything connected with myself or my fortune that would in anywise interfere with the landable ambition of any of my fellow citizens who may aspire to this office, but the will of the people in matters of this sort is over and above us all. I am awaiting a communication that I understand will be sent me from a neighboring county in this district that will furnish a sequel to this interview.

"I am more than gratified to see the evidences of friendliness shown me here in my home county, Fulton, in case I should run, and this makes me talk as plainly as I do about the future and what I may do. A particularly strong influence here among my home people leads me to leave it with them—my candidacy. I feel that I have no small number of friends here in the city of Atlanta and the county of Fulton who are ready to manifest their friendliness in no doubtful way."

JULY THE 26TH. That Is the Day for the Fulton County

Fulton county democrats will meet at the polls once more July 26th—just two

weeks distant. It is so ordered by the county der

ic executive committee, which met yester-day to determine when and how delegates shall be chosen to represent the county at the congressional convention August 17th. It is to be done by a democratic primary July 26th.

The committee meeting went further and ordered that delegates to the gubernatorial convention be elected at this same primary

This was all that was done by the committee, and it was done quickly.

The meeting was held at 3 o'clock in city courtroom at the courthouse, and was called to order by Mr. Hooper Alexander, vice chairman, who presided a few minutes until Mr. Morris Brandon, chairman, came into the hall.

Those present were Mr. Hooper Alexander, Dr. R. D. Spalding, Jacob Haas, Isaac Guthman, W. K. Booth, Harvey Johnson, Henry Richardson, Dr. W. Latham, L. G. Rosser, Arnold Broyles, B. M. Blount, Dr. J. W. Avery and George R.

A proxy was offered from Mr. T. B. but on motion of Mr. Harvey Johnson was not recognized, the cor son was not recognized, the committee having at a previous meeting decided that no proxy should ever be received unless the absent member should be providentially prevented from being present or should be out of the city.

Mr. Hooper Alexander offered a resolution that the committee should instruct for a primary election in Fulton July 26th for selecting delegates to the congressional convention August 17th. The resolution was as follows:

The Resolution in Full.

follows:

The Resolution in Full.

Be it resolved by the democratic executive committee of Fulton county, That a primary election be held in the various wards of the city of Atlanta and the various wards of the city of Atlanta and the various militia districts of the county of Fulton, outside of the city, on Tuesday, July 26, 1892, for the purpose of choosing twelve delegates who shall attend the democratic convention of the fifth congressional district on August 17, 1892, and represent Fulton county in said convention.

Be it truther resolved and ordered by said authority, That the primary election aforesaid be conducted under the following regulations:

1. The managers of elections for each polling place shall be designated by the chairman of this committee, who shall, as far as possible, be governed in the selection of said managers by the views and wishes of the candidates, giving equitable representation to all and looking to the securing of absolute fairness. The managers shall select the necessary clerks.

2. In the various city wards the polls shall be held at some convenient and accessible place which shall be selected by the chairman of this committee, and notice thereof published in advance, and shall be kept open from 7 o'clock a. m. until 6 o'clock p. m. In the various militia precincts, outside of the city, the polls shall be held at the district courty round and shall be kept open from 10 o'clock a. m. and close at 3 o'clock p. m.

3. At said election every white democratic voter of Fulton county, who was registered in the last county registration, shall be permitted to vote and none others except such persons as will file with the managers affidavits that they are registered on the registration lists now being prepared by the tax collector. All persons shall vote in their own wards or precincts respectively.

4. Tally sheets and lists shall be kept as provided by the laws of Georgia, and on the day after the election returns shall be made by the various managers to this committee, in their own w

day after the election returns shall be made by the various managers to this committee, in the basement room of the courthouse, where said returns shall be consolidated and the re-sult declared.

Be it further resolved by said authority, That this committee recognizes an overwhelm-

times exercise, the right rules as may be necessary. For the present we content ourselves with urgently recom-mending to the candidates and their friends that they do not permit any hired workers at the polls nor any carriages for hauling voters.

There Was Opposition.

There Was Opposition.

When the resolution was read Mr. W. K. Booth moved an amendment to the effect that delegates to nominate statehouse officers and legislators be also elected at the same primary and the day be fixed August 2d instead of July 26th.

Mr. Henry Richardson offered as a substitute for the whole that a mass meeting be called for August 2d at which time delegates should be chosen to represent Fulton at the congressional convention of this district, and also at the gubernatorial convention. If any candidate should dethis district, and also at the gubernatorial convention. If any candidate should desire a primary his motion further provided that he could make the fact known to the

There was strong opposition to this.

Mr. Rosser was first to make a speech
aganist the suggested mass meeting. He
was followed by Mr. Haas and Mr. Latham, who spoke against Mr. Richardson's

tham, who space against plan.

Finally Mr. Richardson, after a conference with Mr. Booth, withdrew his substitute.

Then Mr. Booth asked leave to amend his motion so as to leave his date for the convention the same as that set forth in Mr. Alexander's resolution above, July 26th.

convention the same as that set forth in Mr. Alexander's resolution above, July 26th.

This was carried, and the only change thus made in the Alexander resolution is that besides the election of congressional delegates it provides that delegates to the gubernatorial convention shall also be chosen at the same primary.

be chosen at the same primary.

"Anti-Snappers" Speak.

Mr. Haas made a motion to reconsider the action taken fixing the primary for July 26th and moved to make it August 2d. He said he was a believer in giving ample time to those candidates already in the field and such others as may come out

On a vote there were four who voted for this change in the date of the primary.

When seen after the meeting of the committee, Mr. Haas said he was sorry the committee saw fit to hold the primary so early, there being but two weeks until the day.

The Democratic Convention to Be Held at Gainesville Today.

CARTER TATE WILL BE SELECTED

As the Democratic Candidate for Congress-Hon. Carter Tate Inter-viewed-Other Notes.

The democratic convention of the ninth

congressional district will assemble today in Gainesville.

The proceedings will not be characterized by the liveliness of a contest, and the work of the convention can be written in

Hon. Carter Tate, of Pickens county, will receive the nomination for congress, and it will no doubt be made unanimous on the first ballot. Of the seventeen counties in the district, twelve have instructed outright for him, which assures his nomination. These counties, each of which is entitled to two votes

in the convention, are Rabun, Towns, White, Union, Lumpkin, Dawson, Fannin, Gilmer, Pickens, Cherokee, Milton, For Four counties have sent uninstructed

delegations, to wit: Habersham with two votes, Banks with two votes, Hall and Jackson with four votes each, making twelve in all.

Gwinnett's four votes are by instruction for Hon. Tyler M. Peeples, of that

A large majority of the convention be ing composed of delegates instructed for Mr. Tate, there is of course no question as to the result, particularly as the majority rule has always prevailed in the congres

sional district conventions.

Mr. Tate arrived in Atlanta yesterda: and looked as smiling and as happy as a man ought to look just on the eve of his certain nomination to congress. A Consti-



ution reporter saw him, but with becomin modesty the popular young statesman from the ninth refused to go into the details of

"I will talk to you about that tomorrow," said he, "after the convention meets. I do not mind saying, however, that I am very I have a very warm place in my heart for all my friends who have so earnestly supported me during the canvass. But I would say this just as sincerely if I knew would say this just as anice. The that defeat instead of victory was probably in store for me in tomorrow's conven-

"Have you conducted a very active car

"I have," said he, "and I have left nothing undone to make my race a winning one. When I made up my mind to go into the race for congress I determined to make it successful, if possible. I have been all over the district, have spoken in nearly every county, and have shaken hands from Rabun Gap to Roswell bridge. I have not made an enemy in the whole district that I know of, and I am glad to say that the campaign for the nomination concludes with my being on the very best of terms with every distinguished democrat in the district whose name has been mentioned in connec-Candler at several points in the district at democratic rallies, and I take this occasion to testify to the magnificent service he has lone the party. While a good many of his done the party. While a good many of his friends were anxious for him to enter the race for the nomination I never heard him mention it. I think if he had been a candidate I would have found it out. As for that sterling democrat from Habersham county, Colonel J. W. Robertson, there is not a man in the district who has the confidence of the democrats to a more marked extent than he. He has made several speeches in the district by invitation, and indeed has spoken only by invitation. But he is always ready to respond when asked, and he makes about as good a speech as a man ever listened to. The democracy of the ninth district has every-reason to feel proud of Candler and Robertson, for they make a democratic duet which is hard to down."

proud of Candler and Robertson, for they make a democratic duet which is hard to down."

"What do you think of the outlook in the ninth district."

"The nominee will be elected. Of course there will be vigorous opposition by the third party. It looks now as if Winn will receive the nomination, as he would have received the democratic nomination had he been true to the party. Indeed, I had no idea of running until Colonel Winn suddenly deserted his colors. I do not think there would have been the slightest opposition to him had he not done so. The democrats of our district would have cheerfully tendered him the satisfaction of an endorsement had he allowed them to do so. But of course, his flop removed him from democratic consideration, and it was then that I announced."

"Should you be nominated and elected, will you not be the first congressman elected from north of the river in your district for a good many years?"

"Yes, for a long time. The last, I think, was Colonel H. P. Bell, of Forsyth, who was elected in 1876. But he fived only a few miles to the north of the river. The mountain section of the district, comprising a majority of the counties of the district, has never had a congressman, with the exception of Garnett McMillan, who was elected from Habersham, though he lived to the south of the river. The boys up in the mountains seem to take a musual interest in my race because the thought it time that our section should have a showing."

"If nominated, you will stump the dis-

I will, and we will carry it by a big ma-ity. We will increase the democratic jority of all of the mountain counties d will roll up a balance big enough to ow for whatever defection there may be

BIDS WERE PUT

Bichmond and Danville Changes Its

Passenger Men Around.

RECEIVER GARRETT IS VERY BUSY

When He Got the Atlanta and Plorid Back There Was Not Enough Cash on Hand to Hire a Dray.

The contract for the Georgia, Carolina

rintendent Winder has been busy for two days going through the bids and hunt-ing for the lowest and best one. He wants to see work started this week, and will re-quire all the grading to be finished in ninety days from the date the

ays from the date the contract is signed He declares that the Georgia, Carolina and

He declares that the Georgia, Carolina and Northern must be in the union depot by November 1st, and if the contractor does not get through with the grading by October 13sh he will forfeit \$500 a day for every day thereafter.

The Georgia, Carolina and Northern is spending all its earnings in betterments. One hundred carloads of stone ballast are being put on the line every day, and that has been going on for two or three months. Every mile of road from Atlanta to Monroe is to be ballasted with stone. By this time next year the superintendent expects to have a roadbed over which trains can make a mile a minute as they do on the northern end of the Seabourd system.

Shifting Men Around.

Shifting Men Around.

Shifting Men Around.

Mr. Alex Thweatt has been appointed eastern passenger agent of the Richmond and Danville, with headquarters in New York. His appointment takes effect on Friday, but he will not go north until the first of next week. He will be succeeded here as district passenger agent by Mr. W. H. Tayloe, chief clerk to Assistant General Passenger Agent S. H. Hardwick. Mr. Bergeant will succeed Mr. W. A. Kelley as city ticket agent, and Mr. Wood, of Macon, will come here to succeed Mr. Brooks as assistant to the ticket agent.

These are all efficient men. The promotions are made on the records of the men. Mr. Kelly goes to his old home, West Point, Va. He has given thorough satisfaction, for he has conducted his office most creditably since he came to Atlanta, and the superior officials speak of him highly. He has an offer of a position at West Point.

New Ticket Office The Georgia, Carolina and Northern will open a ticket office in the Kimball house just as soon as it can be fitted up. An office has been secured on the Wall street corridor, between the Postal Telegraph's quarters and the south entrance.

Atlanta and Florida Affairs. Judge Tompkins, as counsel for the Central Trust Company, of New York, has filed a motion in the superior court asking to have the Atlanta and Florida receivership litigation removed to the United States

Receiver Garrett has the headquarters back in Atlanta, and is working hard. He turned between two and three thousand dollars over to Receiver Plant with the road. When he got it back last Saturday he had \$10,000 of unpaid salaries and current expenses, and not enough money in the treasury to pay for hauling the records to the Macon depot.

Another belt road is being talked of. It is projected to run from the Atlanta and Florida around on the east of the city to the Georgia, the Georgia, Carolina and Northern and the Richmond and Danville. The Atlanta and Florida had a right of way once for a belt line, but it was sold to individuals.

Captain Comer Appointed Receiver Montgomery, Ala., July 12.—(Special.)—In the circuit court of the United States today before Judge Bruce H. M. Comer was appointed sole receiver of the Central Hallroad and Banking Company of Georgia, at the suit of the Central railroad vs. the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New York.

A Street Car Line from Greenville.

Greenville, S. C., July 12.—(Special.)—Our city council, at a meeting this afternoon, granted a franchise for an electric railroad to H. H. Carson, southern manager of the Thomson-Houston company. The conditions are that the road is to be exempted from taxation for ten years, work is to be commenced in six months, and at least four miles to be completed in fiften months. The prospect is halled with joy by our citizens. A Street Car Line from Greenville

SAVANNAH IS HAPPY.

Captain Purse's Campaign for Deep Water Got \$3,000,000. Savannah spent \$0,000 on a deep water cam-paign and has \$3,000,000 in the river and har-

work was begun just about a year ago.
McDonough was chairman of the combut Captain D. G. Purse took the lead-

mittee but Captain D. G. Purse took the leading part in the work. He has devoted his time and energy to enlisting and for the Savannah river and pushed the river's cause everywhere that any good could be accomplished. An endorsement of the project was secured from the legislature. Then the body was taken down to Savannah. The governor corresponded with the executives of other states. Workers were sent out among the alliances and endorsements were freely given. During the early winter Captain Purse made an extended trip through the west and obtained more endorsements from commercial bodies.

Congressman Lester was strongly backed up, not only by the Georgia delegation but by congressmen from all over the south and west. A public celebration is now proposed for Cap-tain Purse and Colonel Lester.

MIN HE QUITS THE CHORUS.

Augusta, Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—Miss Margie McGuire, of Boston, whose stage name is Minnie Lovett, and who is a chorus singer in the Deshon Opera Company, was quietly married early this morning at the Planters' hotel to Mr. L. R. Boynton by Rev. W. W. Wadsworth. The marriage was so quiet, indeed, that it did not leak out until this afternoon. Mr. Boynton is a representative of a New York commission house and has been living in Atlanta several weeks, where the opera company has been performing. He came here this morning with The troupe from Macon. Mr. Boynton says his meeting with Miss Lovett, who is a pretty young lady, was not sudden, as he has known her several years.

The bride appeared tonight with the troupe, but she will leave the company and go to New York tomorrow with her husband. Drummer

SOCIETY GOSSIP.

Messrs. Charles Allan, Dave Gibson, Claude Browne and R. W. Caruthers, accompanied by Misses Jennie Allan, Alice Browne and Annie Robinson, all of Augusta, Ga., have been spending the last several days in the city. While in the city the party took in all the principal points of interest. They left for home last night, after spending a very enjoyable time.

Dr. and Mrs. Todd and their lovely daughter, Miss Louise Todd, have returned from a visit of several weeks at Cumberland.

A. K. Sengo and wife, of New Orleans, are at the Markham house and will remain in the city until Friday afternoon:

The Confederate Veterans.

Jackson, Miss., July 12.—The third annuel session of the grand camp of the Confederate Veterans was held in this city today, Governor John M. Stene, grand commander, presiding. He delivered an able, patriotic address, which was applicated. Mississippi grand camp was discontinued and will hereafter be known as Mississippi division of the United Confederate Veterans, of which General John B. Gordon is grand commander.

THE PAGE THAT KILLS.

A Holiness Minister's Rapid Vall—He Was
Arrested Yesterday.

The Rev. John Keisler and John Keisler, the burgiar, one and the same person within twelve months' time.

The Rev. John Keisler, devout, respecta-ble, popular. John Keisler, burglar, suffer-ing the tortures of delirium tremens, in a cell where he had been placed for burglary— seedy, broken in spirit and utterly wrecked

physically.

His fall was as rapid as it was complete. John Keisler was raised near Toccoa Falls, Ga., and when he came to be a man was devout and pious. At the age of twenty-five he became a convert to the doctrine of Holiness, and finally became a Holiness preacher. He gathered a little band around and none stood higher than he. The wine cup tempted the Holiness preacher and he fell. He was caught drunk by his flock and expelled in disgrace. With his weakness made public, Keisler went rapidly to the bad. He drank like a sailor and went in the worst of company.

ness made public, kessler went rapidly to the bad. He drank like a sailor and went in the worst of company.

Several months ago the marshal of Tocco was shot and it was said that Keisler was implicated, but there was no satisfactory evcidence of it. Keisler left Toccoa and went to South Carolina. Yesterday morning Call Officer John Abbott arrested Keisler, thinking him an escaped convict. He carried his prisoner to the station house. Detective Dave Looney was in the police station and recognized Keisler as a man wanted in Seneca, S. C., for robbery. The store of Mr. J. T. Gignignallit at that place had been robbed of \$1,000 in money and merchandise. Detective G. W. Shackleford, of this city, worked up the case and captured three negroes who belonged to the band which had robbed the store, but failed to find Keisler at the time.

When Keisler was brought to the police station he was suffering from delirium tremens and could give no connected account of himself. He only begged pitously for a drink. He has evidently been drinking to excess recently. He was locked up and the authorities at Seneca, S. C., were notified.

He will be carried back to Seneca in a day or so.

Keisler is well known at Toccoa.

day or so. Keisler is well known at Toccoa.

THERE WAS POISON

Arrest. Two dusky damsels and one ebony-hued lover gave Captain Billie Crim a case to exercise nis detective abilities upon yesterday.

When the shrewd detective got through investigating this colored romance he arrested one of the dusky maidens.

Back of this hangs a tale.

Rachel Stowers is a dusky maiden, and so is Nancy Kendali. The colored swaln is unanned.

Nameless as he shall be in this story, he loved one of these maidens and he paid court to both. Uninckly for him their families both lived in different apartments of the same house, and when he called on Rachel, Nancy's jealous eyes saw him, and vice versa. But the gullant continued to pay court to both, even at the risk of incurring their displeasure. The two maidens brooded over their troubles, and doubtless plotted vengeance.

two maidens brooded over their troubles, and doubtiess plotted vengeance.

Last Wednesday night Rachel Stowers came home late from prayer meeting and drank coplously of some coffee which had been kept for her. Soon after drinking it she was taken vicientiy ill, and when a physician was called he pronounced her suffering due to poison. He investigated the coffee, and an analysis revealed the presence of enough arsenic to kill a dozen pathets.

of danger.

he case was put in Detective Crim's hands,
i after investigating the case he arrested

cy Kendall and swore out a warrant

rging her with assault with intent to mur
She was committed to jail on that

charge.

She stoutly declares her innocence. She will not be given a preliminary hearing until there is some decisive change in the condition of the poisoned woman.

HE SUES FOR A FINGER. Frank Rives, a Little Eleven-Year-Old Boy,

Files a Suit Yesterday. Frank Rives, a boy eleven years old, who worked in the factory of the Trowbridge Furniture Company, and who had one of his fingers taken off while attending his duty in the factory, yesterday filed a suit through his next best friend, Mrs. M. A. Rives.

He claims that the company was negligent and that he ought to have \$2,000.

The attorneys for the plaintiff are Messrs. Glenn & Slaton.

By some mistake it was announced that Colonel Milton A. Candler would speak at Clarkston last night. The colonel filled an appointment at Villa Rica on that date, and will speak at Clarkston tomorrow night.

Judge Van Epps was engaged yesterday in the trial of two important cases—the suit of J. T. Clarke against the Consolidated railof J. T. Clarke against the Consolidated railroad company for \$5,000, and the case of J.
M. Gann against the Georgia Pacific Railroad
Company for \$10,000. A sealed verdict in
the former case was returned yesterday afternoon, but the other case was not concluded. The attorneys for Clarke were Mayson & Hill, opposed by Messrs. N. J. & T. A.
Hammond and Eugene & Gordon Mitchell.
The attorney who represented Mr. Gann was
R. J. Jordan, while Colonel Emmet Womac.

appeared for the railroad.

Hon. Wiley B. Burnett, one of the most prominent members of the Athens bar, was in Atlanta yesterday.

"I have just come over," he said, "to spend the day here—on no special business, but fists because it does a man good every once in a while to come over and rub himself agairst Atlanta. It shines him up, so to speak, and makes him feel better for work when he gets home. My folks are off summering and I just concluded I would put in a day here, and that is what I am here for."

So spoke the genial gentleman from the Classic City, who numbers his friends in Atlanta as he does in Athens, and he is always made to feel about as much at home here as at his own home.

at his own home,
"We are having a lively time with the "We are having a lively time with the third party in our section," said Captain Burnett, "but everything will be all right. It appears to be stronger in Jackson county than anywhere else in our immediate neighborhood. We are not as yet troubled with it to any great extent in the eighth district, and Judge Lawson will of course have a walkover for both the congressional nomination and the election."

HOW THE HORSES RUN.

Washington Park Races.

Washington Park Races.

Chicago, July 12.—First race, three-quarters of a mile, Legrand won, Annt Jane colt second, Inland third. Time 1:16-3-4.

Second race, six furlongs, Sunshine Whisky won, Tim Murphy second, Salonica third. Time 1:15.

Third race, Drexel stakes, \$1.500 added, one mile, You Tamblen won, Galindo second, Chief Justice third. Time 1:42.

Fourth race, mile and a furlong, Borealis won, Innocence second, Chapman third. Time 1:56.

Fifth race, one mile and seventy yards, Semper Rex won, Zaldyar second, Van Buren third. Time 1:47.

Sixth race, six furlongs, Eclipse won, Falero second, Helter Skelter third. Time 1:15-14.

Monmouth Park Races.

Monmouth, Park, N. J., July 12.—First race,

Monmouth Park Races.

Monmouth, Park, N. J., July 12.—First race, seven furlongs, Kingston won, Strathmeath second, Reckon third. Time, 1:26.

Second race, Atlantic stakes, six furlongs, Sir Walter won, Comanche second, Lawiess third. Time, 1:13 1:2.

Third race, Shrewsbury handicap, one and one-quarter miles. Scout won, Demnth second, Raceland third. Time, 2:33 1:2.

Fourth race, five furlongs, Chicago won, Simmons second, Minnehaha third. Time, 1:00 1:2.

Montesuma and Fort Valley.

Fort Valley, Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—At Montesuma today the Fort Valley "Peach How" baseball team defeated the E. B. ewis club, of Montesuma, by a score of

The Water Is Geing Down. th, Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—The river saching the unusual height of twenty-et eight inches at 6 o'clock this morn-been signed.

THIRTEEN INNINGS

Were Played by Atlanta and Chattanooga Yesterday

THE GAME WAS A

The New Atlanta Team Put Up Great Game, So Did Chattanooga. Two Games Today.

Thirteen innings and yet no game. That was the way Atlanta and Chatta-

nooga played yesterday.

And the game was one of the very best ever seen on a southern baseball field. Sullivan was out to pull in a victory, while Charley Morton was just as greedy for the same thing. Had Hofford been half way clever Atlanta would have had the game so Mr. M. B. Ochs, of The Chattanooga Times, says.

Tom White's baseball parlors were

crowded during the game by Atlanta fans and as inning after inning was rolled off the interest and enthusiasm increased. Every play was closely watched, and as man after man went out without hurting Atlanta, confidence in Morton and his men

went up.

Colcolough was in the box for Atlanta and pitched a fine game. Chattanooga could do nothing with him, while on the other hand Atlanta found Baker when he was most needed. All the new men were game and all made a fine impression How It Was Done.

Manager Morton put up the same team is on the day before, except the battery. Colcolough went in the box and Schabel stood behind the rubber to receive his de Umpire Hofford asked Shortstop Hill Umpire Hofford asked Shortstop Hill to sample Mr. Colcolough's delivery for the Chattanooga team, and he did so, making a clean hit by "Pop" Smith for one base. McCann then was given first on four bad balls, but Burke struck out before either he or Hill could move. Somers went out from Smith to Motz, and Hill was doubled at second. That let Chattanooga out with one hit and no runs.

Doneghue went out on his grounder at first by Baker's assist, and Prescott died at the same bag. Hill went out on three strikes.

strikes. Chattanooga could do nothing in the se

Chattanooga could do nothing in the second.

Motz came up with his stick after the Chattanoogans had taken the field and got first because Baker was too wild. Ardner's hit sent Motz to second and Smith's two-bagger drove Motz across the rubber and gave Ardner third. Graham's suicide gave Smith third and sent Ardner home. Smith trotted over the plate on Schabel's two-bagger, and Colcolough struck out. Then with Doneghue up, Schabel was thrown out trying to steal second.

Three runs for Atlanta!

It made all the fans feel good—mighty good.

It made all the fans feel good—mighty good.

Ryan's hit just over Pop Smith's head opened the third, and with Geiss up a wild pitch let the long Irishman trot by Joe Ardner and stop at Graham's resting place. Geiss was given first on four balls, and attempted to steal second. Schabel tried to cut him off but made a wild throw, letting Ryan in. Hill's grounder to Colcolough was thrown too quickly to Motz, but McGann's hit to Graham was safe. Burke let the side out by dying at first, Colcolough making a beautiful assist.

Doneghue made a pretty hit in the third, but after stealing second was killed at third as Prescott died at first. Hill flew out to McCann and that ended the third.

Somers and Baker struck out and O'Connell went out at first on Ardner's assist.

Motz was given his base on balls, but Ardner, Smith and Graham went out before he could make a circuit.

Doyle, Ryan and Geiss went out in quick succession.

uccession.

Schabel made a hit and was sacrificed to econd by Colcolough. Doneghue fouled out to Doyle and Prescott flew out to Mc-

Cann.

Hill's grounder to Smith and Smith's high throw to Motz gave the 'Noogan first, but he was retired at second on McCann's death from Smith to Motz, the double play being a beauty. Burke went out at first, thanks to Pop.

Frank Hill went out from Baker to Ryan. Motz flew out to Somers and Arders out at first.

er quit at first. ner quit at first.

Smith collared Somers's slow hit and threw him out at first. Baker was given first and O'Connell's bunt to third was thrown wild. That let Baker score and put the Irishman on second. Doyle sacrificed him to third and Ryan's hit scored him. Gelss went out at first.

That tied the score.

And it ended the run getting.

Smith, Graham and Schabel went out in the eighth without shaking hands with Ryan.

Smith, Graham and Schabel went out in the eighth without shaking hands with Ryan.

Hill was given his first and advanced to second on McCann's hit. Burke flew out to Prescott and a passed ball gave Hill third and McCann second. Somers's bunt was quickly handled by Colcolough and Hill was thrown out at the home plate. Baker flew out, leaving a man on third and first.

Colcolough opened with a hit and Baker let him have second on his failure to handle Doneghue's bunt. Prescott then out. Hill's hit advanced Colcolough and Doneghue and the bases were full when Motz came up. But Motz flew out and Ardner struck out.

Baker made a hit and went to second on O'Connell's sacrifice. Doyle sacrificed Baker to third, but he was left there on Ryan's fly out to Ardner.

Schabel was given his first after Smith had struck out and Graham had gone out at first. But Colcolough flew out, leaving Schabel on second.

Geiss flew out to Hill, but Chattanooga's Hill beat his bunt out. McCann flew out to Graham and Burke did the same to Ardner.

Prescott's fly was pelled down by Geiss and Hill died the same way out in left. Motz touched the ball for three bags, but didn't get any further because Ardner went out at first.

Keenan, who was put in Somers's place, struck out. Baker was given his first, but died at second on O'Connell's grounder to Graham. Ardner was quick enough, too, to throw O'Connell out at first, the double play being a beauty.

Smith flew out to O'Connell and Graham did the same to Baker, while Schabel fouled out to Doyle.

Doyle flew out to Hill, Ryan hit to Graham and was thrown out at first, the double play being a beauty.

Smith flew out to Hill, Ryan hit to Graham and was thrown out at first, the double play being a beauty.

Smith flew out to Hill, Ryan hit to Graham and was thrown out at first, the double out to Doyle.

Doyle flew out to Hill, Ryan hit to Graham and was advanced by Hill's hit. Both men were left by McCann's foul out to Schabel. Colcolough struck out, Doneghue went out from third to first and Presc

Burke struck out, Keenan flew out to Prescott and Baker went out from Graham to Motz. Hill flew out and so did Motz and Ardner.

Hill flew out and so did Motz and Ardner.

What Mr. Ochs Says.

Chattanooga, July 12.—(Special.)—The Gate
City can be proud of its ball tossers, and when
the boys get in form and in harness together,
other Southern League teams will have to
strengthen if they hope to stay with them.

Today the visitors outbatted and outplayed
the locals but a wild throw by Colcolough
over Motz's head kept them from winning.

The new Atlanta men are all jewels, and
can assure The Constitution readers that
Atlanta now has a team second to none in
the league.

Atlanta now has a team second to none in the league.

Smith's work at short in both games has never been excelled here, and notwithstanding a fumble is charged against him today, all agree that he is the best infielder in the south. Graham's playing on third is brilliant, and his throwing a trent to witness. Mots, the new first baseman, tried hard to win today's game and once when he rapped the liver for three bags it looked like he would succeed. He is a giant hitter, and will do to bank on.

Hofford might have made an honest attempt to deal square today, but his leanings were certainly all in favor of Chattanooga, and

In every close decision, and there were many, Atlanta got the worst of it.

Colcolough pitched an exciting contest, resulting as it did in a draw game after thirteen innings. The game was hotly contested from the start to the finish. Atlanta scored three in the second on a base on bails and two hits. Chattanooga scored one in the third on Ryan's hit and a wild throw. The score was tied in the seventh on a base on bails, two hits and a wild throw. Two games will be played tomotrow.

M. B. OUHS.

CHATTANOOGA. A	B.R	BH.	SH	PO.	. A.	1
Hill, 88	0	4	0	1	8	
McCann, If	0	1	0	4	0	30
Burke, 3b	. 0	0	0	0	2	
Somers, rf4	0	1	0	3	0	恶
Baker. p	1	1	-	1	5	
O'Connell, cf	1	1	1	1	0	39
Dovle, c5	0	- 0	1	13	1	
Ryan, 1b	1	2	0	12	3	2
Geiss, 2b4	0	1	0	4	2	
Keenan, rf2	o	ô	n	0	ō	
		_	_	_	200	102
Total	3	11	2	39	16	
ATLANTA. A	B.R	BH	6H	.PO	. A.	1
Doneghue, If6 Prescott, rf6	0	2	0	0	0	
Prescott, rf6	0	0	0	2	0	
Hill. cf	. 0	- 1	0	2	1	
Motz. 1b4	1	1	0	14	2	
Ardner, 206	1	-	0	-6	5	
Smith, 886	ī	ī	o	2	4	
Graham, 3b	ō	ō	1	2	- 3	
Schahol a 4		.,	â	10		

Total48 3 11 1 30 20 2 Score by innings: Chattanooga ...0010002000000-3 Athita0300000000000-3 Score by innings:
Chattanooga ... 0 0 1 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3
Aikt ts 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3
Summary-Earned runs-Chattanooga, 1;
Atlanta, 2 Two-base hits-Smith, Three-base
hits-Motz. Stolen bases-Hill of Chattanooga
1. Bases on called balls-Hill, McCann, Baker,
2. Geiss, Motz 2, Schabel. Struck out-By
Baker, 7; by Colcolough, 5. Wild pitches-Colcolough, 2. First base on errors-Chattanooga,
2. Double plays-Geiss to Byan, Burks to
Byan to Hill, Smith to Motz, Graham to Ardner to Mots. Passed balls-Schabel. Time of
game-Two hours and twenty-five minutes.
Umpire-Hofford.

It's a Good Team.

The Chattanoga people are now satisfied that Atlanta has a good team. The Times

that Atlanta has a good team. The Times of Monday says:

"There is no doubting but that they help to make a splendid team. Campfield is the star twirler, and had he received the proper support yesterday there would not have been such a wide difference in the score. He held the locals down to six hits and kept them scattered through the game in a very clever manner. The infield was affected mostly, and errors by Graham, Porter and Motz were particularly costly. The Atlanta butfield cannot be excelled in the Southern League. Dongshue, the left fielder, covered himself with glory. He has a clever knack for getting his base on balls, and, is an admirable hitter and base runner. The same can be said of Hill and Prescott."

They Are Home Again.

They Are Home Again. They Are Home Again.

Manager Morton sent a batch of the Atlanta players home yesterday. Long, Friend, Porter, McGann and Foster came down and will remain idle until the team comes in tomorrow night. Before Morton leaves on his next trip there may be many changes.

Macon Shut Out in Birmingham. Birmingham, Ala., July 12.—(Special.)—Bir-ningham won the first game of a series with Macon here today, by a score of 1 to 0. Schmidt, the crazy Dutchman, did the Macon Schmidt, the crazy Dutchman, did the Macon twirling act, but the blues found him for four hits, one of which was a two bagger. The weather was threatening when the game was called, so the visitors played ball fast up to the fourth inning in order that their share of the gate receipts might be secured, but after that they played sluggishly, seeing that the game was gone unless providence should frown and send down rain on the locals. Old phenom Petty wouldn't have it, though, and pitched so fast that the visitors never found his ball, for even a single. The only run scored was in the first. Gans hit safe by second bag, went to second on a balk and scored on Klusman's hit and Jones's error. The grounds were very slow.

Mobile Takes Two from Montgomery.

error. The grounds were very slow.

Mobile Takes Two from Montgomery.

Mobile, Als., July 12.—(Special.)—Mobile shut out the visitors in the first game on the pitching of Daniels and the all-round good playing of the home team, Frank and Hazen fielding brilliantly. Trout caught a pretty game. Agan was hit freely. In the second contest Wittrock had the Montgomery hitters at his mercy, giving them two singles. Frank and Behan fielded this game out of sight. Wittrock's hitting was a feature. The attendance was 800 for the first game.

Score by innings—first game:

Mobile1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -2 H. 9, E. 1

Montgomery ... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -0 H. 6, E. 3

Batterles—Agan and Peitz; Daniels and Trosts.

Score by innings Mobile

Memphis Was Not In It.

Memphis Was Not In It.

New Orleans, July 12.—(Special.)—Ab Powell set a good example to New Orleans today, fielding, batting and running bases with vigor. The nine followed in playing a daring game, and Memphis was not in it. The shut out, however, was mainly due to Ortman's superb pitching; not a single safe hit being made off his delivery. He received perfect support. Memphis played an almost equally faultless game. Sherwood yielded hits when they

Batteries—Ortman and Adams, sale and Bolan.

They Want to Play.

The Gate Cities have organized a baseball club and are willing to play any ameteur club in or out of the city. All challenges accepted by the manager, Wood McDonald, No. 22 Stonewall street. The team will be: Sawyer, catcher; Wilson, pitcher; Stnart, first base; Wilson, shortstop; Haverty, second base; Wilson, third base; McDonald, left field; McConnell, center field; Cooper, right field.

Baseball in Valdosta.

Valdosta, Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—The second game of baseball between Valdosta and Albany this afternoon was won by Valdosta in a score of 15 to 7. The visitors were not in it after the third imning, and ib was an easy walkover for the home team. The Albany team plays here tomorrow, and with the addition of new players will play a strong game.

Diamond Dust.

Leach was given his release yesterday.

Foster will not be needed any longer.

Doneghue is said by Chattanoogans to be one of the finest fielders ever seen in the

one of the finest fielders ever seen in the south.

Atlanta will be home tomorrow and Sullvan's team will be with them.

Kelly is still monkeying with Long, but he can't have him. Come off, Kelly.

George Burbridge wants Frank Hill. So does Atlanta, George.

Atlanta and Chattanooga will play two games today.

Mills is now playing short for Ab Powell's New Orleans team.

Foster will be rele ised.

The Chattanooga Times says: Colcolough is the Charleston wonder, who generally allows the Southern League clubs about two hits per game.

O'Connell is a splendid outfielder.

Minneapolis leads the Western Association.

New York has suspended Shorty Fuller, the shortstop.

Hill. Prescot and Doneghue make a splendid

New York has suspended shorty Filler, the shortstop,
Hill, Prescot and Doneghue make a splendid outfield for Atlanta.
Cincinnati offered New York Muliane and Harricgton in exchange for King and Boyle, but Powers wanted boot.
At the lengue meeting, held in New Orleans Sunday, the Macon team was severely censured for jumping Chattanooga. The assembled managers decided to allow O'Connor and Bolan to play, and refused to throw out the contested Memphis-Atlanta games.

BIG LEAGUE GAMES.

HIGH KICKING.

Commissioner Laird Says It Is Not High Art.

GREAT QUESTION OF EDUCATION.

He Thinks Carmencita and Gautier Offen the Modesty of the Ladies if Not the Men.

Is high kicking high art?
Police Commissioner Laird says it is largely a question of education. Two or three hundred of his friends dropped in to see him yesterday to chat about the resolution which he offered at the board meeting

Monday night. structed the police to arrest any person who gives an obscene exhibition in any theater in Mr. Laird is a member of Trinity Metho

church and on Sunday minister criticized the

allowing indecent exhibitons The given at the theaters. encita and Gautier, and is reported to have said that the little French woman had posed on the stage with one slipper on the floor and the other pointing toward heaven, and she was not holding either slipper in her hand. He is also quoted as adding that when the angels looked down on that spectacle they held their noses.

"I am a member of the police board, and

I wanted to set our body straight on this matter," Mr. Laird stated yesterday. "If matter," Mr. Laird stated yesterday. "If improper exhibitions are being given they should be stopped. The police are made the judges, I suppose, until a case can be brought before the recorder. But the police usually exercise their own judgment as to whether a law has been violated before mak-

Mr. Laird went on to say that Atlanta is

getting too much high kicking.
"Sandy Cohen says we want to make Atlanta a cosmopolitan city and he goes off to New York, scours the Bowery and brings down here a lot of bold women to gyrate around in scant drapery before the ladies of our city. Our people go to the theater ex-pecting to see a refined show and instead be-hold a Spanish woman exhibiting her legs. Now Fay Templeton is to be brought here with a lot of girls who, if they give the dance that the picture in an afternoon paper yesterday purported they'd give, will offend any refined nature. You have seen those pictures of the women kicking as high as their heads? Now that is a nice thing to take a lady to see, isn't it? Let a woman walk out on Whitehall street there and kick as they say those women did last week at DeGive's and she would be arrested in less than five minutes.'

Mr. Laird was standing under the awning in front of his store as he spoke. On a grocery box inside the door were half a dozen yellow dodgers announcing the coming of Fay Templeton with the "greatest constellation of artists that has ever ap-

constellation of artists that has ever appeared in the south."

The rhetoric was in Impressario Cohen's most lurid style, and concluded with the statement that "The Widows" would be introduced. Some boy had thrown the dodgers in there, probably ignorant of the grocer's opinions on skirt dancing.

Mr. Laird did not pretend to draw the line and say how much or how little kick-

ing is allowable. Indeed, he remarked that it is a matter of taste.

"A refined, modest young girl feels a repugnance," he said, "when the actress raises her skirt just the least bit above the ankle. A man who is accustomed to going to theaters watches a dancer kick at a gas jet over her head and calls it art. An old bald-head, who has been through the mill goes down to the front row, looks at the premiere try to kick a hole through the roof and he calls that high art. The higher the kicking the higher the art.

"The question of vulgarity is to be decided by Judge Calhoun or Judge Westmoreland. The policeman would simply act on his judgment in-making an arrest. We have laws on our books and should enforce them or repeal them. A prencher criticizes us before a congregation and the impression goes out that we are derelict in our duty. We had an institution known everywhere as the Piedmont exposition. Its conception was splendid and its purpose highly commendable. Sandy Cohen set up a big ballet out there and the enterprise was paralyzed. We have a great city, with splendid prospects. People come here because of the great advantages which it offers and because it has a high moral tone. But what will it come to? Nebudchadnezzar made Babylon a grand city. His son, Belshazzar, wondered what he could do to perpetuate it. He gathered together 1,000 profligate young men and they threw themselves into all sorts of debauchery and licentiousness. Belshazzar was killed in his palace almost before he knew that the enemy was at the gates of the city."

Mr. Laird fears that the moral tone of Atlanta will be lowered by the impressario's kickers. He blames church members, too, for going to see these performances, Mr. Laird has strong convictions on this line and speaks earnestly. He has not seen the kicking which has been going on, but he judged from the descriptions in the papers that it was of a character which a great many people would not want to see.

He does not consider Carmencita's antecedents a recommendation to an Atla

concert hall in New York was against nor, he declared.

When it was mentioned to him that the majority of the theatergoers criticized Carmencita for wearing too much drapery, he replied that he understood she was not embarrassed in any way by the length of it.

An elderly gentleman who came up while Mr. Laird was chatting remarked that the preachers are too lenient themselves in this matter. Their members go to the theater and sit in the front row. Then the preachers do not say a word at the morning service, but jump on the dancing at their night sermons, when the theatergoers are not at church.

church.

"The criticisms fall on we old fellows who do not go to the theaters, but who do go to church twice on Sundays," he added.

Mr. Laird's resolution, which created general discussion yesterday, will not come up in the police board until next month.

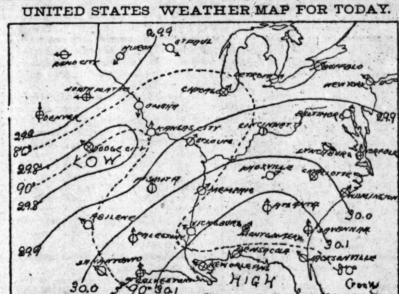
The Departure of Dr. Bak. Evening before last quite an enjoyable reception was given complimentary to Dr. H. Bak by Mr. Jacob Haas at his hospitable house on

tion was given compared to the washington street.

The following gentlemen were present:

Messrs. Julius Dreyfus, Joseph Jacobs and wife, Don. Rich and wife, Mrs. Manuel Rich, Mrs. Morris Adler, Professor Natorp Blumenfeld, violinist; Professor Henry Howell, planist; C. H. Simon and wife, V. H. Kreigshaber, R. A. Sonn, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Newlet, Mr. and Mrs. O. Poppenheimer, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Selig, Mrs. Henry Wellhouse, Mr. and Mrs. S. Tannhauser, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Eiseman, Mr. and Mrs. S. Riseman, Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Grossman, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Eichberg, Mr. and Mrs. S. Landauer, Mr. and Mrs. Sig. Selig, Mr. and Mrs. Alex Ditler, Mrs. Jonas Selig, of Selma; and Misses Metzger, Birdie Dann, Blanche and Clemmie Haas, Jennie Dittler, Mr. Bentamin C. Phillips and the daughters of the factor.

Professor Blumenfeld rendered several selections upon the violin, after which the friends of Dr. Bak made him a present of a handsowe silver service. Mr. Jacob Haas made a pretty speech of presentation. There



Expl

OCLEAR . OFAIR . OCLOUDY SRAIN Arrows fly with the wind. Detted lines traverse regions of equal temperature. Figures at the ends show the degree of heat. Unbroken lines traverse regions of equal barometric pressure. Figures at the end of an unbroken line, as 29.9, 30.0, 30.1, etc., show that the air along the line if high enough to balance that many inches of mercury. Areas of high pressure are accompanied by a clear atmosphere, and "lows" by a moist air, clouds and rain.

The rainfall of yesterday was confined chiefly to the coast states lying between the Mississippi river and the Chesapeake bay. So much rain has fallen in the Gulf coast section, east of the Mississippi, during the past two weeks that it has become a matter of serious speculation as to when rain will cease in this belt. Low barometers are reported over a large area extending from the New England coast to the lakes, thence south-westward to the Rio Grande river. Judging from the rapid movement eastward of this rea in the last twenty-four hours, fair weather may be expected in the south by the latter part of this week. Very warm weather has prevailed in the Mississippi valley and in the west. Last evening at 8 o'clock Kansas City, Dodge City and San Antonio had a temperature of 90 degrees. Today local showers and warmer.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.



ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY. \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18

BUYS SUITS NOW THAT WERE \$15, \$18, \$20 AND \$25.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SUMMER COATS AND VESTS

> -AND-NEGLIGEE SHIRTS.

A. Vosenfeld fox.

24 Whitehall Street, Corner Alabama



The draft riots broke out simulta Nothing that the police could do proved effective until they were reinforced by strong body of troops.

Troops of delighted purchasers are car and Valises. The traveling season is on That means great bustle in our store. Train, steamer and tramp comforts have the call Tempting prices.

ABE FOOTE & BRO.,

34 Whitehall Street.

IN ATLANTA. Twenty-Five Buildings

the R. O. Medlock Harness Manufacturing Company's, the Paul and Gullati building on Peachtree street, also Captain T. G. Healy's and Mr. M. R. Berry's buildings on Marietta street, Mr. S. Root's block or Fear Alabamas treet block on East Alabama street, Mese Pitman & Co.'s, also O. E. Mitchell Bros.', on Whitehall street and I Floyd W. McRay on Nelson street.

of these are tin and iron roofs, and were leaking badly. McDonald's Excelsior Asphalt, Rubber and Iron Coating has been applied these roofs. This coating is the m durable roofing material today on market. It will prevent rust and make your roofs absolutely waterpro If your tin, iron or felt roofs are leak and need painting, order this coating at once. Special prices by the barrel. Esti-mates furnished for coating tin, iron, fell or shingle roofs. All work gu

Ten good agents wanted-send for monials, etc.
T. C. M'DONALD & BRO.

SOLE PROPRIETOR 75 Nelson street, Atlanta, Ga.



AMUSEMENTS

-COMMENCING Thursday, July 14th, '92, The Magnificent Opera Bouffe Company, of the

Park Theater, Philadelphia, headed by the world-famous

Supported by a company of artists and specialists such as never toured the south in new line of operas.

Notwithstanding the tremendous cost of the south aggregation, the prices remain in wonderful aggregation, the prices remain to 50 cents. Sale begins Wednesday at Mill

GENEVIEVE!

EDGEWOOD AVENUE THEATER

Fifth Week! Fifth Week! MacCollin Opera Co
"The strongest and only legitimate Comie Opera
Company heard in Atlanta for years."

CHANGE OF OPERA EACH NIGHT. Monday and Thursday, "FALKA."

Tuesday and Friday, "FRA DIAVOLO" Wednesday and Saturday, "IOLANTHE" Saturday Matinee,

Popular Prices—15, 25 and 50c; no his Seats on sale at Bolles & Bruckner's WE HAVE THE PRETTIEST LINE

"FRA DIAVOLO."

STERLING SILVERWARE

IN THE CITY. Maier & Berkele

93 Whitehall St.

GET YOUR Blank Rooks, L

HRY'RE NOT

Republicans Are as Busy as Swarming Bees.

GRESSIONAL CANDIDATES GALORE.

he Republican Convention to Be Held in Atlanta August 10th-A Talk with Colonel Buck.

republicans of Georgia are not sleep-their tents, neither are they resting

the republicans of Georgia are stirring ut as vigorously as the democrats or the

ley say they are going to be heard before the state campaign is wound up They will hold a ratification meeting at

They will hold a ratification meeting at the courthcuse next Monday night at which their ticket, Harrison and Reid, will be enthusiastically endorsed.

They will have speeches from Colonel A. E. Buck, Ed A. Angier, S. A. Darnell, Wimbish and many others and will raise all the enthusiasm calculated to be raised at a political meeting—such as these ratification meetings are.

A State Ticket.

It is probable that the republicans of Georgia will put out a state ticket this

When asked about it yesterday Colonel A. E. Buck, chairman of the state central committee, said:
"I am unable to say. It is probable that the convention which meets on the 10th of August will have something to say on that line, and it is possible—at least possible—that the convention will see fit to put a state ticket in the field."
"Will the republicans put out candidates for congress in Georgia this year?"

Will the republicans put out candidates congress in Georgia this year?'

"Yes."
"In what districts?"
"In every district in the state, maybe.
arely in most of them. That is to be deded by the districts and not by the conmation. I am inclined to think each disiet will have a republican candidate this
ar, and we are going to fight hard, too,
hen election time comes."

The Republican Convention

the state central committee, is interesting reading:

By virtue of a resolution passed by the republican state convention, on its adjournment on April 12, 1892, providing that it reassemble sarly in August for the purpose of nominating andidates for electors and for the transaction of such other business as might properly come before it. I hereby give notice that the convention will reconvene for purposes indicated at the house of representatives in Atlanta, Ga., at the hour of noon on Wednesday, the 10th day of August, proxime.

At this adjourned meeting of the convention, by the terms of the resolution for reassembling, no proxy will be recognized, when held by any person not a resident of the county in which the delegate giving the proxy resides and hence those having held such proxies in the convention in April last cannot be recognized by the convention on its recognized in August.

It is desired that every delegate be present.

se recognized by the convention of the present, as it will be the inauguration of the presidential campaign on part of the republicans of Georgia. Very respectfully, A. E. BUCK, J. H. DEVEAUX, Secretary. Chairman.

THE CENTRAL BANK BLOCK.

An Interesting Meeting of the Stockholders

he stockholders of the Central Bank Block cotation held a very interesting meeting terday in the office of Dr. H. F. Scott. here was a full attendance of the memors present and several matters of interest e discussed Officers for the ensuing year re also elected.

s's failure that occurred in Atlanta sev-years ago, and the membership is com-entirely of creditors who lost the up of their deposits when the bank sus-

and the Central block was the only reing piece of property that was not thus sed of, the depositors organized into an elation for the purpose of controlling interests in such a way that the proceeds ig from the building might net them in time to refund the amount of their

failure of Mr. James occurred the 16th y, 1884, a little over eight years ago. nining the assets of the bank the agreed with Mr. James to take the ir examining the assets of the bank the bestors agreed with Mr. James to take the serty in hand and dispose of it to the best santage. Everything except the bank block converted into cash and the proceeds aristherefrom divided in an equitable rations therefrom divided in an equitable rations the reductions. The aggregate amount leposits was something in the neighborhood 500,000, and depositors in both large and ill amounts, mechanics and wholesale merats, day laborers and men of wealth, trust the for the benefit of widows and orphans, is up the total of indebtedness due to the cash of the bank. After the sale of the stath creditors organized for the puppose controlling and owning the bank block, the name under which the association chartered was the Central Bank Block ociation. Mr. James for a period of ten rs, ending the 1st of July, 1894, guaranteed the association an annual income of 4 per t arising from the rental of the building capitalized, at \$400,000, and the rental the year as the year before, amounted to but \$12,000 net or 3 per cent of the value the property.

property.

The guarantee of Mr. James expires to f July, 1894, the building, according agreement with Mr. James, will bethe absolute property of the stockhold-nd will net them a dividend of 31-2 per They will continue, as an organization the expiration of their charter, which canted for twenty years, unless by confitness they decide to dispose property earlier, and divide the pro-

THE DEATH WATCH Has Been Placed Upon Peter Daniels, th

The death watch paced to and fro in front of Peter Daniels's cell last night.

Inside the cell the doomed negro slept, a sort of fiful slumber, now and then broker by sudden starts. sort of fiful slumber, now and then broken by sudden starts.

Within a very few feet of the cell in which Daniels lay sleeping stood the grim death trap on which he will spend his life Friday. The summer rain beat dismally upon its stout timbers, and now and then the pale moon peeped through a bank of clouds and threw a weird, silvery shadow upon the scaffold waiting hungrily for its victim.

It looks frightfully ugly and horrid in the darkness.

It looks frightfully ugly and horrid in the darkness.

The gallows stands in the passageway between the rock jail and the frame building cocupied by the United States prisoners. It is the same ugly machine upon which the negro George Washington and the white man Charlie Caburn paid the penalty of their crimes last July. Since its work of death one year ago it has been stored away in the celiar beneath the jail.

Yesterday the trigger was tried, and with the exception of being slightly swollen by the rain it worked all right. Three separate ropes will be attached to it and will be pulled by different men inside of the revenue prison.

His Mother Visits Him.

rain it worked all right. Three separate ropes will be attached to it and will be pulled by different men inside of the revenue prison.

His Mother Visits Him.

Peter Daniels passed the time about as cheerfully as his surroundings would admit of yesterday.

He has been transferred from his old cell. which he occupied with Bea regard Burk, to the big cell, which Charley Ozburn occupied so long.

It is the same cell in which Underwood was kept. All the men who have ever been hung in this county since the fail was built have occupied this cell. Its walls are covered with pictures, many of them drawn by Sam Hill, who was confined in it several years ago.

Between gazing reflectively at these pictures, talking to his visitors and sitting with his face covered in his hands, Daniels spends most of his time during the day.

Yesterday morning Daniels's mother called at the jail to see her son. Daniels was happy to see his mother, and shook her wrinkled hand with very evident delight.

"Where is my boy?" was one of the first questions he asked her.

She could not tell him. The boy was in Greene county the last heard of him. Daniels's mother spent nearly an hour talking with him. She begged him, if he was guilty of the crime for which he is to be hanged to tell her.

"I'm innocent." Daniels said, and no amount of questioning elicited a different answer. He held out to the last that he was hinocent. Daniels's mother left him, promising to come back to see him Friday. She will not winess the hanging, however, but was take charge of her son's body. Yesterday afternoon Jailer Mattox sent Daniels a fine watermelon. The condemned negro smiled at the sight of the luscious melon, and evidentity enjoyed it. Monday Mr. Abe Foote called on Governor Northen to see if there was any hope of getting a respite for the negro. The governor replied that he could do nothing. He shed tears like a boy. But yet he felt that in the interest of justice he could do nothing.

CLARK UNIVERSITY. The Main Building Which Was Destroyed a Few Months Ago Will Be Rebuilt.

be rebuilt.

It was a great blow to the institution when the building, which was perhaps the finest and best equipped negro school in the south, was victimized by the finnes. It was also a great embarrasment to the exercises of the college then in session.

But the building will now be replaced by another equally as tine, and the equipments with which will be furnished will be equally as complete. The amount for which the building was insured was \$21,000, and \$18,000 of that amount has been collected, or will be forthcoming. The old foundation will be used in the new building, and the walls now standing will be retained as far as possible in the new structure.

the plans of the new building will be fully considered.

Any funds that are lacking in the erection of the building will be supplied by the Freedman Aid Society, and that philanthropic organization will see that the money is forthcoming. Professor W. H. Crogman, professor of Latin and Greek, who has been connected with the university for sixteen years, and who is one of the ablest members of the faculty, was seen yesterday in regard to the new building. "It will be equally as good as the old one," said he, "and there will be no delay in getting it ready. It is necessary to complete in it as soon as possible on account of the large number of students that attend the university. Last year there were as many as 375 matriculates, and for the coming year the outlook promises a much larger attendance."

The university is a thorough institution.

ance."
The university is a thorough institution.
In addition to the literary and scientific courses there are also schools for harness making industrial carpentry. Diacksmithing and

POLICE NEWS CONDENSED.

Sergeant Bob Ozburn received a telegram from Conyers yesterday morning announcing the death of his little two-year-old grand-daughter, the youngest child of his daughter. Mrs. Brisondine, who lives pear Conyers. Sergeant Ozburn went down to attend the funcial.

Joe Fincher, the grocer who severely wounded J. W. Bridge in a fight, was given a hearing before Justice Orr, and his bond fixed at \$1,000. It was furnished by Mr. J. E. Maddox. Bridge's condition is favorable and he is regarded as out of danger.

The best evidence of the success and efficacy of Dr. Keeley's double chloride of gold treatment for the liquor and opium habits is the fact that so many physicians are trying to imitate it. There are now over 200 imitations on the market, the most notorious being "The National" and "Southern Bichloride of Gold institutes," "The Houston Narcotic Cure Co.," "The Brockett Improved Gold Cure," and "The Bichloride of Gold Cure Co." "Until recently these initators have confined their operations to the north and northwest, but the competition of the genuine Keeley institutes was too much for them there, and they have been forced to seek other fields of operation. Recently several of them have made their appearance in this section of the country, and already their coming has been heard from, and two deaths reported as the result. One at the Southern Bichloride of Gold institute, Memphis, Tenn., and the other at Chattanooga, by the Houston Cure. This should be a warning to all southern people, especially those in need of a treatment of this kind. When the facts are known, it is not at all strange that deaths should occur at these initiation cures. Double Chloride of Gold, the basis of Dr. Keeley's remedy, is conceded by the profession to be a dangerous medicine to handle, and it was only after many years of experimenting, that Dr. Keeley nerfected his cure and began to use it himself, his secret being in the combination of other medicines, with the Double Chloride of Gold to eliminate its bad effects from the system, and at the same time retain the medical properties of the gold. This he has so completely done that it is impossible for any bad effects to come from his treafment. There are now over 70,000 persons in the United States who have taken the Keeley urea and every one of them will testify to its efficacy and safety. There are only two places in Georgia where the genuine Keeley treatment can be obtained. These are the Keeley institutes, claiming to have the Keeley treatment is an imposter and a frand, and the pu FAKE GOLD CURES.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, July 18, 1834.

ATLANTA BANK STOCKS. Atlanta Nat'l...350
Atlanta B. Co...121
Ger L'n & B. Co. 100
Merch. Bank... 150
Bank S. of Ga...150
Gate City Nat...145
Capital City115 125 102

THE NEW YORK MARKET. The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock

NEW YORK, July 12.-Notwithstanding the city, securities still languish though prices are well held. Silver agitation in all probability is the most important of influences in creat-ing this state of affairs, but labor troubles in ing this state of affairs, but labor troubles in Pennsylvania and the anti-option bill also have their effect in deterring operations of speculative or investment nature. Covering of shorts in the meantime serves to support the market against limited pressure brought to bear in the absence of any special demand. The adjournment of the Western Traffic Association had no apparent effect upon the market, but there was a steady demand during the afternoon from shorts with a smattering of purchases of long stocks, Prices steadily though slowly mounting while fluctuations were in most cases of no special significance. The market finally closed very duil, but firm to strong at best prices of the day, though with the exception of Tennessee Coal. Gains over last night's prices are confined to fractional amounts only. Tennessee Coal Cosed 1.4 higher. Sales of listed stocks, 108,000; unlisted, 5,000.

Exchange quiet and steady at 488 2489/5; commercical

Money easy at 1, @2, closing offered at 2.

		N. Y. Central	1
do. Class B. Is	10414	Norfolk & West, pref.	ň
. C. con. 64	1244	Northern Pacific	i,
do. 40	98	do. preferred	ũ
C. con. Brown	94	Pacific Mail	1
enneasee 6s	106	Reading	
ennessee &	101 %	Reading	
enn. settlement 3e	7436	Rock Island	1
irginia 6s	60	St. Paul	1
brginia consols	35		1
bloage and N. W	116%	Texas Pacific	
do. preferred	140	Tenn. Coal & Iron	d
el. and Laok	100 16	Union Pacific	J
710	26	N. J. Central	
Ast Tenn., new	3.8	Missouri Pacific	g
are Shore.	12170	Western Union	3
amakis & Chan	1076	Brunswick	ď
ald a Ohio	- 00	Mobile & Obio 4	S
sah. A Chat	84	Bilver certificates	ä
rras Pacific lat	77%	Sugar amountain un	á
Ex-dividend.		Super amountained and	8

By Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager.
NEW YORK, July 12.—London was disposed to buy Louisville and Nashville and although the bears made frequent onslaughts they did not bring about a further reaction in this stock. The short interest in it especially is quite large, and unless Europe turns seller the bears will have a hard job to recover the stock they sold yesterday and today. This stock

they sold yesterday and today. This stock is held so extensively on the other side that the Europeans can engineer a little squeeze whenever they see fit.

The meeting of the advisory board took place this morning at the Windsor hotel and the meeting adjourned without doing anything. There was no further trouble in Homestead, and the troops have taken possession of the place.

The silver bill is to come up tomorrow, and we hardly think it will come to a vote as some of the democrats will resort to filbustering. The fate of the anti-option bill is also uncertain, and if it should pass would exert a decidedly unfavorable influence on speculation, but we do not see how the president can sign a measure of this kind. The general market showed strength throughout the day, as no long stocks are coming out. Unless the reports become unfavorable regarding the silver bill a rally on the shorts will ensue.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE Closed dull; sales 98,200 baies The following is a statement of the consolidated not

RECEIPTS EXPORTS. 1892 | 1801 | 1892 | 1891 | 1892 | 1891

Closed easy; sales 23,900 bales.

Closed easy, sales 21,900 bales.

Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Circular.

NEW YORK, July 12—Spinners in Manchester bought fairly on the Liverpool market today, taking 7,000 bales, and the future market was but I point lower at the opening than resterday. This was a much better response than had been expected, and our market opened at a slight advance of 3 points. Agitation, however, over the Hatch bill drives buyers away, and the market eased, losing not only the advance but some 6 points in addition. After the decline the appearance of a prominent house as buyer caused a steadier feeling. During the afternood the improvement noted at noon was lost, the occasion of this decline being the passage by the senate of Senator Washbura's resolution to give the anti-option bill precedence every afternoon at 2 o'clock until disposed of. Opinions as to the future course of prices cannot be discussed frankly so long as this meas-

J. S. Bache & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

By Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager.

NEW YORK, July 12—Early cables from Liverpool reported a firm market there and a better inquiry from Manageriar. Our market here opened a trifle steadle

niceca quiet.

NEW YORK, July 12—Cotton quiet; sales 2,591 bales; midding uplands 7 5-16. Opteans 7 11-18; net receipts 548; gross 3,581; stock 515,468.

GALVESTON, July 12—Cotton steady; midding 7; net receipts 15 bales; gross 18; sales 46; stock 20,564.

NORFOLK, July 12—Cotton steady; midding 7%; net receipts 59/bales; gross 99; sales 94; stock 5,166; exports constrained.

constwine 390.

BALTIMORE, July 12—Cotton nominal; middling 74; net receipts none bales; gross 500; sales none; to spinners—; stock 8, 227; exports to continent 912.

BOSTON, July 12—Cotton dull; middling 74; net receipts 728 bales; gross 1, 388; sales none; stock none; exports to Great Britain 435.

WILMINGTON, July 12—Cotton steady; middling 64; net receipts 8 bales; gross 8, sales none; stock 6, 220; exports to Great Britain 4, 50.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12—Cotton steady; middling 74; net receipts 118 bales; gross 118; sales none; stock 8, 660.

7%; not receipts 118 baies; gross 118; sales none stock 9,680.

8 AVANNAH, July 12—Cotton steady; middling 7; net receipts 292 bales; gross 292 sales 50; stock 11,309; exports coastwise 206.

NEW OBLEAN'S, July 12—Cotton quiet and casy; middling 7:-16; net receipts 1,565 bales; gross 1,744; sales 50; stock 101,701; exports to continent 3,600.

MOBILE, July 12—Cotton nominal; middling 7; net receipts 75 bales; gross 76; sales none; stock 5,686; exports coastwise 144.

MRMPHIS, July 12—Cotton steady; middling 7; net receipts 75 baies; asies 20; shipments 636; stock 28,867.

AUGUSTA, July 12—Cotton dill and nominal; middling 7; net receipts 13 baies; shipments 127; sales 127; stock 8,854.

CHARLESTON, July 12—Cotton quiet; modiling 7.

CHARLESTON, July 12—Cotton quiet; m adling 7 net receipts 17 bales: gross 17; sales none; stock 15,627; exports to continent 3,150; constwise 25.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions. Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, July 12—The liveliness centered today in provisions. Prices for the product opened about 8c higher on light receipts and higher prices of hogs. On the bulge there was free legitimate selling and a good deal of binster in trying to break the market. A weak corn market encouraged this selling. Pork broke '20c from the opening figure and lard and ribs 5637%o. Then there was a halt, and when there was an attempt to buy back there was no one to offer the product. When the scalpers, shorts and raiders turned in to buy they found the bull clique, including Wright, Cudahy and Armour perhaps to help the bulge along. Pork never stopped until there was an advance of 46c from the lowest price. The close was 20c over the last price on the bulge yesterday. Ribs advanced all told 37%c and closed 20c higher. Lard was less active and closed but 5c higher.

Stubbornness characterized the grain market. Trading was not large. Whost was forced off %c carly, but recovered at the clique. Over horse last and all see

ing was not large. Wheat was forced off he carly, but recovered at the close. Corn broke it and also re-bounded. Oats show little change. The leading intures ranged as follows in Chicago today.

7 27% 7 67%

Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter.

By Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager.
CHICAGO, July 12.—Wheat opened a fraction higher this morning, presumably on the large decrease in the amount on passage. As this is the only item of news that could in any way have been called bullish, the demand was not enough to take what was demand was not enough to take what was offered and the price receded about 1-2 cent per bushel and remained during the rest of the session in a very dull and aimost lifeless condition, with trade very narrow, finally closing about same as yesterday.

Corn after opening about the same as it closed yesterday became very easy. The weather conditions as reported by the signal service, were excellent. Some tired longs are believed to have sold out, closing at about 3-8 of a cent reaction from the lowest, but 1-2 cent lower than the close of yesterday with light trading.

1-2 cent lower than the close of yesterday with light trading.

Outs became very easy after opening, because they apparently had nothing to keep them up, no news to inspire buying. Considering the weakness in corn, outs were rather fine when the markets are compared, closing about 1-4 cent lower than yesterday. Provisions have been the strongest in the market today. Prices were slightly higher at the stockyards. Our opening was firm with free offerings for a short time, but later not so plentiful, and shorts became good buyers, ribs leading the advance and closing firm.

GRAIN, PROVISIONS. ETC. CONSTITUTION OFFICE Flour, Grain and Meal.

wheat easier with a monerate business for export; No 2 red 85½iin elevator; opticus closed steady ½@½c under yesterday; No. 2 red July 83½; September 83½; October 81. Corn, spot lower, unsettled and quiet; No. 2 red 53½@4½ if elevator; options closed steady ½dijke under yesterday; July 53½; September 53½; October 53. Oata, spot firmer, irregular and fairly active; options less active and easier; July 35½; September 54½; No. 2 spot 35@35½; mixed western 33@35½.

3.60; fancy \$3.763.36. Wheat in fair demand; No. 2 red new 736.6. Corn easier, No. 2 mixed 48%. Oats in fair demand; No. 2 mixed 314%. Six mixed 48%. Oats in fair demand; No. 2 mixed 314%. Oats in fair demand; No. 2 mixed 318.00. Green—Extra choice 20c; choice good 18c; fair 18c; common 18%. Sugar—Granulated 5c: powdered 6%c; cut loaf 5½c; white extra 0 4%c; New Orleans eholoe 48%60c; prime 36%40c; common 30%336. Molasses—Genuine Cube 35%35c; imitation 22%25c—Teas—Black 36%55c; green 46%40c. Nuture 56%70c. Cloves 25%30c. Cinnamon 16%10. Nitrone 56%70c. Salt—Nate 12% Nitrone 56%70c. Cloves 25%30c. Cinnamon 16%10. Nitrone 56%70c. Cloves 25%30c. Cinnamon 16%10. Nitrone 56%70c. Cloves 25%30c. Cinnamon 16%10. Nitrone 56%70c. Salt—Nate 12%40c. Nitrone 56%70c. Salt—Nate 12%40c. Nitrone 56%70c. Salt—Nate 12%40c. Nitrone 56%70c. Nitrone 56

strained to good strained \$1.52\(\lambda \)(\$2.17\(\lambda \)\$ terpentine dull but steady at \$2.20\(\lambda \).
CHARLESTON, July 12—Turpentine steady at \$2\(\lambda \); rosin firms; good strained \$8.
SAVANNAH, July 12—Turpentine firm at \$27\(\lambda \); rosin firm at \$100\(\lambda \).

Onion \$2.50 p on; crates regsi. 00.

Fruits and Confections.

ATLANTA July 12 - Pears-LeConte \$2.000,1.00 crate
Lemons \$5.00. Oranges - Messina \$3.000,5.00. Coconnuts \$4.00. Oranges - Messina \$3.000,5.00. Coconnuts \$4.00. Pige 13.0150. Rainuns-Selected \$1.500,2.00. Pige 13.0150. Rainuns-Selected \$1.500,2.00. Pige 13.0150. Rainuns-Selected \$1.500,2.00. Pige 13.0150. Rainuns-New California \$2.55. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ boxes \$1.50. \frac{1}{2}\$ boxes \$70. Currants \$70.

Se. Leghorn citron 20.0250. Nuts-Almonds 16c. Peans 13.0160. Pilberts 11\(\frac{1}{2}\). Walnuts
16c. Peanuts-Virginia, electric light 5\(\frac{1}{2}\). Got fancy
handpicked \$1\(\frac{1}{2}\). On the Carolina \$450.

BALLARD HOUSE

A New and Elegant Hotel on Peachtre One of the best and most convenient hotels in the city is the Ballard house. Its location is just opposite the governor's mansion. It has suites and single rooms. Every convenience. The choicest fare.

An Awful Though Unintentional Error, is that of drinking whisky and using oplum and morphine. Stop! Reflect! and apply to Dr. B. M. Woolley, Atlanta Ga., and be cured as thousands of others have been who are now free with unclouded minds and happy familles. A treatise sent free to all applicants.

Rooms over M. Rich & Bros'. store, suitable for dressmaking or offices, etc. M. Rich & Bros. july 6 2-w wed fri

FINANCIAL HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN

DARWIN G. JONES.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Correspondence invited in regard to all kinds of southern investments. John W. Dickey.

AUGUSTA, GA. Corresondence Invited W. H. PATTERSON.

29 East Alabama Street. Room 7. Gate City Bank Building

ATLANTA MORTGAGES, Bearing 7 per cent semi-annual interest, Secured by choice city real estate, On hand for sale. Full information furnished on request.

BARKER & HOLLEMAN,

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—
To the Superior Court of Said County: The
petition of James E. Butler and William T.
Spaiding respectfully shows that they and
their associates, successors and assigns desire to be incorporated and made a body poiitic under the name of the Butler Car Company, for the full term of twenty years,
with the privilege of renewal at the expiration of said time, with power to govern themselves by such rules and by-laws as they may
adopt in conformity with law and this charter,
and with all the common rights, powers, dutles and privileges of corporations under the
laws of Georgia.

The objects of said corporation and the particular business it proposes to carry on for

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—The above is a true copy of the original application for charter of "The Butler Car Company," as appears of fille in this office.
Witness my hand and seal of said court this the 12th day of July, 1892.

Clerk Superior Court, Fulton County, Ga. july13-d5t, wed.

DR. W. H. WHITEHEAD.

Practice limited to Skin Diseases and Diseases of the Genito Urinary Organs. Will take no other class of practice. Atlanta office—Old Capitol building, room 24. Hours 8 a. m.to 1 p. m. Take elevator or Marietta st. stairway. I have a "bath institute" at Lithia Springs, Ga., where I spend the afternoons of each day. Hos Springs system of bathing.

1m-thus sun tues

WHISKY AND OPIUM.

Dealers in Stocks and Bonds

41 Broad, Cor. Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga. STOCKS, BONDS, LOANS,

Stock and Bond Broker.

Dealer in Investment Securities

TO CAPITALISTS!

laws of Georgia.

The objects of said corporation and the particular business it proposes to carry on for profit to its stockholders, are the buying, leasing, manufacturing, seling and renting, or otherwise dealing in, railway supplies and equipment of all kinds and descriptions, such as railroad freight cars, passenger cars, locomotive engines, and railroad supplies and equipment generally.

The capital stock of said corporation shall be FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, divided into shares of \$100 each. All of said capital stock has been fully paid in. Petitioners pray that power be vested in the board of directors of said corporation to increase said capital stock from time to time to any amount not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars.

The principal office of said corporation shall be in Fulton county, Ga., but it desires the privilege of establishing such branch offices elsewhere as its business may require. Petitioners pray for power to own, rent, lease and hold such real estate and other property as may be necessary to procure shops, warehouses, stores and other buildings that may be required in its fusiness, or that may be necessary in carrying out the objects of said corporation, wherefore peltitioners pray that, after compliance with the statutes as to filling, publication, etc., the court may pass an order incorporating them, their associates and successors, under the name and with all the powers and privileges above set out.

And petitioners will ever pray, etc.

ALEX W. SMITH, Petitioners' Attorney, Filed in office July 12, 1892.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—The above as a firm copy of the original application for

The Atlanta Trust & Banking Co

CORNER PRYOR AND ALABAMA STREETS.
Undivided Profits, \$30,000.
TOTAL LIABILITY OF STOCKHOLDERS, \$330,000. A general banking business transacted. Superior advantages for handing collections. Commercial paper discounted at current rates. Loans made on marketable collaterals.

Accounts of Banks, Corporations, Firms and Individuals Solicited.

DIRECTORS: W. A. Hemphill, H. T. Inman, Charles N. Fowier, H. Y. McCord, E. C. Spalding, J. Carroll Payne, A. J. Shropshire, Allen P. Morgan, Alonso Richard

CHAS. A. COLLIER, Vice President. JACOB HAAS, CARD

THE CAPITAL CITY

CITY DEPOSITORY. CAPITAL, \$400,000. SURPLUS, \$100,000. Individual liability same as national banks; transacts a general banking business; commercial paper discounted; loans made upon approved collateral, and collections on points in the United States, Canada and throughout Europe, made on the most favorable terms; draw our own bills of exchange on Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, France, Austria and other European states; invite the accounts of individuals, firms, banks, bankers and corporations; issue demand certificates or savings bank book to drawnterest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum if left 6 months; 4½ er cent perannum if left 12 months

Maddox-Rucker Banking Co.

Capital, \$150,000, Charter Liability, \$300,000. Transact a general Banking Business; approved paper discounted, and loans made on collatera Will be pleased to meet or correspond with parties contemplating changing or opening new accounts sue interest-bearing certificates of deposit payable on demand, as follows: 3% per cent, if left 60 days er cent if left six months, 5 per cent if left 12 months,

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY. CITY NATIONAL BANK

OF ATLANTA, GEORGIA. CAPITAL AND SURPLUS. SAFE DEPOSIT AND STORAGE VAULT. Boxes to rent at from \$5 to \$20 per annum, according to size. Interest paid on deposits as follwas: saues Demand Certificates to draw interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum if left four months; 4 er cent per annum if left six months; 4\(\frac{1}{2}\) per cent per annum if left twelve months. Accommodation is limited solely by the requirements of sound banking principles. Patronage solicited.

MALLARY BROS. & CO.,

MACON, GA.

DROP US A LINE AND GET ESTIMATES ON Engines, Boilers, Gins, Presses,

Saw and Grist Mills,

-OR ANYTHING IN THE-MACHINERY LINE

M. HAVERTY, FURNITURE MAN.

is offering for July the biggest bargains in Parlor, Bedroom, Dining Room and Kitchen Furniture ever before offered in our market. I have in stock 50 Hat Racks, from \$6 to \$50; a nice assortment of Wardrobes, from \$7 to \$85; some handsome Chiffoniers, Ladies' Desks, Rattan Chairs and Couches, a very nice lot of roll and flat-top Desks and revolving Book Cases and Chairs. The cheapest in the city. I have 10,000 odd Chairs in stock which I will sell very low in order to close out; some 50 new Baby Carriages at less than cost; 25 Bed Lounges very cheap. Folding Bods, Springs, Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Fancy Tables, Pictures, Looking Glasses and Commodes. All these goods must be sold to make room for fall stock. Come and get prices before buying and I will save you money. Don't forget the place.

H. HAVERTY, THE CHEAPEST FURNITURE MAN SOUTH,

P. D. WILSON, See W. B. GUIMARIN, V. Pres. THE GUIMARIN - ENGLES CO.

STEAM AND GAS FITTERS, AUTOMATIC SPRINKLERS, PLUMBING AND REPAIRS CONTRACT WORK A SPECIALTY.

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THE PEOPLE WILL HAVE IT.

ATLANTA'S GROWTH.

A Large Humber of New Buildings Going Up in the City.

THE ARCHITECTS ARE KEPT BUSY,

And Report That They Have Never Known Such a Season in the History of Atlanta.

The Growth in Every Direction,

The growth of Atlanta for the past few months has been remarkable, and considering the financial condition of the country the growth and improvement of the city

Usually, during the summer months, when natters are quiet with the merchants and the flow of currency ceases until the cotton is brought into market, there is a general

suspension of work among the carpenters.

But the noise of the hammer has been continually heard in Atlanta ever since last fall, and the strokes, instead of decreasing with the dull, hot summer days, have coninued to multiply as the warm weather advances.

Every part of the city is rapidly under going improvement, and there is hardly a street, even in the quiet portions of town, that does not come in for a share in the general development.

Elegant brick buildings, ranging from \$10.000 colors on in the beart

\$10,000 to \$100,000, going up in the heart of the city, and beautiful suburban homes of every variety of architecture looming rp among the trees in the out-skirts. Such is the comprehensive picture of the work that is now being done in

Besides, a great many old buildings are being overhauled and repainted, extensions added and fences replaced. The appear-ance of things generally is not that of de-pression or hard times, but easy living, and

a plenty of money to spend.

A visit to the architects yesterday revealed them all busily engaged in drawing up plans and getting their contracts in

hape for new work.
"I never saw such a rush for houses in my life," said Mr. Golucke, who paused for a few minutes in the midst of his work to reply to a question that was put to him, it seems that everybody has taken a no tion to build at once. I have houses going up in every part of the city, and contracts for a great many others that will begin to assume shape in a few days."

The other architects were equally busy, and expressed themselves in a similar fashion. There was a hasty impatience about their manner, an air of having a plenty to do, and their different apartments presented a breezy and lively appearance. The following is a list of a few of the buildings that are now going up in the

G. W. Golucke.

G. W. Golucke.

Mitchell block, marble front, Whitehall street; cost, \$25,000.

Brick flats for Sol Cronheim, on Garnet street; cost, \$12,000.

Brick flats, Garnet street, for J. W. Hirschfeld; cost, \$10,000.

Brick flats for Mr. Trotti, on Forsyth street; cost, \$15,000.

Double house for S. Choen Bros., corner Pryor and Rawson streets; cost, \$8,000.

Residence for Captain W. A. Fuller, on Washington street; cost, \$5,000.

Residence for W. Z. Davis, on Pulliam street; cost, \$3,500.

Cottage for C. S. Wynne, on Loyd street; cost, \$1,500. Also cottage for C. V. Roney, on Loyd street; cost, \$1,500; and cottage for Mr. Tom Vickers, on Loyd street; cost, \$1,500.

Residence for J. E. McIver, on Whitehall street; cost, \$4,000.

Residence for J. E. McIver, on Whitehall street; cost, \$4,000. Residence for Mr. Gann, on Lee street, West End; cost, \$4,000. Residence for Mr. Block, on North avenue; cost, \$2,500. Residence for Mr. Boyan, on Angier ave-

Residence for Mr. Boyan, on Angier avenue; cost, \$2,000.
Residences at Inman Park—Mr. Foster, \$6,000; Mr. Stokes, \$6,000; Mr. Harwell, \$3,000; Mr. Hale, \$5,000; Mr. Dayton, \$5,000

Walker streets; cost, \$10,000.

Hesidence for William J. Davis, on Pryor street; cost, \$3,000.

Residence for Harry Lynan, on Pryor street; cost, \$4,000.

Residence for C. L. Owings, on Hightower street; cost, \$2,000.

Residence for Mr. M. B. Owings, corner Luckie street and North avenue; cost, \$2,000.

Residence for Dr. George Payne, on North avenue; cost, \$8,000.

Residence for Dr. George Payne, on North avenue; cost, \$8,000.

Residence for Mrs. Jane Sheenway, on Spring street; cost, \$8,000.

Residence for D. P. Morris, on Peachtree street; cost, \$20,000.

Residence for A. C. Wooley, corner Merritts avenue and Courtland street; cost, \$10,000.

Residence for Mrs. T. R. Ripley, on Jackson street; cost, \$5,000.

Residence for W. A. Walden, on Boulevard; cost, \$3,000.

Residence for G. W. Eaves, on Houston street; cost, \$2,500.

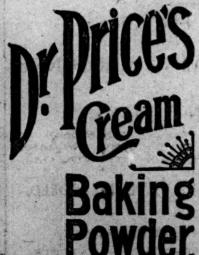
Mr. Golucke is also putting up an elegant building for Messrs. O. E. & William Mitchell on Whitehall street. It will be largely composed of marble and will be one of the handsomest buildings on the street. It will be three stories in height and will be used for the purpose of carrying on a first-class hotel.

Bruce & Morgan.

Bruce & Morgan.

"We are building a great many houses just now," said Mr. Bruce, "and our force is unusually busy for this season of the year. We are adding another story to the biulding of Colone! W. D. Grant's, on Marietta street, and improving it generally, and are also putting up the Emory-Steiner building on Whitehall street."

Then followed an office building for Maddox & Rucker, Concordia hall, a block of stores for F. M. Coker, on Hunter street; improvements for M. Rich & Co., a store on Decatur street for Mr. Hentschel, a residence on Peachtree street for Mr. W. L. Venable, a residence for A. M. Robinson on Peachtree street, a tenement on the Boulevard for W. J. Campbell, and a residence for A. M. Law on North avenue,



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40 Years the Standard.
a Cake and Pastry, Light Flaky
uit, Griddle Cakes, Palatable
and, Wholesome.

esides a great many smaller buildings scatered over the city.

Te following is a list of new buildings turnished by Mr. G. L. Normann. It is only a partial list, however, and hastily

only a partial ast, however, and hashy gotten up:

A residence for P. Romare, on North avenue, \$10,000; a residence for Howard Bel, on Peachtree street, \$10,000; Imman Park church. \$30,000; improvements in Jewish synagogue, police headquarters, Edgewood avenue school, residence of Br. J. D. Turner and a three-story brick building for Mrs. Phillips, besides a great many others. W. T. Downing.

Mr. Downing is the architect for the new Southern Medical college, and under his management the building is rapidly assuming shape. He is also building the Home for the Friendless, a residence for Mr. Will Inman on Peachtree street, an office building for Mr. W. P. Inman, a residence for Dr. A. W. Calhoun on Peachtree, a residence for Mrs. B. E. Crane on Piedmont avenue, a residence for Judge Samuel Lumpkin on Piedmont avenue, a block of granite tenements for Mr. L. B. Nelson, and frame residence for Mr. W. P. Nicolson.

olson.

The other architects have also a great many buildings under way, and come in for a large share of the work that is now going on in the city.

THE TRIBUNE OF ROME

Has Been Sold to Mr. W. G. Cooper and

The Rome Tribune has changed hands and is now the property of a company composed of Messrs, W. G. Cooper, J. P. Cooper, J. N. King and other gentlemen well known in Rome.

The purchasers get a fine property, including The Tribune with all its type and machinery, and the outfit of Captain A. B. S. Moseley's Alliance Herald, which was consolidated with The Tribune some weeks ago. The two plants and the consolidated business were bought from Captain Moseley, who retires from business on account of bad health. He was erecting a new building for the use of The Tribune when he was suddenly taken sick a month ago. Since then he has been unable to give much personal attention to the business, and in the course of a few days will leave for Waukesha, Wis., for his health.

The combined plant of the two papers gives the new company a fine mechanical equipment. It will have two large power presses, two engines and a number of job presses, besides a large assortment of type, etc. One of the power presses is a very valuable piece of machinry, adapted to fine book work. The combined business gives a good daily and week'y circulation and a fine advertising patronage.

The new management enters the field with The purchasers get a fine property, includ-

combined business gives a good daily and weekly circulation and a fine advertising patronage.

The new management enters the field with flattering assurances of support from leading business men, and the outlook is as auspicious as could be hoped for.

Rome offers an inviting field for newspaper enterprise. With seven radiating railroads, it is at once a news center and a fine point for the distribution of papers. The terrifory surrounding the place is one of the richest in the south, both in minerals and in agriculture, and the city itself, with 15,000 people, is a good start for the paper. Mr. W. G. Cooper, who assumes the management of the paper, is thoroughly familiar with the field, having lived there most of his life. He came to Atlanta five years ago last Monday, and during most of the time since then has been connected with The Constitution.

Mr. J. P. Cooper and Mr. J. N. King, the other two principal stockholders of the new company, are prominent and successful business men connected with the cotton business at Rome. Mr. T. F. Howell, the leading cotton merchant of Rome, took an important part in the negotiations which resulted in the purchase of the paper.

Mr. W. G. Cooper, after a few days of rest and recreation, will enter actively upon his new enterprise.

AT EDGEWOOD THEATER-

How "Fra Diavolo" Was Presented to the Audience.
One of the most fashionable and critical one of the most inshionance and critical audiences that has ever assembled at an Atlanta playhouse was that which witnessed the production of Auber's romantic opera, "Fra Diavolo," last night at the Edgewood Avenue theater. This brilliant and masterly nue theater. This brilliant and masterly composition was sung with the greatest musical intelligence and sweetness by the MacColin aggregation, and it now certainty bears the unmistakable stamp of this splendid company of comic opera artists. "Fra Diavolo" will now always be referred to in a happy and pleasing manner by all who heard it sung last night. This charming work as interpreted by the MacColin combination was in short a revelation to the Edgewood's patrons.

The audience seemed heartily in sympathy with its surroundings, and came prepared to witness a strictly first-class production.

Mr. J. Lilse Apple in the title role was most generously welcomed.

In the duo between Miss Hall—Zerlina—Mr.

Residence for T. C. Mayson, on Walker street; cost, \$6,000.

Sixth Baptist church, corner Fair and Welker street; cost \$10,000. Zerlina was a charming one. Her dream song was rendered with a delicate sweetness of expression and beauty. In this character she is greatly admired and her ability as a singer is easily proven. Miss Caseday, as Lady Añcash, and Mr. Leonard, as Lord Allcash, were particularly enjoyable. Miss Caseday's duet with Mr. Leonard was very prettily given, and received the heartiest applause.

Mr. MacCollin and Mr. Pearson's work was highly appreciated. Their make up is enough to convulse a house.

Mr. Warhurst and Mr. Burrows were very good, and the chorus showed evident zeal in its work.

good, and the child to the bill tonight with Miss Caseday in the title role.

ONLY EIGHT DAYS MORE.

ONLY EIGHT DAYS MORE.

The Board of Equalizers Will Finish Its

Work Next Week.

The time for the board of equalizers to finish their inspection of the county books is rapidly approaching.

Only eight more days of the allotted time remain and by another week they will finish their difficent labors.

From the time they entered upon the discharge of their duties, now nearly a month ago, they have worked on an average of ten hours a day, and they have worked, ioo, without interruption except for the purpose of taking their midday meal.

The number of deficient tax returns has fallen far short of the amount anticipated, and the members of the board think that the people of Atlanta have been very unjust in their criticisus against them. A large percentage of the taxes supposed at first to be improperly returned have been found after careful examination to be correct, and the changes made by the board in the tax valuations will not amount to any very considerable sum.

They have been exceedingly careful and painstaking in their examination of the books, and not a single doubtful return has escaped their scrutiny. Whenever an error has been found to exist they have not, in a single instance, hesitated to call the tax payer to account.

When they have dinished their labor and the citizens have a better opportunity to judge of the merits of their work they will, no doubt, heartily apprayer them for their efficient and able service.

"I shall be very glad," said one of the members yesterday who was questioned upon the subject, "when the work of the board hall come to rn end. I think I can breathe a good deal easier, and if I know myself I will never be prevailed upon hereafter to become a member of the board of equalizers, never sir."

And they are all of the same opinion.

And they are all of the same opinion. OFF FOR TYBEE.

At Today's Meeting of the Pulton County

THE DEMOCRATS AND THIRD PARTY MEN

Will Have a Battle Royal-The Live liest Meeting the Organisation Ever Held Is Expected.

The gentle July zephyrs that fill the ambient around Rocky Springs will give way to a stirring political breeze today, which will oscillate through the "oskers"

of third party and the galore.

The big red beard of Dr. John W. Nelms, the brown whiskers of Mr. Sam Taliaferro and the hirsute appendages of Messrs. Jim Austin, Dr. Eli Griffin, Dr. R. L. Hope, A. H. Jackson and J. M. Liddell will be in the wake of an almost

cyclonic disturbance.

The weather prophets have been seeing the omens of the coming breeze since the last meeting of the Fulton County Alliance, when the storm clouds threatened to break But the engagement royal was put off until

The little breezelet that will be turned loose at Rock Springs is in prime condition, and will stir up the boys in good fashion. A Statement of the Case.

In plain English, the Fulton County Alliance meets in quarterly session at Rock Springs today.

It will be composed of sixty-five delegates from the various suballiances in the

gates from the various suballiances in the county.

The political complexion of these delegates is about equally divided between the third party and the democratic party. The odds, if any, belong to the third party contingent. At today's meeting an effort will be made by the third party men to capture the meeting, and run it their own way. They will seek to endorse the candidacy of Weaver and Field, of the third party, and a third party candidate for congress from this, the fifth, district, and a candidate for senator from the thirty-fifth senatorial district will be considered.

This course the democratic alliancemen will resist, and their opposition will not be weak. They claim that to do this would be to make a political machine of the alliance, which is expressly prohibited by the constitution, and thus subvert the ends of that organization.

that organization.

The fight will be a long and stubborn one, and not altogether free from bitterness.

The Same Old Fight. The same old fight that the alliancemen of Fulton have witnessed before will come up again, as to officers for the county organization. It is likely that new men will lead the fight, but it will be fought on the cave livery.

will lead the ngnt, but it will be longer the same lines.

Three months ago the county alliance met in the courthouse here, and it was evident that there were two factions in the body. One was a democratic faction and the other was marshaled under the third party ban-

ner.

The contest was unique. The president, Mr. Sam Taliaferro, was the leader of the third party forces and the vice president, Dr. John W. Nelms, led the democratic hosts. On every point the democratic were victorious, and a resolution endorsing the St. Louis platform was defeated. The third party men claimed that its defeat was due to the absence of a number of their delegates, who were kept away on account of rain.

gates, who were kept away on account of rain.

"Just wait until our next meeting and we'll show you how it stands," they said, and it has been understood by both sides that the meeting today would witness a hard struggle.

It has been furthermore understood that a big fight would be made over the presidency by the two factions. Then, it has been all the talk that Dr. Nelms would be the candidate of the democrats and Mr. Taliaferro the candidate of the third party. That talk continued until within a very few days ago.

days ago.

Then other names began to be mentioned by both sides.

Austin and Hope. Both sides had reasons for this change

After a careful survey of the field it became apparent to the democratic alliancemen that in a square race between Dr. Nelms and Mr. Taliaferro the latter would have a slight majority of perhaps three

have a slight majority of perhaps three votes.

Dr. Nelms was regarded as the strongest man that could be put up, but after considering the situation in all its phases it was decided that Dr. R. L. Hope, the physician at the county penitentiary camp, could capture the necessary votes. Aand, then, Dr. Nelms had declined the place repeatedly, Dr. Hope's name was agreed upon as the strongest candidate.

Just about this time a change came over the sleeping fancies of the third party men. Sam Taliaferro bloomed out into a full blown candidate for congress. If he were to run for congress it would be good polity to have "s'mother fellow" make the race against Dr. Hope.

Who but Mr. James P. Austin, the aggressive ex-president of the county alliance, should be chosen to contest for Congressional Candidate Taliaferro's mantles. His name was agreed upon and it will be presented to agressived as agreed upon and it will be presented to agressive of the county alliance.

gressional Candidate Taliaferro's manties.

His name was agreed upon and it will be presented today.

Austin and Jlope—that's the way the race

Austin and iJope—that's the way the race will be run.

Admitting that the third party men lave a majority of the delegates, the democrats claim that their man will be elected. Several third party delegates, who are neighbors to Dr. iJope, will vote for hin, and it was for this leason that he was selected to make the lace. A great many of Dr. Nelms's friends still insist that he is the man and may still urge his name today.

There are sixy-five delegates to the meeting today, and it is believed that the third party men have a majority of five. But even with this majority, the democrats believe the third party men will be unable to get through their endorsement of the Onaha convention work. Dr. Nelms, who is a loyal allianceman and a stanch democrat, will make the fight he has always made against politics entering into the meetings of the alliance. "I have," said Dr. Nelms yesterday, "been the breakwater for the democracy in these The Relative Strength.

"I have," said Dr. Nelms yesterday, "been the breakwater for the democracy in these meetings and I have thrown those third party fellows out of the creek every time. I am going to protest against any endorsement of the third party with all my might tomorrow. Politics have no business in our meetings. It will be the liveliest meeting we have ever had, that meeting tomorrow." By his strong pleading Dr. Nelss kept the alliance from endorsing the St. Louis platform three months ago. He may save it from such action today.

An old-fashioned barbecue will be served at noon and all factions will unite in enjoying it. It is expected that an effort will be made to endorse Mr. Sam Taliaferro for congress, and Mr. D. M. Vining as a candidate for state senator from the thirty-fifth district.

The meeting will be a lively one—ex-

ham's Pills are faithful friends.

Office Georgia Ice Company, Atlanta, Ga., aly I, 1892.—To the Public and Patrons Georgia Ice Company: H. M. Hanye has been pointed superintendent of my plant in this y and is authorized to collect and adjust outstanding claims due me. 2t JOHN M. BEATH, Proprietor.

THE SWAMP FOX'S WORK-

Detective Jones Agrests a Half Dosen No gross Who Are Charged with Arson. Bill Jones, the "Swamp Fox," got back from South Carolina Monday where he worked a puzzling case most successfully. The case which the original detective put through so successfully was an arson case, and is one of the most troublesome with which the shrewd officer ever contended.

For over two years disastrous fires have occured near Union, S. C., and everything pointed to an incendiary origin in each case.

Last February some property belonging to Mr. J. C. Richardson, a wealthy citizen, agregating in value over thirty thousand dolars, was destroyed by fire. It was unmistakably the work of an incendiary. Mr. Richardson at once secured the services of Detective Bill Jones, of this city, to work up the case. The latter, with five assistants, went to the place at once, and since that time up to last Saturday, they have worked untiringly to ferret out the mystery. Last Saturday they arrested six negroes whom they charged with the burnings. Every one of the negroes confessed, and said they were members of an organized band, whose object was to burn the property of white residents and that they had been at work over two years. In that time over two hundred and fifty thousand dollars worth of property had been destroyed. The five negroes were lodged in Union jail. The day following the capture a negro went to the jail to see the prisoners. He carried a small hand satched, and when it was searched it was found to contain nine big pistols, all loaded, besides several rounds of cartridges. The negroe was arrested and put in jail, and was afterwards identified as one of the incendiary band.

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The pleasant effect and perfect safety
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The Pullman Special to Denver to Accommodate the Knights Templar and Their Friends.

The Knights Templar Pullman special and official train will leave Atlanta August 4th via E. T. V. and G. railway at 1 o'clock p.m., routed via Memphis and Charleston to Memphis, Missouri Pacific to Kanasa City, Union Pacific to Colorado Springs, Manitou Springs, Garden of the Gods, to Denver, Sleepers from Augusta. Savannah, Americus and Macon will arrive at Atlanta on the morning of the 4th. These with the two sleepers from Atlanta and one from Rome will compose the special. There is an organized movement in each town mentioned to perfect arrangements for the trip.

Those not connected with the fraternity and desire to take the trip should confer with Knights Templar in cities mentioned or address W. H. Doll, traveling passenger agent feast Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway.

H. J. Fear, Accountant.

Books and accounts examined, checked up and posted; statements and trial balances prepared; partnership and other settlements made. Office 61-2 North Broad street, Atlanta. Ga.

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Positively cure Sick-headache. 40 to the bottle. Price 25c. Reliable, Econom-ical. Sold by druggists. july7-d mon tues wed fri sat N R M

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The poet Tennyson can take a worthless sheet of paper, and, by writing a poem on it, make it worth \$65,000. That's

A cup of Hoyt's Rijamo Coffee for breakfast will make a man feel better all day. That's facts.

Vanderbilt can write a few words sheet of paper and make it worth \$5,000, 000. That's capital.

Hoyt's Regal Patent Flour never fails o make good, pure, light, wholesome bread. That's quality. The mechanic can take material worth

75 cents and make it into a watch worth \$100. That's skill. Every one who tries Hoyt's fine Jersey Butter pronounces it the purest and finest

they ever tried. That's good judgment. The United States can take an ounce and a quarter of gold, and stamp upon it an "eagle bird," and make it worth \$20.

Connoisseurs pronounce our Talo Tea the est ever brought to Atlahta. That's good The ditch digger works ten hours a day and shovels three or four tons of earth for

\$2. That's labor. The housekeeper comes straight to Hoyt's store for what she wants, and finds it, of the best quality and at the lowest price That's wisdom.



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3 Whitehall St. Atlanta Piano Co. Plant

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

By virtue of an order from Fulton superior court, I will receive bids until the 1st of August, 1892, for the following described property, separate bids for reality and personalty, and also bids for the property as a whole, being invited.

The realty fronts 200 feet on right of way of Georgia railrond, extending back 250 feet, along west side of Borne street, and is most eligibly located for manufacturing and includes a fine three-story brick building, with engine and boiler house and dry klin. The factory is fully equipped with modern machinery and appliances for making pianos in every part except action and keys, and has a capacity of at least twenty pianos per week. It is in condition to start at any time, and put finished pianos on the market, there being about 190 of unfinished pianos in different stages, of construction, and much material on hand. The pianos made have a good reputation, and when the factory was in operation the demand was greater than the output. Most of the material for the pianos is produced in this section. The property as it stands has cost about \$60,000 and with a sufficient commercial capital could be made to earn handsome dividends on \$100,000. The right of rejecting apy and all bids is reserved. An inspection of the property is invited, and full details will be given on application. Address

Let a sufficient commercial capital could be made to earn handsome dividends on \$100,000. The right of rejecting apy and all bids is reserved. An inspection of the property is invited, and full details will be given on application. Address

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Let a sufficient commercial capital could be made to earn handsome dividends on \$100,000. The right of rejecting apy and all bids is reserved. An inspection of the property is invited, and full details will be

ing shown b, Old Ootton Mart.

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Attorney and Counsellor at law—Will practice in all the courts. Commercial, corporation
and insurance law. Prompt attention given
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street, Atlanta. Ga. JAMES E. HINES THOS. B. FELDER, JR. (Late Judge Sup. Court Mid Circuit.)
HINES & FELDER, Room 83, Fitten Building. aug/1-1) THOMAS J. LEPTWICH, Lawyer, 43 Gate City Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga. HUGH V. WASHINGTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, MACON, GA.
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PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.
13 Porest Avenue.

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We don't see our way clear to handling our stock of clothing any longer. It must be cleared out. Must is an imperative word, but there is no way of evading it. Necessity knows no law and our emergency is

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CLOTHES

It is customary nowadays for gentlemen to have their CLOTH ING made to order.

I am well prepared to do your work in first-class style at

MODERATE PRICES. In fact, for the next few weeks

COST. This is done to reduce my summer stock. Call and see me.

THE CLOTHIER,

No. 3 East Alabama St.

Skin. WILL CONTINUE. third particave a few very fine H. & Co.

dec. Third Partyner Sets that will be closed 162. July week. They must closed Ga. July week. They must be sold at some price, and the highest bid gets them. The wis an auction sale carried on in a private way, and the people will do well to visit our store this week, for we are going to give some big bargains in fine Dinner Sets, fine Chamber Sets, fine Tin Sets, Library Lamps, Stand Lamps, Hall Lamps, Feather Dusters, Tinware, Hearth Brushes, Shoe Brushes, Counter Brushes, Baskets of all kinds and sizes, Bird Cages, Blue Steel Ware, fancy Cups and Saucers, fancy Mugs, etc.

The biggest line of Glass Pitch ers, China Pitchers, English Granite Pitchers, C. C. Pitchers, White China Pitchers, Flemish Pitchers, Royal Flemish Pitchers. These Pitchers are going to be sold this week at some price, so come and

Toys, but we have a large lot on hand and the court says they must be sold, so you may get just what you want in this line at your own

Our wholesale line is not as com-

plete as it might be, but the merchants would do well to call and see

our stock, as we are determined to close out this line this week. H. F. GOLIGHTLY.



After the 4th Every thing Goes Down.

Our competitors acknowledge they cannot meet our reduced prices. Glance at the fol-lowing men's, Boys' and children's suits re-duced 1-3 of former prices. Men's, Boys and Children pants reduced 1-3 of former price. Shirts, extra pants and everything we have reduced 1-3 of former prices.

J. A. ANDERSON CLOTHING CO. No. 41 Whitehall Street.

In effect Sunday May 29th, 1892. RAILROAD SCHEDULES Showing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City-Central Time. ARRIVE. DEPART.

SEABOARD AIR-LINE. (GEORGIA, CAROLINA AND NORTHERN DIVISION) CENTRAL BAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILEO I will sell the choicest Suitings at

From Cincinnati... 8 06 am 70 Jacksonwills... 6 35 am 70 Dacksonwills... 6 35 am 70 Cincinnati...... 1 00 pm 70 m Cincinnati...... 1 00 pm 70 m Cincinnati...... 1 00 pm 70 m Cincinnati..... 1 00 pm 70 m Brunswick... 8 10 pm 70 Cincinnati...... 1 05 pm 70 m Brunswick... 8 10 pm 70 Cincinnati...... 1 05 pm 70 m Brunswick... 8 10 pm 70 Cincinnati...... 1 05 pm 70 m Brunswick... 8 10 pm 70 Cincinnati...... 1 05 pm 70 m Brunswick... 8 10 pm 70 Cincinnati...... 1 05 pm 70 m Brunswick... 8 10 pm 70 Cincinnati...... 1 05 pm 70 m Brunswick... 1 05 pm 70 m Brunswick..

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORE
ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILBOAD CO.
the most direct line and best route to Monigonery
Rew Orleans, Texas and the Southwest.
The tollowing schedule in effect May 13, 1893

NORTH BOUND DAIL No. 51 No. 51 No.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 96.

NORTHBOUND.

| No. 18. | Daily. | Easters Time. | No. 43. | Daily. | Daily. | Except Atlanta. | Daily. | Daily. | Daily. | T 35 am | Prks's n.City T's. | T 14 pm | 15 am | 17 am | 17 am | 18 am | 18 am | 19 am |

Receiver.

HE GROWING CROPS

Rifects of the Heavy Rains in the

CRO IN NORTH CAROLINA AND ALABAMA

Mili Taking on Fruit—Too Much n for Corn—The Fruit Orops Greatly Injured.

T. M. Sherier, observer of the her bureau for Georgia, reports: a wet weather of the past two weeks greatly retarded all kinds of farm

rains, which have covered the entire There has also been a deficiency in

rahis have been much heavier in the rin counties than in other portions, core damage has been done to crops in localities than elsewhere.

The remarks in the northwest and north-

les have had no chance to work set counties have had no chance to work set crops for about two weeks. Cotton is been badly damaged by the continuous ins, and is turning yellow in places. In her portions of these sections it has a say rank growth, and is dropping its rms. Corn is badly damaged on the low-nds by floods, and on the uplands by the il being badly washed. Much of the low-nd group has been abandoned. The work crop has been abandoned. The work ying by has been stopped completely on of laying by has been stopped completely on account of the wet soil. Wheat, oats and ree left in the fields in shocks are rotting and sprouting. Peaches are badly damaged, and the grape crop will be short.

Much more encouraging reports are received from the central tier of counties. Cotton is damaged somewhat on sandy soil, but in most places it is growing rapidly and

on fruit. There is a great deal of the stalks, however, and a number mers seem to think that a hot sun cause it to shed badly. On clay nds it is making powerful headway and niting well, but the greater portion of the is quite grassy. There is also a great of grass in corn, but, as this crop nearly all laid by, especially the upland a of it, before the wet weather set in, cause but little damage. Some reorters state that the corn prospects are he best in years. There is a fairly good trop of fruit in these sections, but it is niured somewhat and falling off from the rees in places. The shipment of grapes vill probably begin next week, and a fairly l yield is expected, though some rotting

otatoes are very good, and improving dly. Melons are ripening fairly well. y are perhaps slightly injured in some but are very promising in others is an excellent crop of hay. All crops, such as peas and vegetables, a flourishing condition

has, perhaps, been less damage ansed in the southern portion of the state and in any other, and the only crops that seem to have suffered to any extent are often and tobacco. The damage to the r has been very slight, and, should rable weather begin at once, it would carcely perceptible. Cotton has been to some extent; in places it is in its forms, and the crop is quite In every portion of the state it is g for the want of heat and sunshine.

places, and even the average at places, and even the worst reports indicate that there is no great short-tia all leid by, and is growing well. He crop in this section, as in both hers, is rather irregular. The pears, others, is rather irregular. The pear ment has begun in earnest, and at a points the crop is very fine, while at the it will not exceed two-thirds of the age. There is a full crop of apples at a places, but at others it will not equal of last year. Not many reports are tyed as to cane, but these few show it be doing very well. Potatoes are very d, and peas are growing splendidly. damaged in places, is flourishing in others. It is now being cut in some localities, and, with a few days of sunshine, it will be as

as can be expected. Reports from Correspondent s.

das can be expected.

acted Reports from Correspondents.

hattooga—Lat corn and cotton will be laged by grass as there is no chence to a on account of wet soil. The fowlands under water and nothing it doing well. Let and oats in the the are spoiling. The fowlands in the first are spoiling. The fowlands and the area on the graph of the area on the graph of the area on the first portion of the crop which has not a laid by is in a bad condition. No farm is has been done during the past week. Inton—The past week has been a very wet. There has been a little too much fain cloudy weather for catton. Early corn is ut all laid by.

abersham—Crops badly damaged by the tinued heavy rains. Wheat, oats and ryely damaged in the shocks. Growing crops wind out on lowlands. Been too much rain during week. Some things are suffering, but as a the crops of this county are very fine.

alton—Grass has obtained good headway, lowland cotton has been ruined by heavy is, but upland corn is looking very well. The plant of the past few is very apparent. Corn is good, and cotton has been ruined by heavy is, but upland corn is looking very well. The plant potted in places, is doing well. He—We have had a great deal of rain during the past seven days. Corn and potatoes all laid by, but it is too wet to lay by cot-Truit looking promisingly well. Potafoes in fine condition. Gardens are also lookwell.

arton—Crops are very grassy. Fruit rot-

I crops are in good condition early all laid by. It is feared ill be injured by the cool and Melons ripening, but not eas and potatoes promising. halle the rains have not been any they have been very freing corn has grown considerably, atted to grow very freel. All

g well.

Liberty—Rains of the past week have done
rn and rice much good and both crops are
out laid by. The Le Conte past crop is bershipped and there will be about two-thirds
an average yield. There is no cotton

here.
Wayno—There has been plenty of rain. Crops look well and they are being rapidly laid by. The prospects are very good. Fruit is not so plentiful as last year.
Plerce—We have had rather too much rain which has caused cotton to drop its forms to some extent. Corn, cane and potatoes are doing well.

The Week in North Carolina.
Raleigh, N. C., July 12.—(Special.)—The reports of correspondents of the weekly weather crop bulletin issued by the North

reports of correspondents of the weekly weather crop bulletin issued by the North Carolina state weather service for the week ending Monday, July 11, 1892, show that the past week has been a very unfavorable one. The temperature was unusually low for this season of the year, averaging nearly ten degrees below the normal. The highest temperature was 86 degrees, the lowest during the week, 52 degrees, at Weldon. The rainfall was considerably above the average, keeping the soil continually soaked and preventing the cultivation of crops. A fair amount of sunshine prevalled during Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Eastern District.—With very few exceptions, there is complaint of entirely too much rain and cool nights. This has been especially injurious to cotton, and all crops have been damaged to some extent. The last day or two brought better weather and permitted work to be resumed in some localities. The best reports come from the Wilmington section, while those from Edenton and vicinity are most discouraging. Total rainfall for the week reported: Wilmington, 0.61 inches; Southport, 0.93; Lewiston, 4.85; Weldon, 2.86; Goldsboro, 1.68; Newbern, 1.52, and Lumberton, 143. Central District.—Rainfall somewhat above the normal, which combined with the unusual spell of cool weather, has caused considerable damage to most crops. Outlook more discouraging than at any time during the year. Crops not receiving proper attention on account of impossibility of working in the fields. Wheat and tobacco much damaged. Cotton growing too weedy. Rains reported: Saxon, 2.17 inches: Douglas, 1.10; Lexington, 1.10; Smithfield, 1.25; Auburn, 1.11; Greensboro, 0.76; Oak Ridge, 0.61; Chapel Hill, 1.74; Raleigh, 1.35.

Western District.—The past week was one of the coolest ever experienced during one of the coolest ever experienced during

Western District.-The past week was Western District.—The past week was one of the coolest ever experienced during July in this section. The rainfall has been excessive, keeping the soil soaked, making farm work impossible, and causing much damage to crops. Lowland cotton and corn suffering most. Cotton growing too weedy. Wheat and oats damaged in shocks. Upland crops continue to be in good condition. A week or so of favorable weather will brighten the outlook. Rains reported: Davidson, 2.40 inches; Mount Pleasant, 2.24; Statesville, 2.07; Edneyville, 2.80; Dallas, 1.83; Salisbury, 1.75; Charlotte, 3.27.

shocks. Upland crops continue to be in good condition. A week or so of favorable weather will brighten the outlook. Rains reported: Davidson, 2.40 inches; Mount Pleasant, 2.24; Statesville, 2.07; Ednerville, 2.80; Dallas, 1.83; Salisbury, 1.75; Charlotte, 3.27.

Auburn, Ala., July 12.—(Special.)—The mean temperature for the week ending July 12th was below the normal about 4 degrees. This week has been mostly cloudy over the entire state, with very little sunshine. A large amount of rain has fallen and at the present writing there is no indication of clearing weather. The total precipitation is several inches above the normal. The streams in all portions of Alabama are flooded, and the Warrior river at Tusculosa is over the forty-foot mark. The barometer has been standing near, 30 inches during the progress of this storm, indicating that the state of Alabama has been occupying an intermediate position between the high and low pressures. The observer at Livingston, Captain Wright, says: "The rainfall for the week in this part of Alabama is 0.87 of an inch more than our normal for July, which is 4.44 inches." "Out of twenty-four days," says Mr. Garrett, at Mount Willing, "rain has fallen on seventeen. During this period 11.07 inches have fallen, and within the past seven days as much as 4.90 inches." There is much uneasiness among the farmers throughout the state concerning the course of the large streams in all parts of the state the crops for fear the injury will be very great. In sections of the western and southwestern portions of Alabama is cotton and corn have been entirely washed away by the heavy rains, and along the course of the large streams in all parts of the state the crops in bottom lands are entirely covered with water. In the more hilly sections the continued rains have made great progress among the course of the large streams in all parts of the state the crops in bottom lands are entirely covered with water. In the more hilly sections the continued rains have been done to railroad property, part

badly. Serious damage has been done to railroad property, particularly in the neigh-borhood of large streams, and trains have been delayed and the traveling public great-

Carnesville, Ga., July 12.—(Special.)—
T. W. Neal sowed last fall one and a half bushels of bearded wheat in the corporate limits of the town of Carnesville on an acre of fair upland, with a liberal supply of fertilizers, and it made him thirty bushels of good, sound wheat. This shows what good land and intelligent cultivation will do on the red hills of northeast Georgia. It has been raining here for about two weeks past and considerable damage has been done to crops on lowlands, and at best there can't be but a small crop made on the lowlands.

The Streams All Swellen.

The Streams All Swollen The continued heavy rains for the past ten days have done much damage to crops and land. The water courses are swollen so that we have had no mail for three days, and we are, consequently, behind the current events of the day.

Wake Up.

Yes, wake up to the danger which threatens you if your kidneys and bladder are inactive or weak. Don't you know that if you fail to impel them to action, Bright's disease or diabetes awaits you? Use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters without delay. It has a most beneficial effect upon the kidneys when sluggish, and upon the bowels, liver, stomach and nervous system.

To be free from sick headache, biliousness constipation, etc., use Carter's Little Liver Pills. Strictly vegetable. They gently stim ulate the liver and free the stomach from bile

Manchester's Free Barbecue.

Go to Manchester on next Tuesday, the 19th instant, enjoy the big barbecue, witness the laying of the corner stone of the one-hundred-thousand-dollar college building, and select your lot to be paid for on easy terms. Then build on it, and have a delightful home in the best residence community in the state. Only twenty minutes' ride from Atlanta on the Manchester accommodation train, which is now running regular schedules. Twenty-five cents for the round trip, but to residents of Manchester only five cents each way. For further information, apply to The Manchester Investment Co., 34 1-2 Wall street, opposite main entrance to the car shed. in entrance to the car shed

Main entrance to the car shed.

Niagara Falls Excursion, July 28th.

The C. H. and D., whose magnificent excursions to Niagara Falls, Toronto and the Thousand islands are always the banner excursions of the summer season, will run another from Cincinnati, Thursday, July 28th. The excursion will go via Detroit and the Michigan Central, "the Niagara Falls Route." The rates from Cincinnati to Niagara Falls and return will be \$5, and from Dayton \$4.50. Toronto and return will be a dollar higher, and to Thousand islands and return \$5 higher, Tickets will be good for five days from Niagara Falls and ten days from Thousand islands. For further particulars call on your local agent or address any C. H. and D. agent, or E. O. McCormick, general passenger and ticket agent, Cincinnati, O. July 2 to July 20.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria me Miss, she clung to Cast

CHAUTAUQUA.

One of the Greatest Enterprises of the Present Era.

BROKEN AT MANCHESTER

For What Promises to Be the Most Bril liant College Chautauqua in the South.
The Manchester "Hourly" On.

The state of Louisiana is just closing

glorious chautauqua at Ruston, in the northern hills. The Kentucky State Chautauqua has just concluded in a blaze of intellectual

glory at Lexington.

The great auditoriums of each of thes popular summer schools have been taxed to their utmost capacity to seat the vast crowds which the interest in the brilliant programme excited. In Lexington, par-ticularly, the last week of the chautauqua was attended morning, afternoon and even-

housand people, and enthusiasm was un-ounded. All of which goes to show that the chautauqua idea is taking a mighty hold upon the masses of the people and that wherever conditions of accessibility and convenience exist as adjuncts to a good programme the patronage of such institutions in

ing by audiences ranging from three to five

patronage of such institutions in populous centers will be ample and inspiring. It is so in Louisiana under con-ditions less favorable than we have any-

ditions less favorable than we have anywhere in Georgia. It is so in Kentucky. It is so all over Florida, and there is no reason why a chautauqua well conducted should not be grandly sustained in this populous and energetic and aspiring people who live in and around Atlanta.

At least this is the way the Manchester people are looking at that great question, and this is the resolute faith that stands behind the shovel and trowel brigade who are working like beavers upon the foundation of that big new building which was just begun last week for the famous male military and classical college of which so much has been said.

The plan, as is generally known, has been to link together these two institutions—building a spacious college building capable of accommodating some three hundred students, with halls and recitation rooms and domitories, and then making adjunct to this, a magnificent auditorium, amphitheater and two long rows of dainty cottages fronting each other, for the summer chautauqua assembly.

This union of a chautauqua institute

coming summer and the brilliant programme will be announced in the spring.

Meanwhile the hourly train to Manchester is now running over the Atlanta and West Point railroad, and the groves and avenues of that lovely suburb are daily visited by scores of people who are picking out their lovely half acres for residences.

Three things to remember: Hood's Saran

Three things to remember: Hood's Sarsa-parilla has the most MERIT, has won un-equalled SUCCESS, accomplishes the greatest CURES. Is it not the medicine for you?

Tourist Trips.
Round trips to the Pacific coast.
Short trips to the mountain resorts of Col-The Great Salt lake.

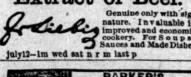
Yellowstone National park—the most won-derful spot on this continent. Paget Sound, the Mediterranean of the Pa-All reached via the Union Pacific system For detailed information call on your near-est ticket agent or address James F. Agiar, General agent, 218 North Found street, St. july 5-3w wed su

Dr. W. M. Durham. 77 1-2 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga., whose fame is national as a physician, successfully treats all character of chronic diseases, of whatever complications. july 10-6m—sun wed

A Famous French Chef

once wrote: "The very soul of cooking is the stock-pot, and the

finest stock-pot is Liebig Company's Extract of Beef."









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Because it's always pure, always the same, always the best. Such a record tells more than pages of "talk." It's just as good to-day For You as ever and it is the tobacco for you. If you smoke, you should smoke

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s known all through MEXICO as well as the CENTRAL and SOUTH AMERICAN STATES as the "LAGLE BRAND," and selis at \$1.00 per bottle. All their brands are nade of THE FINEST BARLEY MALT and ARE FREE FROM CORN or corn preparation april17-dly sun wed no2 n r m

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Goods you want right away. The styles will tempt you. The prices will urge you. Light Coats and Vests Men's Suits,

Fancy Vests, Negligee Shirts. ALL KINDS, Boy's Suits, Extra Pants, ALL SIZES.

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MACHINERY AND TOOLS, Plumbers', Steam and Gas Fitters' Supplies, BELTING, HOSE AND PACKING.

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CINCINNATI,

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sts

Has on hand and to arrive 100 gross fruit jars such as Mason's metal top, Mason's improved, Glassboro improved, Woodbury and Millville. Pints, quarts and half gallons; also extra rubbers and fixtures for all the above, jars. 50 barrels jelly tumblers, 1-3 and 1-2 pints; 1,000 pounds fresh turnip seeds, assorted; field and garden seeds of all kinds in their proper seasons. Also boots and shoes; hardware, hollowware, leather and harness and other large varieties of other goods too numerous to mention here.

P. L. keeps his usual amount and large and varied stock of fine wines and liquors at his 05 Whitehall street store. Terms cash.

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Seems as if there's more than one side to an iceberg. Ask your iceman as he swings in your chunk of ice. He'll tell you his is as hot a job as summer brings. The steam of the ice boils him.

You've been envying him as you saw the crystal ice bank at his back, haven't you? Don't do it again. An hour of experience and you'd pity him.

Not the ice house, not the underground cave, not getting down a well, but Thin Clothing is the prescription of civilization for hot weather. Nature endorses it.

THREE GRAND REDUCTIONS.

A line of Suits at \$9.90. A line of Suits at \$11.90. A line of Suits at \$12.90.

A line of Suits at \$14,90.

No man need care for better Clothing than the styles included in the above items. Just as you would have it. Weights to fit any weather, and a huge lump of the original prices is off. For desk work, for rambling, for society or for running about. Handsome and good and gems for all tastes.

Seventy-five cents count in this department for as much as dollars used to do---as they do now in other stores. Every sort of Child's Suit awaits you here. Better get a big bundle of them and be equipped for emergencies. Your choice throughout the store will be were produced as and of the store will be were produced as and of the store will be were produced as and of the store will be were produced as and of the store will be were produced as a store will be the store will be wrapped up and 25 per cent discount allowed on every sale.

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For one week only-20 per cent off. That's word enough.

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